The Bee.

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IN THE BEE TO-DAY.

WEATHER.

Ohio forecast—Warmer, fair weather; southerly winds.

Lower Michigan — Fair weather and warmer, followed by showers and cooler; westerly winds.

Local indications for the next 24 hours from 3 p. m.—Clear and warmer, followed by warm rain to-morrow; variable winds.

LOCAL.

The gas trustees' meeting.
Toledo girl at the People's.
The democratic Central club.
The councilmen's weekly work.
Permits for some fine buildings.
Arrests for the month of August.
A little circus on Canton avenue.
Interesting batch of railroad news.
Changes by the board of education.
The life of a street railway ordinance.
Patrolmen's reports as to Sunday violations of law.

UNITED STATES.

Seal reports.
Seaside hotels fail.
Raiding moonshiners.
The Hartford butchery.
The Gorman campaign.
The bones of Columbus.
Watts' murderer indicted.
The American hog's future.
An ocean captain with nerve.
Fatal railroad wreck in Indiana.
Shipwrecked crew picked up at sea.
Romance of a Philadelphia almshouse.
More senators on the alliance blacklist.
Gold coming back to the United States.
More of murderer Almy's deeds known.
A big leak in a steamship company's affairs.
Bicycles recommended for use in the army.
Blaine and Hovey the Indiana combination.
State bill to pension confederated soldiers.
Train robbers make a successful haul in the west.
Important insurance case before the supreme court.
Wood county democrats in session at North Baltimore.
Harrison does not propose to be downed by his own party.
Rumored resignation of Civil Service Commissioner Roosevelt.
Senator Sherman's Paulding speech criticized by the silver men.
Michigan woman who was tarred and feathered will sue for damages.

FOREIGN.

Crops of Europe.
Affairs of the pope.
Gold in Mashonoland.
Jews not wanted in Brazil.
The agitationin Bohemia.
Mexico wants reciprocity.
The probable president of Chili.
The sultan bends his knee to the czar.
Talk of a revolt against President Diaz.

CONSTANTLY

Adding new goods. Our purchases of Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry during this month has exceeded any purchases of any previous years in the same month, consequently we are able to show the very latest novelties, and will make prices as low as high grade goods can be sold.

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ON THE LAKE OF LUCERNE—Beatrice Whitby	50
TALES OF TWO COUNTRIES—Alexander Kielland	1 00

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DRAPER & NUGENT.

WANT HIS BLOOD,

An Angry Mob Hunting for the Despot.

He Would Be Made Short Work of if Found.

His Houses Burned by the Marauders.

Order Brought Out of Chaos With Difficulty.

The Latest News from the Country Which Has Been Badly Crippled by a Fierce Internal War of Many Months.

Valparaiso, Chili, via Galveston, Sept. 1.—The Chanaral regiment of the congressional army took formal possession of Santiago Sunday night, and practically the last act in the bloody drama of revolution which has torn Chili to pieces for the past seven months is closed.

As soon as the news reached Santiago of the overwhelming defeat of the government troops on the heights of Placilla and the fall of Valparaiso, and the people knew that Balmaceda's power was gone and they had nothing to fear from his wrath, their enmity to his government broke forth.

The cry was raised that the president should be killed and a mob started for his house. It grew in numbers and fury as it went through the streets and by the time it reached the executive mansion was ripe for any bloody deed. Short shrift would have been allowed to the president had he been caught. He knew that he would have little chance for his life if he remained in Santiago and at the first receipt of the news of his overwhelming defeat he hid himself and the bloodthirsty fury of the mob was balked.

Then the mob's desire for revenge found vent in application of the torch. Soon Balmaceda's house was aflame. Before it had been destroyed the mob marched off to the house of Senor Goday, the ex-minister of the interior and an ardent Balmacedist and set fire to his house.

Then the residence of Balmaceda's mother; General Barbosa, who was killed at the battle of Placilla; Senors McKenna and Eastman, the government newspaper offices and the houses of several prominent officials were burned to the ground.

The city was panic-stricken, business was suspended and people, outside of the mob, kept close to their houses.

The sky was lurid with light from the burning buildings. The police, the fire department and the army was demoralized and made not the semblance of an attempt to maintain order.

Balmaceda, when he heard of the fall of Valparaiso sent for General Baquedano, commander of the government troops in Santiago, to meet him at Moneda. This Baquedano declined to do, but suggested that the meeting be held in the house of General Velasquez. A council of war was held at Velqasquez' house at which President Balmaceda, the Generals and other leading Balmacedists were present. The situation was thoroughly canvassed and it was decided that a further continuation of the struggle was hopeless, and that the surrender of the capital was the only proper course. Baquedano was given charge of the city, and was authorized to arrange the terms of the surrender with the congressionalists.

Word was at once sent to General Canto that all the troops in Santiago had declared their adhesion to the congressional party and that Santiago was at his disposal. This dispatch was supplemented by a letter from Baquedano, which came by special train and in care of a committee of leading citizens of Santiago. Senor Don Jorge Montt, who is in charge of affairs in the south, ordered that the Chanaral regiment proceed at once to Santiago, where they are to assist the forces of General Baquedano in keeping order and also to prepare barracks for 2,000 additional troops, which will follow them as soon as practicable.

COL. HOLLEY, INSURGENT'S MINISTER OF WAR.

Accompanying the troops which went to Santiago was Senor Altimirano, who will act for the present as intendente of the capital.

From those who came in on the special train from Santiago it was learned that that city is in a terrible state. In addition to the destruction by the mob the city is threatened by an eruption of all the desperate characters, robbers and outlaws in the surrounding country.

The firemen have their hands full in fighting the numerous incendiary fires. Gen. Baquedano has posted the imperial regiment in a cordon about the city to prevent the robbers and other dangerous people from coming into the capital and adding to the confusion.

He is doing everything in his power to prevent disorder, but his task is almost hopeless. It is probable that the arrival of Senor Altimerano and the Chanaral regiment will be of great assistance to him.

Nobody outside of the troops and officials was allowed on the trains. A new chief of police for Santiago and a new administrator of the railroad has been appointed.

There are all sorts of rumors about the movements of President Balmaceda. It was said that he was making his way overland to the Atlantic coast. Another statement was that he had gone to Coquimbo, where the Almirante Condell and the Imperiale were waiting for him.

Comparative order has at last been restored in this city. It took drastic measures to do it. Rioters who were caught in the work were summarily dealt with and many of them were shot out of hand.

These prompt measures have cooled the ardor of the law breakers at last, but rioting was not stopped till property estimated to be worth $1,800,000 had been destroyed. Senor Joaquin Walker Martinez, brother of Carlos Walker-Martinez, is the intendente pro tem. at this place.

Many acts of violence have been perpetrated here by government officials since last January and every warship in the bay has its quota of refugees.

This gave rise to dissatisfaction on the part of the congressionalist leaders. The feeling was particularly bitter against Americans, for Admiral Brown had given asylum to many unpopular officials on board the San Francisco and Baltimore.

Admiral Brown had a long consultation with the leaders of the Junta, and his explanations have had the effect of putting an end to the irritation against America.

The Junta are exceedingly anxious to secure recognition from the United States government, and are now hopeful it will be accorded them.

Numerous arrests of government officials have been made. The insurgents show a moderate disposition, however, and there have been none of those bloody butcheries which usually characterize the success of the South American revolution. The leaders say that every man against whom charges are made will have a full and fair hearing before the proper civil authorities when order is fully restored.

It has been ascertained that 800,000 pesos in silver was shipped on the British sloop-of-war Espiegle. It was sent by rail from Santiago to Talcahuano and was taken aboard the Espiegle at that port. The senior British naval officer here is making every effort to communicate with the captain of the Espiegle with a view to detaining the bullion, if possible. It is supposed that Balmaceda intended to use this money to make payments on account of the new cruisers Presidente Errazuriz and Presidente Pinto.

The Next Chilian President.

London, Sept. 1.—It is reported here on the strength of statements made by the congressional agents in Paris and London that Don Augustin Edwards will be the next president of Chili.

He is one of the wealthiest, if not the wealthiest of Chilians, and in the early period of the insurrection he supplied funds lavishly for the support of the revolutionary cause. He has many friends in the higher class in England and on the Continent and is largely interested in the nitrate trade.

He has a splendid farm in Chili, which, up to the time of the war, was stocked with the best blooded cattle that money could obtain in Europe. These cattle during the war were slaughtered for food for Balmaceda's troops, and the property of Edwards, both in the city and country was laid waste. He narrowly escaped with his own life.

The congressionalists have always looked to him as their leading representative,

BALMACEDA, THE HUNTED CHILIAN PRESIDENT

although he has not taken an active personal part in naval or military affairs. The active head of the revolution has been George Montt, who, with Silva and Barros Luco, formed the governing junta.

It is said that Montt is in favor of Edwards for president. The congressionalists have, within a few days, brought strong pressure to bear on the British foreign office to secure British influence against the transfer to Balmaceda of the silver shipped from Valparaiso in a British war vessel. There is very little likelihood that the treasure will be turned over to Balmaceda.

BALMACEDA ON THE OCEAN.

Believed That He Has Escaped on One of His Ships.

New York, Sept. 1.—A special from Valparaiso to the World, dated August 31, says:

Balmaceda is supposed to have been endeavoring to escape from San Antonia in the Almirante Condell, which was seen off that port this morning.

The Esmeralda and Aconcagua have gone out to intercept the Condell. It is supposed that Balmaceda's intention is to meet the Imperiali at Talcupuano, and escape to Montevideo.

All the hospitals here are full of wounded, and private houses are being used temporarily. It is estimated that there are 4,000 wounded now in the city.

The property of the Balmacedists will be confiscated to pay off the paper issue of the dictator. The banks have been temporarily closed for the inspection of their books, in order to ascertain the amounts to the credit of Balmaceda and his satellites.

The city is quiet. The merciless slaughter of rioters and incendiaries has effectually suppressed all disturbances.

Although the congressionalist forces are awakened by the departure of the troops sent to Santiago to restore order there, and under Col. Canto to take formal possession of the capital, the citizens' guard and the American, British, German and French marines remain on duty, and there is little likelihood that the peace of Valparaiso will be again broken.

No foreigners were hurt or killed in the riots.

The congressionalists are determined to repress all treasonable utterances by word and in writing. They have made an example of Leon Lavin, the editor of the Balmacedan newspaper, the Journal Ao Comercio. He was shot yesterday for issuing seditious pamphlets, and his fate will be that of any partisan of the lost cause who seeks to inflame the popular mind against the victors.

The explanation of the riots at Santiago is that when Balmaceda delivered the capital to Baquedano, who was charged with handing it over to the congressionalists, there were not sufficient troops in it to maintain order.

The populace, enraged by the severity of Balmaceda's rule, under which they had chafed, abused the liberty which came to them with the change of power. The mob let loose all its pent up fury. It would have gone hard with Balmaceda if he had fallen into the hands of the rioters. His house was burned and sacked, as also were the houses of his partisans, and the railroad station was wrecked.

TO PENSION CONFEDERATES.

A New Bill Introduced in the Georgia House.

Indigent Soldiers Who Fought on Southern Side Will Not be Allowed to Die in the Poor House.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 1.—The force of public opinion is having its effect on the Georgia legislators who voted against furnishing a home to such needy confederates as are now in the poor houses. The opponents of the measure have held a conference, the result of which was the introduction yesterday of a bill pensioning all indigent confederates. One hundred dollars a year is the amount fixed for each pensioner. The bill will undoubtedly pass.

The lobster is greatly in dread of thunder, and when the peals are very loud numbers of them drop their claws and swim away for deeper water. Any great fright may also induce them to drop their claws. But new claws begin at once to grow, and in a short time are as large as the old ones, and covered with hard shells. The lobster often drops its shell, when it hides until the new shell is hard enough to protect it.

SULTAN ON HIS KNEES.

The Dardanelles Free to Russian Ships.

The Czar Scores a Victory Over the Turks.

An Indemnity Will be Paid for the Detention of the Boats Bound to Valparaiso With Supplies.

London, Sept. 1.—The information telegraphed to the Standard, of this city, from Constantinople to the effect that the Porte had yielded to Russia's demands respecting the Dardanelles would seem to be founded on fact.

The question at issue between Russia and the Porte referred to the detention at intervals recently of Russian volunteer fleet steamships bound for Vladivostock, the eastern terminus of the trans-Siberian railroad on the Sea of Japan.

The most recent case was the detention of the steamer Moscow of the Russian volunteer fleet.

Russia claimed that though these ships were armed they were outside the category of war ships, which are debarred by the treaty of 1841, and confirmed at London in 1871 and at Berlin in 1878, from passing through the Dardanelles.

The treaty referred to was concluded between the five great powers and Turkey, and provides that no ship of war belonging to any nation save Turkey shall pass the Dardanelles without the express consent of Turkey, all merchant ships being also required to show their papers to the Ottoman authorities.

Russia, besides, claimed that these vessels of the volunteer fleet were not war ships in the proper sense of the word. The Porte, on the other hand, replied that even were this admitted to be a fact, these vessels detained were war transports, since they had on board a number of troops intended for Vladivostock.

To this Russia replied that the men being conveyed to the eastern terminus of the trans-Siberian railroad were not soldiers, but reservists who were doing duty as railroad laborers. To these apparently unanswerable arguments from Turkey's powerful enemy, the porte appears to have been forced to submit in the most humble manner, though there is no reason to doubt that Turkey must first have asked the five powers if they were willing to support her should she still further contest the point with Russia.

Apparently the powers have not thought the matter worth troubling about in 1891, though ten years back such a demand might have led to war. And so it is that the porte submits, and besides paying an indemnity to Russia for the detention of her steamers, the precedent is established which will permit of all such vessels in the future being allowed to pass the Dardanelles in spite of the treaty of 1841.

The St. James Gazette this evening holds that the submission of the Porte to Russia's demands establishes a precedent which permits Russian war ships to use the passage of the Dardanelles as they please, while the war ships of other nations must not enter those straits. This news, therefore, according to the same paper, is by far the gravest published for some time.

What German Papers Say.

Berlin, Sept. 1.—The press here is incredulous regarding yesterday's report of the Turkish sultan's submission to Russia's demands respecting the recent detention of Russian volunteer fleet steamers at the Dardanelles. The Vossische Zeitung says that such action on the sultan's part would justify the removal of Turkey from among the independent states of Europe.

MURDERED THE OFFICERS.

A Negro's Deadly Work With a Razor.

New York, Sept. 1.—Police Officer John J. Sherman was called into No. 144 West One Hundred and Fifth street this morning by Alex Hyer to arrest his colored servant, Francis Noah. The colored man resisted arrest, and while Hyer was out looking for assistance the servant cut the officer's throat with a razor, causing his almost instant death. When he found escape impossible Noah attempted to cut his own throat.

MISREPRESENTS THE MINERS

Senator Stewart Answers Senator Sherman.

What the Nevada Senator Has to Say on the Question of the Silver Dollar.

San Francisco, Sept. 1.—Senator Stewart, of Nevada, who has just returned from Mexico, says in regard to Senator Sherman's recent speech on silver:

"Mr. Sherman misrepresents the miners, if he is correctly reported. It is not true that they ever asked or received more than the market value for their bullion. Under the Bland act, which was in force from 1878 to 1890, the government bought silver at its market price, coined it, issued certificates thereon at its coin value and made a net profit, according to the statement of the director of the mint, of $7,000,000. Under the act of 1890, which repealed the Bland act, the government received 4,000,000 ounces of silver bullion per month and issues therefor legal tender treasury notes for its market value. No money raised by taxation is used in the purchase of silver but legal tender treasury notes are issued by the government in exchange for the bullion for its market value in gold—nothing more, nothing less.

"The position of Mr. Sherman in limiting the coinage and making a silver dollar worth as much as a gold dollar, by a promise of redemption in gold, is absurd. Under such an agreement silver is mere credit money and no better than paper. Why go to the expense of mining silver when paper will answer the same purpose. Before silver was demonetized both gold and silver were money of ultimate redemption. Since silver was demonetized there has been no material increase in the gold coin of the world."

ARRESTED ON SUSPICION.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 1.—Three men have been arrested on suspicion of knowing something of the murder of the Rushenhagens. They are Louis Lauer, Pat McDonald and John Parker. Of those arrested Lauer seems to be the most deeply implicated.

He denies having seen the Rushenhagens in four years, but he has been positively identified as the man who drove with them to Hartford on Friday. The prisoners were committed to jail to wait a hearing which will be had on Sept. 10.

DON'T WANT THE JEWS.

Berlin, Sept. 1.—Advices from Buenos Ayres are to the effect that the Argentine Republic is opposed to the wholesale immigration of Russian Jews as planned by Baron Hirsch. Mr. Arnold White was in consultation with Baron Hirsch in regard to this new aspect of the question of what shall be done with the refugees from the czar's domains just before the former started for Russia.

THE AMERICAN HOG.

He Will be Allowed to Squeal Inside the German Gate.

Berlin, Sept. 1.—It is reported in Hamburg that all restrictions on American pork will be removed.

The United States minister, the Hon. William Walter Phelps, when questioned upon this subject, smiling, refused to confirm the report, but said he would repeat what he had said six months ago, to the effect that the American hog would enter the Bradenburg gate before this year's acorns fell.

It is known, however, that Mr. Phelps in his last despatch to the German foreign office intimated plainly to the officials of that department that the patience of President Harrison and Mr. Blaine would not last beyond September.

THE DAVIS WILL CASE.

Butte, Mont., Sept. 1.—In the Davis will case yesterday a number of witnesses were placed on the stand by the proponent who testified from their knowledge of J. R. Eddy from boyhood that the will was not written in his handwriting but was in a better hand than he wrote. W. M. McCracken and Charles S. Warren, of Butte, who had intimate business relations with the late A. J. Davis, thought the signature in the will genuine.

THE SILVER DOLLAR,

And John Sherman's Backing of It.

A Significant Telegram from Bar Harbor on a Subject of Much Interest.

New York, Sept. 1.—A special to the Press from Bar Harbor says:

Francis G. Newlands, vice chairman of the national silver committee and a prominent republican, said to-day to the Press representative in reference to the statement by Senator Sherman, in his recent speech in Ohio, that he believed there was a bargain between the national silver committee and the leaders of the democratic party in Ohio with a view to the defeat of the republican party and particularly of John Sherman.

"Mr. Sherman can dismiss his fears for indications are that the silver mine owners have not pluck enough to down anybody. There is no deal whatever between the silver committee and the democrats. As a matter of fact the committee is now actually out of funds. What little has been contributed has been spent in printing and postage, and their work which is an educational one, has not been confined to the state of Ohio.

"The mine owners are showing a very disappointing apathy. It was thought they would contribute liberally to expenses of printing and postage but they have not done so and those who did contribute at first have now refused to do so. The silver committee is not composed entirely of mine owners, but is made up of representative men from nearly every state, a majority of whom have no interest in mining and are simply working for bi-metalism as a matter of principle.

"This committee has no interest in the contest between McKinley and Campbell. Campbell stands upon a democratic platform declaring for free silver, but since he has attempted to ignore this platform and to kick the silver plank out of it the silver men have no confidence in him. They do not regard him as the exponent of bi-metalism. McKinley stands upon a republican platform, which approves the present silver act as a progressive step toward bi-metalism. I would rather see McKinley elected than Campbell. McKinley is a bi-metalist. Campbell I class with Cleveland and anti-silver men. But as between John Sherman and any other man I prefer the other man.

"In 1873 Sherman put through the senate the mint bill, eliminating the silver dollar. He has only yielded assent to the present silver law under great popular pressure."

FOUND A BIG LEAK.

Somebody Has Stolen Eight Hundred Thousand.

Sensational Statements Made by the Officers of a Great Steamship Company.

New York, Sept. 1.—Radical changes have recently been made in the offices and management of the United States and Mail Steamship company of this city. Accounts have been overhauled and its system of book-keeping subjected to changes which have resulted in an unfavorable net showing.

It was stated late last night that a defalcation of $800,000 had been discovered. The statement had its source in Philadelphia business relationships. The company operates a regular line of steamers between New York and Rio Janeiro. Stops are made at Newport News, Va.

The company is closely allied with the Southern Pacific and Central Pacific interests, C. P. Huntington, it is said, controlling its management. Others interested are W. W. Ivans, Gen. Ripley, H. W. Thurber and Paul F. Gerhard. Capt. J. M. Lachlan, who had been manager for several years, resigned recently and for the present Mr. Ivans has assumed his duties.

With the boom in South American interests the last few years, and a corresponding decline in European carrying trade, tramp vessels have flocked towards South America, to the detriment of large lines. This company has, with others, suffered the consequences.

Great expense has also been entailed in equipping the two additions to the fleet. Capt. Lachlan, it is claimed, has been able to show book profits which did not materialize to the satisfaction of the stockholders.

When Mr. Ivins took hold, ten days ago, he inaugurated new methods, which exposed a serious deficit.

Paul F. Gerhard was seen at his home in East Orange. He said:

"It is no secret that the company has not made any money lately. Its losses, though, have been no means heavy. Changes in bookkeeping and systems of accounts have been introduced, which show the real condition of affairs more intelligently than before. Such things often happen in the course of business. With our new fleet and with the tendency of tramp vessels to again turn to European fields, the outlook is very encouraging."

Capt. Lachlan left ten days ago for Key West, where he had charge of the work on the wrecked steamer Eldorado, which also belongs to the Huntington interest. He is expected to return next Monday.

HELD UP A TRAIN.

Robbers Secure Thirty-Six Hundred Dollars.

None of the Passengers Were Disturbed—The Track Walker Made to Stop the Train.

Texas Creek, Col., Sept. 1.—The Denver & Rio Grande train, No. 4, from Ogden, was "held up" four miles west of this station last night by seven masked men, and the express car robber of about $3,600.

None of the passengers were molested.

The night track walker was overhauled by the robbers at 9 o'clock in the evening and compelled to flag the train. Torpedoes were placed on the track.

Sheriffs of neighboring counties have dispatched posses in pursuit of the robbers.

MORE STATE LAND.

Some Shelby County People Do Not Own Their Gas Lands.

Columbus, O., Sept. 1.—Hon. R. M. Round, of the state canal commission, made a discovery to-day which will save the state several thousand dollars.

He secured documents showing that 80 acres in Shelby county, now occupied by private citizens, belongs to the state.

The land was purchased by the state on December 31, 1846. In 1853 the same tract was sold by the state, but when the purchaser went to take possession of it he found it was already occupied by a man who claimed to own the property.

The state, through the board of public works there, refunded the purchaser's money to him. It developed, however, that the man who refused to give it up never had any legal right to it. The land is now very valuable, being in the gas belt.

IMPORTANT INSURANCE CASE.

What Constitutes the Occupancy of a House.

Columbus, O., Sept. 1.—A case involving an important insurance question was filed in the supreme court to-day. It comes up on error to the circuit court of Ashtabula county.

Myron L. Moody is the plaintiff against the Amazon Insurance company. Moody sued to recover $500 on his house, which was destroyed by fire. The company claimed he had violated the requirements of his policy by allowing the house to become vacant, as it was unoccupied when burned.

He claimed to be occupying it, but it developed that he only had some goods stored in the house. The courts held that he should have been living in the house in order to fulfil the requirements of the policy. He now appeals on the question as to what constitutes occupancy.

SERIOUS COLLISION.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 1.—A serious collision occurred late last night on the Union Pacific railroad just south of Muncie, Ks., a work train backing from Muncie to this city, colliding with an extra Rock Island freight.

The caboose of the work train, in which were 30 men, was crushed to splinters, but none of its occupants were killed or fatally injured. Many of them were, however, seriously hurt.

AFFAIRS OF THE POPE.

The Next Conclave Discussed.

Many People are Opposed to Holding It in Rome—Encyclical to the Portuguese.

Rome, Sept. 1.—The attitude of the Italian government with reference to the next conclave and the discussion of the same question in the Italian newspapers continue to produce a deep and lively impression in enlightened ecclesiastical circles.

The leading cardinals are much impressed with the passionate interest manifested by Italian politicians in insisting on the necessity of holding the conclave at Rome.

Churchmen in prominent positions, however, are persuaded that so long as Rome is occupied by two hostile powers, it is only in accordance with the dignity and interests of the holy see that the conclave should be held upon foreign soil, in order to frustrate the machinations of the civil power, and, above all, in order to renew in an efficacious manner the periodic protestations against the status quo and against the occupation of Rome by the Italian state.

The encyclical of Pope Leo XIII to the Portuguese bishops excites much remark in clerical and political circles. It is a fresh sign, and a very evident one, that Leo XIII accentuates more and more the democratic tendency of the holy see and the papacy in accordance with the type and in harmony with the maxims and practices of the American church.

The passage touching the national council proves that the papacy tends with increasing, determined and unvarying energy, toward the concentration of ecclesiastical policy in independent and distinctive action, by breaking definitely with monarchial methods and by preparing for the gradual transition toward common right, perfect liberty and the independence of the church with reference to the state.

Leo XIII returns again and again in all his action to this general idea. Profoundly penetrated with the belief in the universal triumph of democracy, he desires gradually to fix for the church its role and its place in the new kind of civilization and in more effective play of popular forces.

For this reason Leo XIII demands union, independent action and the revival of the ancient national councils, which, after the fashion of that at Baltimore, shall give to Catholicism independence, renewed youth and inexhaustible vitality.

BACK FROM THE SEAL ISLAND.

Skins Being Brought Into Port by the Thousand.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 1.—Four more sealing schooners have returned to port. They are the Carlotta G. Cox, Annie C. Moore, Borealis and Geneva. The Cox brought 1,513 skins, Geneva 496, Annie C. Moore 1,650 and Borealis 1,500. All were warned to leave Bering sea.

The Theresa has also arrived. She brings the information that the Hamilton Lewis, Capt. McLean, was captured by a Russian gunboat while poaching off Copper island in Russian waters, and also that the schooner Webster, Capt. Dan McLean, had undertaken to raid one of the Russian seal island that the poachers were caught. McLean was shot in the leg by the Russ but the rest of the crew managed to regain their schooner and escape, leaving McLean a prisoner.

MORE OF ALMY'S DEEDS.

He Had Stolen the Dead Girl's Property

And Secreted It in the Barn Along With a Present She Had Given Him.

Hanover, N. H., Sept. 1.—During the last day the man known to the authorities as Frank C. Almy stayed at the Wheelock hotel he told Sheriff Foster that the necktie case which Christie Warden made and gave him at Christmas was hidden under the feed manger in Mr. Warden's cattle barn, and a search made there by Mr Foster and Ed. Houston revealed the holiday gift.

The outside was of chamois skin, decorated with hand-painted pansies. It was lined with suran silk and bound with pink ribbon, on which Almy had written "From Christie." It contained two neckties, one bearing the name of a Peabody, Mass., firm. Further investigation in the same locality resulted in the finding of a silver-plated napkin ring, some penciled sketches made by Christie, one of which was a huge serpent, a large braid of the victim's hair, perhaps cut from her head after the assassin had completed his work under the willows.

There were also a dozen verses of sentimental poetry in the murderer's handwriting, some of it original. Another package contained four fine handkerchiefs, with the initial "C" in the corner. The paper wrapped around the handkerchiefs was a leaf from a gun catalogue, and on it the criminal had written: "For Christie."

From the same hiding place were taken 10 unopened cans of salmon, clams, sardines and corned beef, besides a bottle half full of Medford rum.

A ROYAL SKELETON OUT.

The Suicides of Prince Rudolph and Marie de Vetsera

Is Once More the Talk of a Whole World.

Startling Statement Made That the Prince Discovered That His Mistress Was His Half Sister.

New York, Sept. 1.—The tragic deaths of Prince Rudolph of Austria and Baroness Maria de Vetsera and the stories now going the rounds as to the exact details of the affair are supplemented by a letter from a former attache of the Austrian court, which is more startling, if possible, than anything that has yet appeared in print.

According to this gentleman's statement Baroness Marie de Vetsera, the mistress of Prince Rudolph, was his half sister, Baroness Vetsera, the mother of the unfortunate girl, says the writer of the letter, was aware of her daughter's intimacy with Rudolph for a year or more before the tragedy. The Vetseras owed their position in Vienna society to the victory of a race-horse. The writer says:

"Baroness Vetsera, soon after her establishment at Vienna, became the heroine of any number of adventures. She abstained from accompanying her good-looking, easy-going husband to his various diplomatic posts abroad and remained at home in Vienna, amusing herself according to her own fashion.

"Her name became connected in a very questionable manner with quite a number of men, not least among whom was Emperor Francis Josef. Of course no one excepting the two parties principally interested can tell exactly to what extent the gossip associating the names of the baroness and the monarch was justified.

"But one thing at least I am able to say, namely this, that the baroness did everything that lay in her power to give basis and cause for the talk. The questions as to whether there was not a strong resemblance between Marie and the emperor was a current and favorite topic of discussion in the salons of Mme. Vetsera and her most intimate friends at the time when I first knew the young girl.

"She was about 14 then. Possibly it was only the indiscreet talk and attitude of the baroness and her friends that led to the widespread belief in court and high military and diplomatic circles that young Marie Vetsera was more closely related to the emperor than to Baron Vetsera.

"Another reason which increased the growth of this belief was the totally unwarranted rapidity of diplomatic promotion of the baron and the remarkable indifference which he displayed toward his wife's doings.

"Only once did he show any signs of dissatisfaction, and these took the, to say the least, peculiar form of a lawsuit in the British courts to remove the children 'bearing his name' from the care of their mother, on the ground that she was unfitted to retain their guardianship.

"Being a Catholic he naturally abstained from asking for a divorce. It is noteworthy that at the time when he brought this suit, which figures in the '70s, he was temporarily unemployed.

"Soon afterwards—in fact, very shortly after news of the suit had reached Vienna—he received a favorable and particularly well-paid diplomatic berth.

"If I remember rightly it was the Austrian commissionership of the Egyptian national debt at Cairo. The baron died in Egypt, universally regretted for his good-fellowship and easy temper, about a couple of years before the tragedy at Mayerling."

The writer says that Emperor Francis Josef did not become aware of the identity of his son's mistress until a few days before the tragedy, and advances the theory that, burning with sorrow and disgrace, Prince Rudolph and Marie de Natsera decided to end their troubles in self-inflicted death.

THE HARTFORD TRAGEDY.

Later Particulars About the Foul Deed.

Believed the Old People Were Murdered by a Tramp and Thrown Into the Well.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 1.—Frederick Bushenhagen and his wife Emily, each past 70, who came from Germany 40 years ago and who lived on a farm half a mile from the main road, in a secluded section in the town of Bloomfield, west of Hartford, were found in an old well on their place, showing evedience that they had been murdered, yesterday.

About dark Sunday night James Ryan, a neighbor, while crossing the farm noticed one of the Bushenhagens' cows wandering around the house. Ryan rapped at the door and receiving no response supposed the inmates were asleep. He put the cow into the barn.

Returning by the house at 9 p. m. he again called and failing to arouse anybody, examined the outside of the building and found blood on a rear doorstep. He aroused the neighbors, and together they searched the house and fields, but could not find the old people.

At 6 a. m. yesterday the search was renewed. There were bloodstains and traces of a scuffle on the yard fence and marks in the earth led to the well, where the deceased were found.

It seems probable that the tragedy occurred early Sunday morning, and that the murderer was a tramp who slept in the barn Saturday. It is thought that Bushenhagen found him there Sunday morning on going out for fire wood; that a quarrel occurred and that the old man was killed by four blows with a coupling pin, which was found near the barn.

The supposition is that the aged woman ran out half dressed to aid her husband. On her body there was only a chemise, a skirt and one stocking. The murderer probably deemed it best to silence the only witness of his crime and, seizing a club, he killed her. There was no robbery and it is evident that the murderer did not enter the house.

The officers believe the murder grew out of a row caused by the old man finding the tramp in the barn, or by the latter's demanding money. About 7 a. m. Sunday residents on the main road near the scene of the murder saw a tramp pass towards Hartford. He was a large man, heavily built, with two weeks' growth of beard, wearing overalls and a dark coat and with an overcoat thrown over his shoulder.

The coroner has begun an investigation. At present there is no clue to the identity of the murderer. Bushenhagen served in the Twenty-second Connecticut regiment. As age came on he has not been able to do much on his little farm, and the couple were very poor. A bank book was found on the table in the house, showing $50 on deposit in the Hartford Saving bank.

SPURGEON'S CONDITION.

London, Sept. 1.—Mr. Spurgeon has rallied from the relapse which he suffered yesterday.

ALMSHOUSE ROMANCE.

Touching Story of a Daughter's Search

For a Father Ruined by Strong Drink.

An Aged Vagrant Reclaimed by His Fair Offspring and Taken to a Happy Home.

Philadelphia, Sept. 1.—That the age of romance is by no means passed is fully proved by the stories that are being every day brought to light in connection with the lives of inmates of the various charitable institutions of this city, but rarely is a more pathetic chapter of circumstances revealed, except in a modern novel or on the boards of a theater, than that disclosed yesterday at Blockley almshouse, when, after a three years' search for a father whom she had never seen, Charlotte Radcliffe, an exceedingly pretty young woman of 22 years of age, discovered him in an old and decrepit inmate of that institution and immediately started out to reconcile him with her mother. They have been separated since Charlotte was a little child.

Samuel Radcliffe was years back a prosperous and respected storekeeper of this city, and when he married and brought his young wife home to assist him in the store there seemed no happier couple in the world nor any with a brighter prospect in life before them. About a year after the marriage affairs assumed a different complexion. Mr. Radcliffe commenced to neglect his own store and assist in building up that of the liquor dealer at the corner. From this time things went rapidly to the bad. Business fell off, debt was incurred, and Radcliffe became not only a confirmed drunkard, but a wife-beater, and commenced to shamefully assault his young wife, who one short year before he thought nothing too good for.

About this time their first and only child was born, little Charlotte. The advent of the little girl made no alteration in Radcliffe's habits. The liquor store continued to absorb all his time and money and in spite of the determined efforts of the young wife the business went to nothing. The sheriff finally came in and the one-time happy home was broken up, even the furniture being sold to satisfy the hungry creditors.

Still Radcliffe continued in his shameful course and his treatment of his wife became unbearable. To her he attributed all his misfortunes, and after the usual day's debauch at the liquor store would return and vent his unmanly spite in beating her. With no money coming in Mrs. Radcliffe and her baby daughter would have starved to death but for the kindness of the neighbors. At length the long suffering wife, seeing that her husband was incorrigible, determined to leave him, and one night when he returned home in one of his drunken fits, he found the miserable room they had occupied since the store had been sold deserted and his wife and child gone.

Mrs. Radcliffe removed to Manayunk, where she was enabled to earn a living for herself and child and managed to keep her whereabouts a secret from her husband, although she kept trace of him. The woman prospered, but the husband went from bad to worse, and six years ago entered the Blockley almshouse, where he has been ever since.

In the meantime the baby Charlotte grew to womanhood. She procured employment at Manayunk and assisted her mother. The two lived contented in each other's company, and no mention was made of the husband and father's name until about four years ago, when by the fireside one night the mother told her daughter a portion of the trials and troubles of her early life.

Charlotte's curiosity was aroused. She asked if her father was still alive, and was told that he was so far as her mother knew. Charlotte then wanted her mother to find her father, and to patch up a reconciliation, but after 20 years Mrs. Radcliffe could not forget the treatment she has received, and refused, declaring that she had no idea where her husband was and no time to try to find him.

Charlotte then commenced the search herself. At first it seemed hopeless, but by degrees she got traces, and after nearly three years yesterday discovered him in the Blockley almshouse, old and decrepit. She informed her mother she had located the old man, and, although Mrs. Radcliffe had known his whereabouts all along, and dreaded her daughter discovering him, she seemed surprised, but agreed to go to the almshouse with Charlotte.

At the entrance Mrs. Radcliffe declined to go further, and Charlotte went on alone to the old man's quarters. Radcliffe was pointed out and Charlotte approached the father she had never seen before and made known who she was. The old man seemed heart-broken, and it was some time before he would recognize the daughter, who he only remembered as a baby, in the well-dressed, handsome young woman who stood before him. After a time Charlotte induced the decrepit old man that her mother was outside, and then went back and induced her mother to come and shake hands with the husband she had not seen for 21 years.

The meeting was most affecting, father, mother and daughter mingled their tears, but at length the time for departure came and the mother and daughter went off to see about procuring the old man's release, in order that he may spend his few remaining days in the home their labor has built up.

THE GORMAN SHINGLE.

It Has Been Hung in a Conspicuous Place.

The Favorite Son of the South Will Demand Recognition at the Democratic Convention.

Philadelphia, Sept. 1.—Mr. George M. Upshur, ex-speaker of the Maryland house of delegates and a world's fair commissioner from that state; Col. John Walton Smith, member of the present Maryland state senate, and Editor Hermanee, of the Baltimore News, comprise a trio of prominent arrivals at the Girard. They came in last evening from Saratoga Springs, where a sojourn of several weeks occupied their season of summer leisure and their meeting with the Cleveland and Hill elements in New York politics materially added to their knowledge of democratic presidential timber now standing in the woods ready for next year's booms. Senator Arthur P. Gorman has been in retreat in Saratoga also and is still there. The three Marylanders now at the Girard are on their way home, and after leaving Editor Hermanee in Baltimore to-day Mr. Upshur and Col. Smith will go on to Snow Hill, an Eastern Shore center that hopes to capture the next federal senator the house of delegates will be called upon to elect.

Col. Smith is one of the leading candidates for the succession to the senatorial chair vacated by the death of the late E. K. Wilson, whose term would have expired in 1897. By law the Eastern Shore district elects a senator and the Western does the same trick. This is a division that avoids dissension and saves the customary contest from spreading over more than half the state at any one time.

"In a certain sense, and I take it as a true one," said Col. Smith, "I am in the field without entangling alliances, and am on the most friendly terms with those who are seeking the senatorial election."

The candidates otherwise than Colonel Smith are Governor Jackson, of Salisbury; James Alfred Pearce, the son of a former senator, and John B. Brown, all Eastern Shore men. The legislature that makes the choice will be elected this year—that is, half of it will be—and there are ninety-one delegates and twenty-six senators in the body.

Commissioner Upshur says that Senator Gorman is a big favorite for the presidential nomination next year and the sentiment at Saratoga Springs is all his way. "His strong and masterly fight against the Force bill, by which that singularly vicious measure was defeated, makes Gorman peculiarly popular among the democrats of the south. In fact I believe the south knows no other candidate and will know no other unless Gorman voluntarily retires. The latter is not a probability. I know that the senator is, personally, not a candidate, but his friends have instituted as well as introduced him in the contest and will see it through.

"Mr. Gorman's chief strength rests in the Cleveland-Hill differences existing in New York, and they are serious. The Cleveland backers fear that Hill will repeat his work of 1888, and Hill's friends know very well that he is not popular outside of New York. That is the situation briefly told. It means a great deal, and if Senator Gorman keeps growing, as he is to-day, there is no question of success when the democratic national convention meets."

Commissioner Upshur referred to Governor Pattison as a presidential possibility, "especially popular among the farmers."

A BATTLE FOR EXISTENCE.

Harrison Intends to Work All the Corners.

He Thinks He is the Biggest Man in America,

And Has no Fear That Blaine or Any Other Statesman Can Head Off His Ambitions.

Washington, Sept. 1.—There is a pretty little fairy story in circulation here at this time to the effect that Harrison will not be a candidate for renomination in certain contingencies.

The story goes that Harrison has concluded that he could not win the nomination if Blaine wanted it; that he is now trying to ascertain if Blaine wants it, and that if he becomes convinced that Blaine does want it he will give the Maine man a clear field.

Harrison is well aware of Blaine's attitude. He knows thoroughly well that Blaine is a candidate, but he is not so sanguine regarding Blaine's strength as the latter's friends are. Harrison is about as thorough an egotist as ever lived. He not only considers himself the greatest statesman of the age, but also looks upon himself as the most popular American.

This is one of the traits of Harrison's character that his friends and associates find it difficult to keep up with. Charley Foster measures the strength of Blaine with the republican masses and Harrison's standing with the people and he gives Harrison the benefit of every doubt, but he does not go wild on the question, practical man that he is, but gives Blaine full credit for his popularity. Harrison admits that Blaine is pretty popular with the politicians, but it never entered his mind that Blaine or anybody else was as popular with the people as himself, hence the candidacy of Blaine, while annoying to Harrison, does not scare him.

He looks upon Blaine's dalliance with the presidential nomination as being impertinent, because Blaine is a member of his cabinet and he considers it a violation of trust for Blaine, while a subordinate of the administration, to aspire to the chief honor.

Harrison has also a bigoted belief that a well-organized gang of federal officeholders throughout the country can control the party nomination, notwithstanding the attitude of such bosses as Quay, Clarkson and Dudley.

Charley Foster, who is aptly described as commander-in-chief of the renomination forces, is also a believer in the power of a federal official machine. The instructions to postmasters which were sent out by Wanamaker a few days ago was in the interest of this belief.

Similar circulars have been sent out from every department of the government—from the treasury department, from the department of justice, the department of agriculture, the navy department and the interior department.

They are all disguised under some pretense, but the object of all is to obtain concert of action among all officials. The postmaster who is not duly subordinate will be fired, and the same fate awaits the inspector of the interior department, the collector of customs, the collector of internal revenue and the United States attorney and marshal who do not come to the scratch and toe the mark in the interest of Harrison.

Harrison is engaged in a life-and-death contest with the bosses of his party represented by Quay, Clarkson and Dudley. Harrison and his right bower, Foster, are well aware that Quay, Clarkson and Dudley have very little use for Blaine, because they are aware that Blaine, like Harrison, would be apt to have special friends of his own to reward in the event of election to the presidency, and that Blaine's memory regarding the action of Dudley and Quay in the past would not be favorable to them in the future.

This is the weak point in the Blaine forces, and Foster and Harrison understand it. Quay and company have no more use for Blaine now than they had in 1888, 1884 and 1880. They are merely using Blaine as a club to knock down Harrison with.

Their real candidate is Alger of Michigan. He has the boodle and is willing to spend it, and that is what they are here for. Harrison understands this, and so does Foster. They also understand as nearly as anybody outside the Blaine household does, the real condition of Blaine's health, and for this reason as well as for others they are not apprehensive that Blaine will be a very serious quantity next year.

Truly Marvelous.

In nearly every pursuit followed by the busy throng of human beings, in an endeavor to supply the necessaries of life, as well as to excel and gain honor, there are always to be found a selected few possessing an ability in their special lines, bordering upon the truly marvelous. By study and application almost anybody can become able to paint a picture, but it is left for the selected few to correctly portray the passions with the brush. And so in the great profession of medicine—almost any of the large army of physicians is capable of recognizing the rough outlines of the more common diseases, but it is left for the favored few to correctly read and understand the subtle language of disease.

By a careful analysis of facts we are led to look upon Drs. France & Ottman, who have been visiting our city several months, as the happy professors of a special adaptability in their line. They came among us with an enviable reputation already earned from abroad, and their long list of wonderful cures in our community, and the constantly increasing crowds that throng their parlors at the hotel tells a story more potent than words and of untold interest to those who day by day are watching the unmistakable tracery of disease bearing themselves and friends down to a miserable existence and untimely end.

Drs. France and Ottman, formerly of the France Medical and Surgical Institute, Columbus, Ohio, by request of many friends and patients, have decided to visit Toledo, Wednesday, Sept. 2. Consultation and Examination Free and Strictly Confidential in the Private Parlor of the Barnett House from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m., 1 day only.

WILL TAKE BACK SOME MONEY.

Washington, Sept. 1.—Gov. Page for the state presented to-day at the treasury the claim of Vermont for he share of the direct tax amounting to $179,407.

NEWS BEYOND THE SEAS.

Opposition to the Elevation of Smith.

His Name is Not Aristocratic Enough.

The Liquor Question in Germany—Balfour the Next English Leader—Parkes' Successor.

London, Sept. 1.—The Grace Peruvian interests in England have been greatly strengthened by the news from Chili, as the English bondholders hope and expect that they will not be able to keep a firm hold not only on Lima, but also at Santiago. Peru has stood aloof in the war but the dominant party in Chili is sure to have a paramount influence in Peru, in view of the prostrate condition of the latter country, not yet recovered from the disastrous war which resulted in the loss of the nitrate districts.

It was feared by the English parties than in the event of Balmaceda's success, he might turn over the vast and profitable nitrate business to Americans, to the detriment of Europeans, thus causing a loss of several millions a year.

An opposition is developing among members of the house of lords to the proposed elevation of Mr. W. H. Smith to the peerage. There are numerous Smiths and a number of Smythes among the nobility of Great Britain, but Smith is not the family name of any peer of the realm. Mr. Smith will also have been the first news vender raised to the peerage, and although he has proved a faithful and effective leader in parliament, some of the lords seem to think he is too plebian for his proposed elevation, and ought to be satisfied with a baronetcy.

This, however, he certainly would not accept. He has bought a castle, and surrounded himself with a domain and tenantry, all ready for baronial honors, as soon as plain Wm. Henry Smith receives the royal patent giving him a seat in the house of peers, by the title of Lord Walmer, or whatever his new name may be.

Chief Secretary Balfour is generally indicated as successor to Mr. Smith in the leadership of the house. It is not believed that this would interfere with his direction of Irish affairs. He is considered the most brilliant and successful member of the ministry and the tories and liberal unionists think that his Irish policy has been a success.

Sir John Eldon Gorst will probably be postmaster general. His promotion to that office would relieve Viscount Cross and the government from the embarrassment caused by Sir John's frank criticism of Indian affairs, and at the same time insure an able direction of the postoffice.

A Berlin dispatch says that the liquor dealers of the capital are combining in opposition to the proposed law restricting the sale of liquor, and especially the clause requiring them to sell food when they sell liquor.

This would compel all of them to go into the restaurant business, which is already overdone in Berlin, as the Germans prefer to eat at home.

The clauses as to age and selling to drunkards are also considered obnoxious, on the ground that the dealer cannot readily tell the age of a customer, or whether he is a drunkard.

The whole measure is considered in the line of teetotal legislation, and as imposing restriction obnoxious to German ideas of personal liberty.

The advocates of the bill claim that drunkenness is increasing in Berlin, that increasing instances of juvenile intoxication have been observed, and that some restrictive action is necessary to abate and restrain the evil.

The sultan has alarmed both Russia and France by his unexpectedly firm attitude in favor of Bulgaria, and against Servia. The Russian demand of war indemnity, or, as an alternative, the cession of territory, has failed to produce any effect, or at least any effect favorable to Russia. Instead the sultan becomes stern and aggressive, and declares substantially that Servia must not menace Bulgaria.

For some time past the English government has been taking active measures to counteract Russian and French intrigue at Constantinople and to convince the sultan that the English were his real friends, and that Russia, under any guise, could only be an enemy of Turkey. These efforts have apparently been successful.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says it is now believed that the Russian army can be fully equipped with the new Russian rifle in one year.

A Vienna dispatch says that the Austrian government is at length taking determined measures to repress the disloyal czech agitation in Bohemia. The conductors of military bands at Prague have received orders not to play any of the czech national airs at public concerts, and considerable popular agitation has been caused by the refusal of regimental bands to violate the order.

The garrison has also been instructed to hold itself at the disposition of the Austrian authorities in the event of any tumult or uprising, and the soldiers are to keep aloof from association with the people.

Altogether the signs point to exceptional rigor succeeding an era of exceptional leniency. Bohemia is not the only state of the empire, however, in which the spirit of independence is rife.

The Croatians have protested against the Austrian flag being raised over the public buildings in honor of the emperor's birthday. Louis Kossuth has written a letter approving the patriotic attitude of the Hungarian independent party, and the irredentist agitation is very aggressive at Trieste, where the police have made a number of arrests.

The nineteenth annual international grain and seed fair began yesterday in Vienna and continued to-day. There is an excellent display from nearly all the countries of Europe, but the exhibitors unite in giving testimony to the prevalent failure of harvest.

A Berlin dispatch says the appearance of the army worm, as it is called, in the Harz district, has given rise to forebodings among the peasantry of the approach of war. It is said the presence of this worm or grub has always been followed, at an early date, by war and famine. The grub does not injure the crops, eating only fallen leaves or vegetable refuse.

Advices from Copenhagen state that the pleasure attending the re-union of the king of Denmark and his family has been greatly marred by the continued invalidity of the Grand Duke George, son of the czar, who accompanied his imperial parents to Denmark.

George used to be the most manly and athletic member of the Russian imperial family, but now is evidently wasting away and the chance of his recovery is becoming more and more doubtful. Instead of going back to St. Petersburg, he will return for another sojourn to Algeria, during the winter.

Official circles in London are preparing for a distinguished reception to another princely visitor, Dam Rong, brother to the king of Siam, who is probably entrusted with important communications on the subject of French encroachments in the Mekong valley. The Germans and French have lately been making formidable efforts to advance their respective interests in Siam, the former with some success and it is therefore important that England should make a good impression on the Siamese.

A Constantinople Dispatch says that Russian troops are about to occupy Bokhara, in central Asia. This state has for sometime been virtually subject to Russia, but has been permitted, for financial reasons chiefly, to maintain the forms of independence. The coming occupation will be under the pretence of maintaining order during a visit by the ameer to Russia on which he is about to set out, attended by a numerous suite. It is not probable, however, that the troops will be withdrawn when the ameer get back.

Capetown advices state that Lobengula, king of the Matabeles, who has been an interested observer of the progress of gold mining in Mashonaland, has decided to take a hand in the industry, and has had claims pegged out in his name and sent for machinery to work his property. Lobengula is the most powerful monarch in south Africa, and brother-in-law of Gungunhama, who is almost equally powerful. Both of these kings have declared themselves friendly to the British South Africa company.

The objection of the Argentine Republic to the extensive settlement of Jews proposed by Baron Hirsch has led the heads of the Jewish relief movement to turn their eyes again toward the United States, and it is reported that a determined effort will be made to overcome any restrictions that might prevent the United States from being a general refuge for the exiled Russian Jews.

PICKED UP AT SEA.

Eight Out of Eighteen Rescued by the Arizona.

New York, Sept. 1.—The steamship Arizona, which arrived this morning, brought with her eight members of the crew of the ship Sea Gull, which was wrecked in a terrific gale on the African coast.

There were 26 all told in the Sea Gull's crew, and of these all were drowned save the eight men picked up by the Arizona. When the Arizona found them they were floating on a small raft in the middle of the Atlantic ocean and frantically waiving signals of distress. All of them were terribly emaciated from hunger and exposure, and some were hardly able to stand when lifted to the Arizona's decks.

SCALDED BY STEAM.

Fatal Wreck on the L. E. & St. L. Road.

Four Persons Killed and Thirty-one Injured — A Broken Flange Caused the Disaster.

Evansville, Ind., Sept. 1.—A wreck occurred on the Cannelton branch of the Louisville, Evansville & St. Louis railroad about 11 o'clock this morning, in which four lives were lost, thirteen badly hurt and eighteen slightly injured.

The flange of one of the forward trucks of the engine broke while the train was running at a rate of about thirty miles an hour. The train at the time was on a trestle two miles from Troy, Ind.

The engine passed over the trestle and plunged down the embankment. The train was a mixed one, the passenger coach being next to the engine. The coach followed the engine into the ditch and rolled over on top of it. It was occupied by about thirty people.

The steam pipes gave way and the scalding steam entered the coach. Many of the passengers were women and children. Their screams were appalling.

As soon as those who were slightly injures extricated themselves they began the work of rescue. All were gotten out, but none escaped injury. Many were so badly burned that their flesh was cooked in places until it came off.

Barbara Neimeyer, aged 18 years, daughter of a wealthy farmer of Perry county, was taken out dead, having been terribly scalded.

Mrs. Canaugh, of Troy, Ind., was horribly burned and will die. Her little 10-year-old son was taken from the wrecked coach and died before reaching home.

Emma Schue, 10 years old, died after being taken out, from her terrible burns.

Jacob App, engineer, and his fireman, John Tolle, went down with the wreck. Both are scalded, but not fatally.

Conductor James Gordon is dangerously hurt, having a number of his ribs broken.

The scene of the wreck is isolated and the information is meager. Only one telegraph wire reaches it and that has been down for hours. It is impossible to learn the names of the injured. A physician at the wreck said that the death list would probably reach ten or twelve.

The most severely injured are Katie Kelshoe, Sidney Hess, Henry Bodine, Michael Elberthorn, Wm. Newman, Mrs. Wm. Chase and child, Maggie Hudson, Maurice Durbin and G. F. Bolt. The wounded are all at Bell City and are receiving careful attention.

A passenger arriving by the air line train last night says the scene at the wreck was the most horrible that could be imagined.

A number of those who were but slightly injured and had succeeded in breaking their way out of the coach had apparently lost their senses for the time and wrung their hands and screamed, while groans and piteous pleadings of the helpless rent the air.

Had it not been that a portion of the cool-headed ones who escaped with slight injuries, worked with all their might to save those who were rendered helpless, they would have been cremated.

The sight revealed while rescuing these poor unfortunates was most shocking, for even handling them to get them out of the coach the scalded skin peeled from their hands, faces and bodies in great strips, some of them being literally cooked.

An attempt to wreck another passenger train on the Louisville, Evansville & St. Louis road was made yesterday. Some one placed a tie across the track near Tennyson, Ind., and then braced it with a spike. The engineer of a west bound train saw the obstruction, but before he could stop the train, it struck the tie in such a manner as to throw the engine.

ON THE BLACK LIST.

Butler and Morgan Slated to Go.

General Secretary Turner Tells What His People Expect to Do This Fall.

Washington, Sept. 1.—The national farmers' alliance has blacklisted Senator Butler, of South Carolina, and Senator Morgan, of Alabama, and will make such effort to elect their successors as they made to defeat Ingalls and are making to defeat Sherman.

General Secretary Turner feels called upon to correct current statements about thev oting in the state alliances on the Ocala platform in a card, in which he says:

From official reports received at the office we can state that in the Virginia states alliance two votes were cast against the Ocala platform, one in Arkansas and 20 in Missouri. We have not the exact figures, but know that Mississippi is overwhelming for the platform. The following state alliances voted unanimously for the Ocala platform: Alabama, Georgia, Maryland, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Texas, Tennessee, North Dakota, Oaklahoma and Oregon.

I would say in regard to Texas that the delegates to the state alliance are seated as elected by the different counties, and there was no effort made to keep out any regularly elected delegates, whether for or against the Ocala platform.

Here is one significant act that shows that our people are a unit on this subject, and that is that every man in the order who has arrayed himself against the Ocala platform has been relegated to the shades of obscurity without even enjoying the respect or confidence of the people.

GOLD COMING BACK.

New York, Sept. 1.—Assistant Treasurer Roberts received information to-day that $650,000 in gold coin had been shipped at a European port for a Wall street firm, and still more was coming. The gold is expected here early next week.

NO POLITICS IN IT.

Philadelphia, Sept. 1.—Col. A. Louden Snowden, minister of Greece, who recently visited Bar Harbor, says the report that he went to Mr. Blaine at the instance of President Harrison is untrue.

The question of renomination, or politics, has not been discussed by the president and Col. Snowden, nor by Blaine and Col. Snowden. The visit to Mr. Blaine was purely a social one. Mr. Blaine's health has been impaired by overwork, but he is now recovering. A great improvement could be noticed.

The drinking water and ice used at the Murray Hill Hotel and Plaza Hotel, New York, are vaporized and frozen on the premises and certified to as to purity by Prof Chas. F. Chandler.

MEANS BLAINE AND HOVEY.

How the Indiana Republicans Stand.

Bitter Opposition to Harrison on A l Sides.

Trying to Make Peace in the Ranks at a Late Day by Passing Around a Few Appointments.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 1.—The opposition to President Harrison's second term aspirations is assuming formidable shape in this state, and those in the combination propose to show to the country that Harrison is not and will not be an acceptable candidate to a large number of his party in his own state, and to send to the next national convention, if he dares to be a candidate, a delegation that will oppose him upon the floor of the convention hall.

The Evansville Journal, the most influential of all the Indiana dailies, has been brought into the opposition camp, followed by the Fort Wayne Gazette, the Logansport Journal, the Marion Chronicle, the South Bend Tribune, the Rensselaer Republican, the Michigan City News, the Delphi Journal and a dozen others representing every part of the state.

These papers have gone so far as to say that they will support any one for the nomination in preference to Harrison.

In the Vanderburg congressional district there are now seven clubs of young active republicans, all of whom have signed a club constitution, pledging them to work for the nomination of Blaine for president, and Governor Hovey for vice president.

In Allen and other northern counties similar clubs have been organized, and the governor is the recognized candidate of the opposition for the second place upon the ticket. The latter has been brought into the race with the intention of helping Blaine.

In each of the thirteen of the congressional districts the work of organizing the opposition has been placed in charge of a committee of three active republicans, one of whom, wherever possible, is a soldier, and the reports from the committees show conclusively that the organization is being perfected not only in the counties but in every township in the state.

A general supervision of the work of organization has been intrusted to C. W. Fairbanks, the millionaire friend of Judge Gresham, and to George W. Allen, editor of the Terre Haute Express and son-in-law of Riley McKeen, the banker and railroad magnate.

The committee in this city, which is really the headquarters of the opposition, is sending out to all the local committees letters and papers showing the unpopularity of the president with republicans, and apparently doing all in its power to make the nation's executive contemptible in the estimation of the Hoosier republicans. A recent letter warned them that Harrison had determined to attempt to conciliate the opposition by making appointments to insignificant positions from the ranks of the opposition, and that the selection of ex-Lieutenant Governor Hanna as an attorney to the department of Justice and of John Worrell as an inspector of sugar under the McKinley bill were but evidences of the desperate straits into which he had been placed by the opposition in his own state.

The letter concludes: "Though these appointments have been made and the appointees have accepted, the president is the same cold, calculating, unfeeling man that he has always been, devoid of sympathy for the working members of his party and unappreciative of the efforts that have been made for him. He hopes to overcome your opposition by making a selection here and there for office, and shows conclusively that he misjudges the ground of your opposition and adds insult to the many injuries which he has done you."

MEXICO MAKES A BID.

A Minister Appointed to Arrange a Commercial Treaty.

City of Mexico, Sept. 1.—President Diaz to-day appointed Joseph Ives Limantour minister plenipotentiary to arrange a commercial reciprocity treaty with the United States.

MOONSHINERS CAPTURED.

Washington, Sept. 1.—Acting Attorney General Taft has received a telegram from U. S. Marshal Walker, dated DeSota, Miss., stating that he had captured eight of the Sims' gang, who had fled from Alabama. Sims escaped. The Sims' gang were moonshiners, and killed two United States officials some time ago, when the latter undertook to arrest them.

ON A STRIKE.

Haverhill, Mass., Sept. 1.—About forty lasters and dealers-out employed at the shoe factory of the Field Thayer Manufacturing company, struck this morning against a reduction of 5 cents a case in their work. The Field Thayer company have first and second grades under a first grade price list. They now demand that the union give them a second grade list similar to that used at Chick Brothers.

GREAT OCEAN RECORD.

Montreal, Sept. 1.—A dispatch from Winnipeg says that a special train carrying the mails of the Canadian Pacific steamer Empress, of Japan, passed there this morning, covering the distance from Vancouver in two days. The mails left Japan only 11 days before and are expected to arrive in England within 20 days. This beats all previous records.

CIVIL SERVICE.

Washington, Sept. 1.—Acting Secretary Soley to-day made a number of appointments to positions in the mechanical branch of the Brooklyn navy yard in accordance with the recommendations of the board that conducted the examination of applicants for positions there.

NO EXTRA CHARGE.

Washington, Sept. 1.—The treasury department has decided that customs officers cannot charge 10 per cent. additional duty upon merchandise remaining in a bonded warehouse more than one year before withdrawal.

LIVE STOCK SHIPMENTS.

Liverpool, Sept. 1.—The Dominion line steamship Toronto, from Montreal, Aug. 19, with a shipment of 392 head of cattle and 236 head of sheep, arrived at this port to-day and landed her stock in good condition.

Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00.

"GIVEN UP TO DIE"

The Doctors Said He Had Consumption and Could do Nothing for Him.

He Calls Upon Drs. Copeland and Buffett and Is Now a Well Man.

"Yes, given up to die, after having exhausted the science and skill of some half dozen doctors, and used every means in my power to find relief. Physicians all with one voice said that I had consumption and that they could do nothing for me except to temporarily relieve my pain and ease my last days. Not a very bright outlook, was it?"

The speaker was a well-known gentlemen of this city, Mr. James Young of 1325 Nevada street, whose picture is here given.

MR. JAMES YOUNG, 1325 NEVADA STREET.

"My trouble first began," continued Mr. Young, "with a severe attack of la grippe, which settled on my lungs, and in one week I lost over six pounds. My lungs, after a short time, began to feel as though they were raw, and when I would cough there seemed to be a complete breaking down of tissue. After one of these severe coughing spells I would have to go and lay down in order to regain my strength.

"I was always tired, especially in the mornings; sharp, shooting pains would take me in the chest, extending to the shoulder blades. I had no appetite, and I began to look like a fit subject for the grave. My friends would often say: 'Well, poor fellow, he has consumption and his days are few.'

"Eight months ago I had to quit work, because I could get no sleep—I would cough continually during the night, and had begun to think that my friends were really right; I would

NOT BE LONG FOR THIS WORLD.

"Although in this terrible condition, it was hard to give up, and while reading the paper one day I was attracted by the wonderful cures of Drs. Copeland and Buffett, and I concluded to consult them; and as long as I live I will continue to bless the day I met them.

"They told me not to be discouraged, but to do just as they told me and I would soon be myself again.

"I have now been treating for two months and I am in as good health as ever I was. It is certainly wonderful, and I cannot say enough in praise of the doctors. I now have a good appetite, do not feel tired, cough gone, and although 51 years of age, I feel as young as I did ten years ago, and as you see me now I am a pretty lively man to be 'given up to die.'"

Mr. Young lives, as stated above, at 1325 Nevada street, East Toledo, where he will, in person or by letter, gladly verify his statement, which was given by his own free will.

Their Credentials.

As has been said, Dr. W. H. Copeland was president of his class at Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, where he graduated, the most famous institution of the kind in the country. His diploma bears the written indorsement of the medical authorities of New York, of the deans of prominent medical colleges of Pennsylvania. Dr. Buffett's credentials are no less abundant and unqualified. He also is formerly indorsed by Bellevue Hospital Medical College of New York and by the secretaries of various county and state medical societies. Both gentlemen after thorough experience and practice have devoted their time to the practice of their specialties, with what success the columns of the daily papers show.

Doctors Copeland and Buffett.

The Copeland Medical institute is permanently located at 706 Madison street DR. W. H. COPELAND, and DR. G. P BUFFETT consulting physicians. Specialties: Catarrh and all diseases of the eye, ear, throat and lungs. Chronic diseases. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.

Nervous Diseases Cured.
Skin Diseases Cured.
Catarrh Cured.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

PURIFIES AS WELL AS Beautifies THE SKIN. No other cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan, Pimples freckles, Moth Patches Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of forty years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canadas and Europe. FERD T. HOPKINS, Pro., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

Tutt's Pills

stimulates the torpid liver, strengthens the digestive organs, regulates the bowels, and are unequaled as an

ANTI-BILIOUS MEDICINE.

In malarial districts their virtues are widely recognized, as they possess peculiar properties in freeing the system from that poison. Elegantly sugar coated. Dose small. Price, 25cts.

Sold Everywhere.

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Garden Tools, Etc

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SHORT-HAND SCHOOL,

Near the Steedman monument. Ten years under the management of Mr. Davis. Rooms repainted and papered. Over 1,000 students in positions. Same teachers as last year with one additional in Short-hand Department. Monday, August 31, will be given to enrolling students and showing visitors through the school. Take the time Monday to visit the different schools of the city and note their advantages.

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Then don't waste three or four months of it copying sets from a text book, but enter the school where bookkeeping is taught by

Actual Business Practice from day of Entrance

and ours is the only one in the city using this method. WE GUARANTEE THE BEST FACILITIES IN EACH DEPARTMENT. Call and see the school.

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The only school in the city where bookkeeping is taught under the suggestions of the best bookkeepers in Toledo.

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Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

Kenyon Military Academy.

This old and remarkably successful school provides thorough preparation for College or Business, and careful supervision of health, habits and manners. For illustrated catalogue, address LAWRENCE RUST, LL. D., Rector, Gambier, Ohio.

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A school of the highest grade for young ladies and girls. Established upon original lines, its success has been remarkable. For catalogue, address the principal MISS ADA I. AYER, B. A., Gambier, O.

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SPECIALIST
FOR ALL CHRONIC, PRIVATE & SURGICAL DISEASES

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DR. KALKOFF'S Original System of Inhalation with Compressed Gases (both home and office treatment—world-renowned) the only rational and scientific treatment for Consumption, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Deafness, Heart Disease and all Diseases of the Throat, Nasal Passages and Lungs. The worst cases of Catarrh are positively cured in from 3 to 6 weeks.

DR. KALKOFF'S Original System of Dieting. Each patient is furnished with a Diet Chart. It is very important for every sick person to know what to eat and what not to eat.

Specific Remedies, pleasant to take, but potent in their action, of Roots, Barks, Flowers, Berries and Plants, prepared under his own supervision in his extensive laboratory.

SPECIALTIES—All Chronic and Desperate Diseases, which do not yield to the treatment of the general practioner, such as Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, Fistula, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Headache, Fits, Sleeplessness, Brain Congestion, St. Vitus Dance, Nervous Exhaustion, Cancers, Tumors, Deformities, Skin Diseases, including Pimples, Freckles, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Eczema, and all Chronic Diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Nose, Stomach, Heart, Bowels, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder. Female Diseases cured without exposure.

PRIVATE AND SEXUAL DISEASES cured under a positive guarantee. Young and middle aged men, who are suffering from the effects of youthful indiscretion or excesses of later years, Seminal Weakness, Nervous and Physical Debility, Importance, Lost Manhood, Exhausted Vitality, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion of Society, Loss of Memory and Energy. Remember that I will forfeit $1,000 for every case of private disease that I undertake and fail to cure. My treatment of Spermatorrhœa and Impotency is based upon its theories of my own, and has never yet failed in my hands to effect a speedy and permanent cure.

Gonorrhœa, Syphilis, Gleet, Stricture, Hydrocele and Varicocele cured in the shortest possible time, without the use of mercury or hindrance from business. I will guarantee a cure when others fail. My office and consultation rooms are furnished with a complete supply of Manikins, Charts, Electrical and Surgical Instruments

HERE ARE THE REPORTS

Made by the Policemen on Their Rounds

Relative to the Saloons Found Open,

Together With the Notations by the Police Prosecutor -- Evidently Some One Beside the Chief to Blame.

Most of the saloons about the city were closed last Sunday, but a number of them were open, and warrants are out for the proprietors of a few of these.

The patrolmen reported the places open, as usual, and Chief O'Dwyer placed all of these reports before Prosecutor Wheeler for action. It has been said that Chief O'Dwyer is responsible for the saloons being open on Sunday, but upon reading these reports and knowing the dilatory action of Prosecutor Wheeler and the Police court, any fair minded person will have no trouble in placing the blame.

Some of the places also seem to be favored by the court officials, for it is not where the evidence is the strongest that the warrants are issued first. Perhaps somebody besides the chief "stands in" with the saloons, too. Following are copies of the reports presented to the chief and by him turned over to the prosecutor, with notations as to the action of the prosecutor in each case, these remarks being placed at the end of the report. The first one is worthy of special study:

Toledo, O., Aug. 30, 1891.

William Henzler's drug store, grocery and saloon combined, No. 1524 Cherry street, was open at 12:35 a. m. I walked in through the drug store and grocery to the saloon and found Ed. Henzler back of the bar with a glass of beer in his hand drinking and also two in front of the bar. Each had a glass of beer in their hands drinking. I asked Henzler if he did not know it was Sunday. He said he would close up in a minute. I told him to close up and I walked out. I met two men as I went out; I know them by sight but don't know their names. They saw two men come out of the saloon.

I went back at 1:10 p. m. in the alley and took with me Frank Hurst. We walked in. The back door was wide open. I asked Hurst what he wanted. He said beer and Ed. Henzler drew him a glass of beer and asked me what I wanted and I took a cigar and laid 10c on the bar and he took it. There were six people in the saloon besides us two, there was Ed Henzler back of the bar and Butch Ricker and O'Neal and the other three parties I do not know. I looked at my watch and told Hurst in the presence of all that it was 1:12 a. m. and told Henzler to close up. He said he would close up in a minute, and at 1:45 a. m., Henry Rohr, who work- in Atkin's grocery, corner of Cherry and Superior streets, saw a man back of the bar and one in front of the bar. WM. WATSON, Patrolman.

(Prosecutor considering the case.)

Toledo, August 30, 1891.

E. O'Dwyer, Chief of Police:

I noticed a good number of people entering the following places on Summit street, by way of the kitchen: Pennsylvania House, August Wines and Chas. Dusseau. Alex. Genard was doing a good business through his kitchen. Front and side doors closed. The Christman House, corner Summit and Elm streets, had side door and bar room open this morning. The bar was enclosed with a curtain. Saw several people sitting at a table, but did not see anyone drinking.

Mrs. Lemmons, corner Water and Locust streets, was doing a good business by way of her sitting room door. The parties seen going in and out of these places were all strangers to me. All other saloons on post No. 1 were closed, front, side and rear.

EPKER, Patrolman.

(This considered no good. Evidence considered insufficient by prosecutor.)

August 30, 1891.

E. O'Dwyer, Chief of Police:

Chas. Strawl, on Ontario street, has a grocery and saloon back of the grocery. The door that goes into the saloon is in the rear of the grocery. This door was open and I saw four or five men in the saloon by looking through the light from the side door of the store. The doors that go into the store were locked.

S. SHAFER, Patrolman.

(Warrant refused.)

Toledo August 30,'91.

E. O'Dwyer, Chief of Police:

I investigated all saloons on Post 5 and found them all closed, except Alexander Genad's, No. 410 Adams street, which was open. I went in the back door and found ten or eleven men in his place sitting around tables and beer glasses on the table also; bartender behind the bar and two men standing at the bar with one glass half full of beer.

M. H. DWYER, Patrolman.

(Warrant out.)

Toledo, Aug 30, '91.

E. O'Dwyer, Chief of Police:

Saloon at the corner of Bush and Ontario streets, No. 750, was open. I went right in and there were five or six in there playing cards. I know several of them and can get their names. I told him to close up and he would not and he kept open until 9:30, Al. Just, proprietor. The balance of the saloons on post No. 2 were all closed.

LANGENDERFER, Patrolman.

(Considering the case.)

Toledo, August 30, '91.

E. O'Dwyer, Chief of Police:

7:30 p. m. P. Dunn, corner of Lafayette and Superior sts., had his saloon lit up and I could hear voices inside; I could recognize Harry Bishop's; he had front and back doors locked. When I tried the back door some one opened it and shut it again. When I came around again everything was dark.

Frank Prince on Monroe street was in his saloon at 8:10; he was behind the bar; three men were in front of the bar lighting cigars. They came out to the front of the saloon, and one came out —the other two remained in the front part. He closed his place and went home about 10:30 p. m. All other saloons were closed as far as I could see.

T. O'BRIEN, Patrolman.

(Considering the case).

Sunday, August 30, 1891.

E. O'Dwyer, Chief of Police:

I found the front door of John Watts' grocery store open, which leads to the saloon, separated by a thin cloth in the door. There were six men inside, three standing at the bar and a glass with some beer in it, and a woman inside the bar. I know one of the men.

JERRY COAKLEY, Patrolman.

(Considering the case.)

Toledo, O., Aug. 30, 1891.

E. O'Dwyer, Chief of Police:

All saloons on Post No. 8 were closed except Wm. Henzler's drug store, grocery and saloon combined, was open from 8 p. m. till 11 p. m. At 8:24 p. m. I went in through the store to the saloon with N. Langlois and Lackliter. Ed Henzler was behind the bar and Langlois took beer and Lackliter took ginger ale and I took a cigar, and Langlois paid 15 cents. Henzler took it. While we were in there Joe Myers came in but did not get anything while I was there; he came in at the back door from the alley. Both front and back doors were open wide same as a week day, except they had a curtain drawn, but it didn't come down to the floor.

WM. WATSON, Patrolman.

(Considering the case.)

August 30, 1891.

E. O'Dwyer, Chief of Police:

All saloons on post 9 closed except Jacoby's, which was open, and six men were standing at the bar with mugs of beer in their hands, and some was on the counter.

JOHN SHEEHEY, Patrolman.

(Warrant out.)

August 30, 1891.

E. O'Dwyer, Chief of Police:

Saloons on post N. 6 closed except Hockenberger's. I went into Hockenberger's at 10:50 a. m., found two men at the bar. Hockenberger and his bartender were behind the bar, but I saw no drinks sold.

H. FRISH, Patrolman.

(Considered no good.)

August 30, 1891.

E. O'Dwyer, Chief of Police:

Frank Lavoy's grocery and saloon, corner Cherry and Scott streets, was not closed at 8:30 a. m., but I saw no one in the saloon; the same at Jacob Shuller's, 1219 Cherry street. Went into Dauchner's saloon, 906 Cherry street, through the side door and saw five men in there; no one behind the bar, and saw none of them drinking.

R. F. JAMES, Patrolman.

(Considered no good.)

Toledo, Aug. 30, 1891.

E. O'Dwyer, Chief of Police:

Paul Writter's saloon, corner of Hawley and Blume streets, was open with 15 or 16 in the bar room and five glasses of beer on the bar. I could not get the names of those present.

WM. HINDE, Patrolman.

(Warrant refused.)

Toledo, O., Aug. 30, '91.

E. O'Dwyer, Chief of Police.

Found back door of Eckenrode's saloon, No. 421 Summit street, open at 1:40 p. m., and found 11 men sitting in bar room. Two of them had empty glasses, which showed that they had some beer in them. Bar tender in uniform was sitting back of cigar stand. I shut him up. Could not tell the names of any of the men, all strangers to me.

Other saloons closed.

E. J. HEINING, Patrolman.

(Warrant out.)

The last arrest was made this afternoon, Peter Jacoby, of Summit street, being brought to the station.

TWO FAMILIES

Kept Up by an Enterprising Russian Jew.

Herman Gelop Cuts Some Marital Capers

And in Consequence Lands in the Police Station — A Wronged Wife Confronts Him Just as He Was About to Leave Town.

A story of a man's double life with two living families was exposed in the Russian Jew colony on Perry street last night, and in consequence Herman Gelop, aged 35, is behind the bars of the police station with a charge of adultery placed against his name.

Gelop has been living here for several months, and in partnership with another Hebrew has been conducting a little tailor shop and second-hand store on Perry street, between Summit and St. Clair. Here he has been going under the name of Gold. A woman supposed to be his wife was living with him and they had one child, born since their arrival in this city.

In some manner the other members of the colony discovered that Gold had another wife and five children in New York City, whom he had deserted for the woman with him here. Their investigations also revealed the fact that the child born here was the second one of this illicit union, the first one having been left with a strange woman in New York City, and afterwards deserted.

They resolved to expose the couple, and by advertising in New York Jewish papers discovered the whereabouts of Mrs. Gelop, the real wife of the man going under the name of Gold here. She was in destitute circumstances, and with her five children was having a hard struggle for existence.

Gelop in the meantime had got wind of what was going on, and sent the woman he was living with to Cleveland.

Then he sent $15 to his wife to bring her and five children west. Of course this did not suffice and she sold her furniture to pay her fare to Toledo. She came here about four weeks ago and has been living with him, but he has tried every means to get rid of her and a number who know him say that he has even had the audacity to ask them how he can best get rid of his wife.

Yesterday he attempted to turn his interest in his store over to his partner and skip town, but before he could get away he was confronted by his wife and her friends. A big row was the result and the noise of the quarreling attracted the police, who arrested Gelop, as stated above. An effort is also being made to bring his mistress back to Toledo and punish her.

Before leaving New York Gelop had been keeping up the two families, and the youngest children in each family were born in the same month, only a few days apart, though by that time Gelop had settled in Toledo.

The real Mrs. Gelop and her interesting family are being taken care of by friends, and she tells a pitiful story of her sufferings and destitution in New York after being deserted by her husband. Had it not been for assistance rendered her she would not have been able to support her children.

Mrs. Rosencranz, to whom Gelop's exposure is largely due, recited to a BEE in detail the career of the couple in this city, and it is a tale of sin. "When their last baby was born," said she, "it was fortunate that I happened to be present, for they intended to kill the little one as soon as it came to light, and did try to, but I stopped them. The father went so far as to ask me if could get a coffin for it, but I told him that he would need a coffin before the baby did and by threatening to tell the police I induced him to desist from twisting the little one's neck. They would not make clothes for it, however, and I was obliged to go home that night and sew up some little dresses for it.

After Gelop was arrested his wife found among his effects a letter, written to the woman who had supplanted her. It was stamped and ready for the post office, but he had forgotten to mail it. The letter was addressed to Lena Gold, 419 Broadway, Cleveland, Ohio. This letter contained the most ardent protusions of love and undying affection besides considerable abuse of his real wife. In it he stated that his stock here was worth about $800, but that he would try to raise $50 on it and then he would join her in Cleveland, after which they would fly to parts unknown.

The sudden appearance of his wife and children, however, upset his plans somewhat. He will be held at the police station until Mrs. Gold can be brought here.

All of the parties concerned in the affair came from the same town in Polish Russia and have been acquainted all their lives. Gelop came to this country nine years ago and the woman who became his wife followed a few years later. Miss Gold came to America about four years ago and immediately after her arrival Gelop fell in love with her and the troubles of the family commenced. According to the story told by those who have investigated the case he was not constant to either one, but would first desert one for the other, until he finally ran away with Miss Gold, and after traveling the country over came to Toledo.

STEAMBARGE SUNK

In a Collision Off Ballard's Reef— Three People Killed.

Detroit, Sept. 1.—About 12 o'clock last night while near Ballard's reef, Detroit river, the small steambarge Jenks, loaded with stone from Lake Erie ports, was run into by the steambarge George W. Morley and sent to the bottom. The wife of the captain of the Jenks and the engineer and firemen were killed in the collision.

The Jenks was in charge of the mate, and in some manner turned squarely across the Morley's bow. The big steambarge struck her almost amidships and she sunk immediately. She lies projecting into the main channel of the river.

DISCUSSING GOULD.

Boston, Sept. 1.—A director of the Union Pacific says: "I have not heard that Gould, Sage or Dillon have sold many of their Union Pacific holdings as is reported. They are all heavy subscribers to the debt certificates, and it would be hardly likely for them to sell out at this time. Upward of three-quarters of the debt certificates are now placed, and the amount is being steadily increased. I do not know whether Mr. Dillon is going to resign or not."

CATTLE DISEASE.

Mason City, Ia., Sept. 1.—The disease affecting cattle which has been raging among herds in Palo Alto county has spread into Emmett county. Large numbers have died. The symptoms are similar to rabies and the disease is on the increase.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

FOR THE FALL CAMPAIGN.

The board of elections went into headquarters on Summit street this morning. The registration books are now open to all voters who will be out of the city or unable to register on regular registration days.

AT THE GOSPEL TENT.

Six students from Oberlin will conduct a meeting in the Gospel tent at the corner of Huron and Madison streets this evening. They bring a quartet with them and there will be some good music.

FAILED TO PUT UP HIS STAMP.

George Hoffman, a saloon keeper of Monroeville, was arrested yesterday and taken before U. S. Commissioner Beckwith on the charge of not having his government stamp up. He was bound over to United States court.

DR. MOWRY TO RESIGN.

Dr. J. N. Mowry, surgeon of the Soldiers' home at Sandusky, is in the city to-day. To a Bee the doctor stated that he expected to resign his position at the home within a few days and return to Toledo to practice his profession. To the doctor there is no place which suits him as does the Future Great.

REUNION AT THE T. B. C.

The Toledo Business College Alumni association held an informal reunion at the college last evening. About three hundred were present. Several selections of instrumental and vocal music, and refreshments at Meinert's were the principal features of the program. After supper a number of the guests returned to the college and spent the rest of the evening in a social gathering.

THE DEPOSITORY REPORT.

The following is a summary of the report of the city auditor to the depository commission showing the condition of the city funds at the close of business last night:

Amount on deposit last night	$168,073 99
Amount deposited during August	286,853 74
Amount drawn out during month	163,492 55
Amount utilized	3,132 27
Balance unappropriated	285,334 91
Total on deposit	288,467 18

SUIT AGAINST THE CLOVRE LEAF

Adelbert Stow sued the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City railroad company in common pleas court to-day, to recover $10,000 damages for the death of her husband.

Stow was in the employ of the defendants on the steam barge Osceala, and was killed October 20, by a bail of burlap falling on him while unloading freight at the Perry street dock.

HEAVY BUILDING PERMITS.

Since last report of building permits issued by the city clerk, H. S. Walbridge has taken out one for the erection of a $30,000 office building on the corner of Huron and Madison streets, and expects to get to work as soon as possible. The Armour company also took out a permit for their brick beef house on Erie street, to cost $10,000. R. P. Platt will build a $2,300 residence on Maplewood avenue, and Chris Bensman a $700 cottage on the Brown road.

A CLOUDY CASE

Lee Sampson, Will Jones, Will Durrian, Ed. Davis, Harry Brown and Hiram Lee, all colored boys, arrested by Officer Ashby, were arraigned in police court this morning charged with having created a disturbance in the court house park Sunday night by engaging in a muss with a Mr. Cramer, who they claimed had insulted them. Each of them had something to say about the affair, and each one paid the costs for their little speech before the judge.

OUGHT TO BE REMEDIED.

Sheriff Stuart this morning took a woman named Mary Holland to the insane asylum, but the superintendent of the institution refused to admit her on the ground that the papers, application, etc., should be forwarded to the asylum before the patient. Sheriff Stuart returned with the demented woman, and for a better place, confined her in the county jail, which is no fit place for a woman in this condition. Wherever the fault lies it should be remedied, as it is inhuman to drag insane people from pillar to post in this manner.

SHEEP PAID FOR.

The county commissioners this morning allowed the following sheep claims:

J Brunacombe	$ 17 00
T J Greenway	46 00
A L Van Fleet	95 00
F J Borck, jr	125 00
F J Borck	68 00
Samuel Northcott	17 00
Geo VanPelt	25 00
John Sharples	15 00
W W Smith	17 50
L A Gillett	15 00
J W Cressy	25 00
Conrad Rhost	13 50
Charles Rundal	23 00
Rundal	48 00
Henry Dicker	21 00
T O Regan	116 40
L E Strong	24 00

THE ARMOUR BUILDING.

A gang of workmen begun excavating for the new Armour warehouse to be erected on the corner of Erie and Washington streets. Casper Sacks of this city has the contract for excavation.

The building will be an elegant structure, 100 feet long and 45 feet wide. It will be constructed of pressed brick, with dressed stone finishing. Supervising Architect Kidd, of Chicago, arrived in the city to-day and will superintend the work.

"We intend to put up a building that will be an ornament to your city," said Mr. Kidd. "It will be two stories in height and a basement, and will be first-class in every detail from garret to cellar. We expect to have the building ready for business before winter."

BURIAL OF THE AGED WALDRON.

The funeral of the late Wynant Waldron was held yesterday afternoon. This is the gentleman who died at the infirmary last week, at the age of 93 years. Like many others, Mr. Waldron in his old age, was given to making statements touching property, etc., which were not warranted by facts. His children are well known and respectable residents of Toledo, and the stay of the old gentleman at the infirmary was unnecessary, being largely from his own choice. As to the statement printed that the children had secured his property and turned him adrift, the Bee is satisfied from examination that such was not the case. They were perfectly willing to take care of him always, and the fact that he received burial at the hands of the family, when they could have avoided the expense, is evidence that there was no desire to shirk responsibility or be unmindful of that which was required at their hands. Of course, the publicity given to the death is annoying, but those who enjoy the acquaintance of the children need no explanation to allow them to maintain their good standing in the estimation of their friends.

ARRESTS FOR AUGUST.

The following is the monthly report of arrests for August:

City cases—Abusing family, 5; begging, 5; common prostitute, 3; contempt of court, 1; disturbance, 86; drunkenness, 92; drunk and disorderly, 37; for safe keeping, 16; indecent exposure of person, 4; insulting females, 3; visiting disorderly house, 3; peddling without license, 1; fast driving, 4; residing in house of ill-fame, 37; visiting house of ill-fame, 25; resisting officer, 6; suspicion, 35; suspicious person, 3; shooting in city limits, 6; vagrancy, 19; violating bathing ordinance, 2; violating sidewalk ordinance, 5; violating dog ordinance, 1; violating street ordinance, 3; violating Sunday ordinance, 3; total, 465.

State cases—Adultery, 1; assault, 1; assault and battery, 22; assault with intent to rape, 2; carrying concealed weapons, 2; cutting with intent to wound, 1; cruelty to animals, 1; embezzlement, 1; escape from workhouse, 1; forgery, 1; fugitive from justice, 3; keeping brothel, 26; larceny from person, 1; malicious destruction of property, 1; neglecting children, 2; obtaining property by false pretense, 1; petit larceny, 30; prostitution, 2; rape, 2; robbery, 5; total, 106. Total arrests for the month, 511.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. H. J. Miller, of Norwalk, is visiting friends in Toledo.

Mr. A. M. Woolsen and family are home from a summer outing trip.

Mrs. Mary E. Cummings has returned from a long visit at St. Louis, Mo.

Mrs. N. S. Dryfoos and Mrs. A. Tuteur, of Fremont, are visiting in the city.

Miss Ella Turley entertained a small company very pleasantly last evening.

Miss Nora Waite has returned from Monroe, where she has been sketching.

Mr. S. C. Wynn and family will remove to Maysville, Ky., in the course of a few months.

Miss Marie McCann, of Cleveland, is the guest of Mayme Cannon, of Crittenden avenue, for a few weeks.

Miss T. Callaghan, of 324 Illinois street, left this morning to visit her brother, Father Callaghan, of Chicago.

The Misses Weiss, of Cherry street, have returned from a very delightful visit at Put-in-Bay, Sandusky and Berlin Heights.

W. F. Jonson, secretary of the Smith bridge works, left for California yesterday, where he hopes to recuperate his failing health.

This evening at the residence of Col. Isaac D. Smead, will occur the wedding of his neice, Miss Delia Smead to Mr. Frank Hull.

Miss Mayme Cannon and guest, Marie McCann, of Cleveland, leave to-morrow for Detroit, and will be the guest of Mrs. C. F. Fitsimmons, of Fourteenth avenue.

DIAZ V BALMACEDA.

Talk of an Internal War in Mexico.

The Victorious Stand Made by the People in Chili Has Aroused the Mexicans.

San Francisco, Sept. 1.—Private advices from the City of Mexico state that the outcome of the war in Chili is anxiously awaited in Mexico, and in case the insurgents win the result will hasten the revolution now smouldering in the land of the Aztecs.

The letter, which comes from an old and prominent citizen of the City of Mexico, says that Diaz is in truth the Balmaceda of Mexico, and that he is guilty of nearly the same offenses against human liberty as is Balmaceda.

Like the president of Chili, President Diaz has had a career of tyranny. He has suppressed all public meetings and all newspapers antagonistic to him and his policy. He has collected taxes and disbursed public money without authority.

He has throttled free speech and free press in Mexico, and has put to death half a score of Mexican journalists.

It will not be many days before a serious blow will be struck by the people against the dictatorial reign of Diaz. In furthering his personal interests Diaz is charged with combining with foreign capitalists and accepting bribes from foreign corporations in return for valuable concessions. While he has become a man of great wealth the people of his republic have grown poorer and poorer.

As the leader of the liberal party and against the clericals Diaz has gradually become more and more unpopular with the masses, who are Catholic and members of the clerical party. The fact that the natives are with the clericals makes the antagonism to Diaz overwhelming.

Ever since the marriage of Diaz to an American Protestant the wrath of the masses has been nursed, but has grown until now it can be kept within bounds no longer. During the past few days important military changes have taken place, and Diaz, who reads the handwriting on the wall, is preparing to put down any insurrection that may take place.

The Clericals, however, pay no attention to the movements of the military, for they outnumber the soldiers of Diaz ten to one. Diaz has been polite in appointing his personal friends as governors of different states, and in each state the Diaz government has been given absolute control of the militia in his province.

Diaz and his followers, who are in a hopeless minority, are in reality trembling in the balance, and the situation has grown so critical during the last few weeks that a strict guard is kept, and at the first sign of an outbreak Diaz proposes to slaughter the revolutionists in a way which he hopes will awe and terrorize the great mass of natives who are against him. There seems to be no outcome to the present critical condition of affairs but a fierce and bloody revolution.

MUSGRAVE'S INSURANCE.

He Had Thirty-five Thousand on His Life.

Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 1.—It is stated officially by the police that Musgrave, the alleged life insurance swindler, had a total of $35,000 on his life at the time of the log cabin fire, but they decline to give the names of the companies.

PROBABLY MURDERED.

Buffalo, Sept. 1.—The body of the young girl found in the woods near Lockport on Tuesday last with two bullet holes in it, and the head crushed in, has been identified as Katherine Sadd, a native of Servia.

She has a sister, Mrs. John George, living in this city. The girl's occupation was the peddling of fancy work and notions and on last Monday, in company with her cousin, Habib Sadd, she undertook one of her nomadic journeys.

She carried in a bag about her neck about $50. This money was missing when the body was found. The police are searching for Habib Sadd, who it is believed knows how the girl came to her death.

UNDER THE WHEELS.

Chardon, O., Sept. 1.—The northbound express on the Pittsburg & Western railroad, due at 10:50 a. m., while running the curve yesterday at what is known as Chamberlins crossing, on South Main street, dashed into a carriage containing Alanson Knox and daughter. The carriage was completely demolished and occupants hurled 20 feet into the air. Knox was instantly killed and his daughter lived but a few minutes.

TIFFIN'S POLICE.

Tiffin, O., Sept. 1.—Mayor Abbott has appointed the following persons as policemen for one year, ending August 31, 1892: James Hennessy, John Schrodes, John Marsteller, Frank S. Zerbe, Patrick Sweeny John Ballander, Thomas Faulkner. It is the intention of the mayor to give the city a more efficient police force than it has ever had before and to maintain the best possible order.

DIED IN NEW YORK

New York, Sept. 1.—James Elliott, a merchant of 1512 Passeyunk avenue, Philadelphia, died of heart disease this morning at the Chambers Street hospital. Mr. Elliott was taken suddenly ill last night at 92 Courtland street and was removed to the hospital. He was a Scotchman, 51 years old. He leaves a widow in the Quaker City. The remains will go thither to-day.

MYSTERIOUSLY ABSENT

Baltimore, Sept. 1.—David Ruth, of the firm of S. Ruth & Son, tin can manufacturers of this city, disappeared from his home on August 24th since which time nothing has been seen or heard of him. His relatives and friends fear that his mind became unbalanced over business troubles and that he has committed suicide.

WANT IT IN EVIDENCE.

Denver, Col., Sept. 1.—District Attorney Stevens yesterday obtained an injunction from Judge Allen restraining the Western Union Telegraph company from destroying any telegrams which may have passed between Dr. T. Thatcher Gray's and friends in Rhode Island while the doctor was in this city before and after the death of Mrs. Barnaby.

SUICIDED WITH POISON.

Kenton, O., Sept. 1.—A very sad affair occurred in the family of one of the best families of the city yesterday. Bert, the 20-year-old son of Enoch Merriman, took rough on rats, from the effects of which he died. He has been a great sufferer from epilepsy and must have been temporarily insane.

WOOD COUNTY DEMS.

They are Naming a Ticket at North Baltimore.

The Town and Hall Beautifully Decorated.

The Old Time Enthusiasm is Noticeable and the Delegates Feel That Victory is Within Their Reach.

North Baltimore, O., Sept. 1—The prosperous little city of North Baltimore has on its best clothes to-day, in honor of its guest, the democratic party of Wood county, which assembled here in convention.

The town is in gala attire, for it is the first time that either party has condescended to grant that North Baltimore is large enough for convention purposes.

This condescension was so gracious that all the citizens agreed to aid in entertaining visitors and thus demonstrating that the town is capable of taking care of a larger gathering than a county convention.

Early this morning the people began pouring into town, and by 10 o'clock the streets were well filled.

The democracy of Wood county is represented here to-day more largely than at any convention in the history of the party in the county, and democrats are confident that this year will witness a great victory for them.

More interest is manifested in the selection of a ticket than ever before.

This interest is created perhaps because the chances for democratic success are better than ever before. The administration of the affairs of the county by republican officials has not been satisfactory by any means, and the people are inclined to desire a change. This desire is not confined to party lines, either.

The quarrel which the republicans of the county are engaged in does not benefit their chances any.

Norris, the nominee of the republican mass convention for representative, who was kicked out of the way by the republican delegate convention to make room for B. F. James, a young Bowling Green lawyer who has been in the county but a few years, is sore over his unceremonious bouncing, and his friends do not take kindly to the manner adopted in bouncing him.

There is much dissatisfaction among republicans over this rumpus which bodes no good to the party, and the democrats feel that with the ticket nominated there will be an even chance to win.

For several years the republican majority in Wood has been dwindling, and will continue to grow smaller as the people become better informed as to the matters which materially affect them. One of these times it will be wiped out entirely, and such a consummation is not an impossibility in this year of our Lord, 1891.

The city was handsomely decorated with flags and bunting, while a large banner suspended across the principal thoroughfare bore the inscription, "North Baltimore Welcomes the Democracy of Wood County."

The train from Bowling Green, which brought down a large crowd, was met at the depot by a reception committee and brass band.

The Bowling Green juvenile band accompanied the delegation.

The convention was held in the new opera house, one of the handsomest buildings for its size in Ohio. It was also handsomely decorated. The stage was a bower of flags, while portraits of Cleveland, Campbell, Gen. Steedman and other democrats, living and dead were prominently displayed.

The convention was a very representative one, the leading democrats from all over the county being in attendance.

Hon. L. C. Cole was chosen temporary chairman, and upon assuming the chair Mr. Cole thanked the convention and said he was glad to know that he belonged to a party which was not controled by any ring.

"From the murmurings we hear the ticket made to-day I predict will be elected."

D. R. Jones, of Milton township, was chosen secretary with the democratic editors of the county as assistants.

The usual committees were appointed by the chair, as follows:

Permanent organization, rules and order of business—O. W. Nye, Henry; Cap Mauer, Tontogany; Thomas Bearly, Pemberville; D. H. Jamison, Dowling; Thomas Shinew, Portage.

Resolutions—Jno. W. Canary, John Cronker, Amos Deveere, Frank Taylor, C. A. Huston.

Dr. Norton Present.

Hon. James A. Norton, of Tiffin, was introduced to the convention and made one of his characteristic and enthusiastic speeches. He was tendered a magnificent ovation and immediately began the discussion of the issues of the campaign.

He said that the present hour was fraught with great issues and that never in the history of this country had such momentous questions come up for discussion and settlement.

"This is a campaign of education. Why ought it not to be?

"Upon the globe the sun shines on no fairer country than ours; its resources are unequaled in any country on earth, and its people are the most industrious, peaceful and contented.

"Every inch of the vast domain of the republic came as a gift from the grand old democratic party, with the exception of Alaska; and that old party gave you your constitution, your free schools and all the freedom you possess, in every detail."

The speaker then turned to the war and its results and followed the record of the republican party in the years of its administration of governmental affairs, from the close of the war to the present time.

The speaker continued:

"The hour has come now not for the settlement of matters in the old way, but the newer and more peaceful method at the polls; we want good government and we must select the party from which we can most reasonably expect it. We have four candidates in the field for governor of this great state. The republicans have nominated Major McKinley, and my personal friend, a man to whom I owe much. I would not speak of him with disdain, but we are not discussing him, he is an honest man, but he stands the exponent of a malicious economic doctrine, which is fast binding the people of this country in an industrial slavery.

"The democrats have nominated Gov. James E. Campbell, (applause), one of the most honest conscientous men who ever drew breath. (Applause). No man can charge him with dishonesty, no man can charge him with anything but clean handedness, he is the ideal leader of the gallant Buckeye Democracy and he will lead the democratic hosts to victory in November. (Applause).

"Our Farmer's alliance friends with the people's party have nominated John Seitz an honest man. I do not blame the farmers for seeking relief from excessive taxation, but I must insist that this relief may best be found by allying themselves with the democratic party."

The speaker then spoke upon the free coinage question and showed that free coinage meant plenty of money, and restricted coinage a scarcity. Going to the tariff, he showed up the fallacies of protection in a clear and concise manner.

The convention then adjourned until 1:30 o'clock. Even republicans concede the convention as the largest democratic assembly that ever met in Wood county, and it was as enthusiastic as it was large.

Mention of the name of Gov. Campbell was greeted with wild applause, and was ample demonstration that the democrats of Wood are in for the Butler mascot.

SELECTING A TICKET.

When the convention reassembled the temporary organization was made permanent, and committee to select delegates to senatorial convention was sprolated.

The committee on resolutions reported the following:

The Resolutions.

"The democracy of Wood county, in convention assembled, heartily indorse the platform of principles adopted by the democracy of Ohio at Cleveland in July last, and recognize in Gov. James E. Campbell a faithful official, a true democrat, and an honest man.

"The democracy of Wood county recognizes the fact that the agricultural interest of this county, state and nation forms the foundation of our wealth and presperity, and that the interests of all classes depend more or less upon the success of our farmers, and we earnestly invite the co-operation of the farmers of our county in the enactment of such laws as may tend to advance and protect their interests, and afford them the relief their importance as a class demands.

The convention then proceeded to the selection of a ticket.

O. L. Diver, of Prairie Depot, a substantial farmer, will undoubtedly be nominated for representative.

THE T. & O. C. CHARGES

Rate Cutting But Don't Show Up at the Meeting.

Rate Inspection Gains at Toledo.

The Toledo Spice Company's Shipments -- Clover Leaf Gains-- Hocking Valley Engineers Have Grievances.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Middle States Lumber association was held yesterday to investigate charges against the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton and the Big Four railroads relative to cutting rates.

There were present President C. C. Waite and W. A. Mills of the C., H. V. & T., A. G. Blair of the W. & L. E., C. S. Wight of the B. & O., O. G. Murray and A. B. Haugh.

The charges were brought by the Toledo & Ohio Central, but that road was not represented at the meeting although it called the committee together. Nothing was produced sustaining the charges, and as the accused roads had sufficient evidence to clear themselves the charges were dismissed. The action of the T. & O. C. is unaccountable.

C., H. V. & T. Grievances.

The engineers and firemen on the Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo railroad have presented grievances to the management, the burden of which is a request for pay for overtime. The men say that they formerly received overtime, but that when the year's agreement was up it was discontinued and has not been renewed. This they desire to have done at once. If overtime is not granted them they want an increase in wages to even matters up. The question will be settled to-day. The company does not feel justified in increasing the pay rolls, but will deal as liberally with the men as possible.

Big Increases.

The Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City railroad earnings are still on the increase. The last week in August, 1891, the earnings were $63,050, an increase of $25,113, or about 40 per cent. over the same week of last year.

The earnings for the month of August amount to $203,092, an increase of $75,000 over August, 1890.

Had Five Hours' Sleep.

A wreck occurred on the Lake Shore road early yesterday morning at Milbury, two freight trains colliding. Engines Nos. 513 and 517 were badly damaged. Twelve hundred bushels of wheat were scattered along the track. One of the engineers was asleep at the time of the accident. He had had five hours' sleep during the past week.

Lake Shore Improvements.

The Lake Shore is being straightened and depressions taken out all along the line. The work is being carried on in both directions from Toledo and is almost completed. The highways have been carried under the tracks where it is practicable, after the manner of English roads. Some bad curves are being removed also. The company will be enabled by these improvements to carry heavier trains. Fifty to sixty cars will be run in a train instead of twenty-five or thirty as heretofore.

Gains at Toledo.

The following, compiled from the report of the Toledo Joint Rate Inspection bureau, shows the gains in revenue accruing from the weighing of carload and platform freight, etc., and adjustment of classification evasions on Toledo railroads in this district for the first six months of this year:

Wabash	$ 4,662.07
Michigan Central	8,906.64
T., C. & C.	5,018.69
Clover Leaf	10,056.52
Lake Shore	21,301.27
W. & L. E.	3,266.92
C., J. & M.	2,292.76
C., H. & D.	6,212.02
Pennsylvania	1,371.51
C., H. V. & T.	2,919.36
T., A. A. & N. M.	1,681.37
T. & O. C.	2,448.78

Toledo Spice Co. Shipments.

The Toledo Joint Railroad Inspection bureau has notified inspectors that the Toledo Spice company has been making shipments of table glassware, describing it as earthenware, and the inspectors are cautioned to see that the shipments of this company are properly described before being billed out.

Cinders Here and There.

Commercial Agent C. T. Wight, of the B. & O., is in Pittsburg.

General Superintendent T. M. Peelar, of the Toledo & Ohio Central railroad, is still down the line.

General Agent E. B. Coolidge, of the Wheeling & Lake Erie at Detroit, is in the city.

The Toledo Superintendents' association will meet Wednesday, September 9, at the Boody house.

The Toledo passenger committee meets Tuesday, September 29.

The sale of the Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw railroad under a decree of foreclosure takes place at Toledo at 3 p. m. October 1.

Traveling Passenger Agent W. S. Brown, of the Lake Shore, is in town to-day.

Wm. Grogan, manager of the Toledo Car Service association, went to Findlay this morning.

The Toledo Car Service association handled about 7,000 cars last month, with an average period of one and one-half days from the time of receipt to the time of departure.

E. D. Curran has been appointed agent of the Lake Shore at Oberlin vice B. Parsons. W. S. Woodring, formerly of La Carna, succeeds Mr. Curran at Rocky Ridge. J. W. Helling will assume the duties of agent at La Carna.

A rate of 90 cents per ton has been authorized on ice from Warsaw, Ind., to Van Wert, O., and $1.10 to Lima.

East bound travel still continues heavy, so say the passenger men.

West bound travel from eastern watering places is booming as the schools open next week.

The Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City railroad has announced a rate of one fare for the round trip to Toledo Labor Day, from points within 100 miles.

The application for a 15 cent rate per barrel on barrel salt from the Saginaw Valley to Chicago has been declined.

A rate of $1.00 per ton on bulk salt form Saginaw Valley to Chicago has been authorized.

President S. R. Callaway, of the Clover Leaf, is still in the east.

R. D. Allshire late of the supply department of the Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo railroad, died at his home in Columbus yesterday. The remains will be interred at Gallipolis.

Last week a mile was made in 39 4-5 seconds on the Bound Brook railroad. There were two ordinary coaches and President McLeod's private car attached to the engine.

Henry Marshal, chief inspector for the Toledo Joint rate Inspection bureau, is confined to his home by illness.

General Passenger Agent J. M. Hoff, of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, is in Chicago.

OUR DRAPERIES

Fine Textures for Artistic Work . . . in . . .

Silk Plushes, Brockatals, Louis IV.

NEW IDEAS

No Trouble to Show Rich Novelties of all kinds.

BRIGGS & LEIBIUS,

307 SUMMIT STREET.

How to Get to The Exposition Grounds.

The Dorr Street Cars go direct to gate entrance.

Lake Shore will run passenger trains from Union depot every fifteen minutes, or oftener if necessary.

Those who have their own conveyances will find it a pleasant drive to go out Monroe St. to Oakwood Ave., Oakwood Ave. to Detroit Ave., then to Dorr St., direct to grounds.

Other conveyances will be on hand and everything done to care for the vast crowds possible.

EXPOSITION AND INTER-STATE FAIR, SEPT. 7 to 12

ADMISSION, 50 CENTS.

SNOWED HIM UNDER.

He Was Papa's Boy, But that Didn't Count.

Ex-Speaker Lampson

The Bee.

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

ELMER WHITE, G. G HADLEY, F. P. CHAPIN

ESTABLISHED 1876.

The BEE absorbed—
Daily and Weekly Times, February 15, 1881.
Daily and Weekly Post, February 25, 1886.

ONLY 14 years old, and the leading paper of Northwestern Ohio. Is the pioneer low priced paper, is *always* for the people and is read by the great masses. For these reasons THE BEE has always enjoyed the largest circulation, and is consequently the best advertising medium.

OFFICE 136 AND 138 ST. CLAIR ST

THE BEE Is regularly placed on file and may be seen at the BEE'S New York Office, Room 206 Potter Building, opposite Postoffice, New York City.

TOLEDO, OHIO, SEPTEMBER 1, 1891.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JAMES E. CAMPBELL, Butler County.

For Lieutenant Governor,
W. V. MARQUIS, Logan County.

For Auditor of State,
T. E. PECKINPAUGH, Wayne County.

For Attorney General,
JOHN P. BAILEY, Putnam County.

For State Treasurer,
C. F. ACKERMAN, Richland County.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
GUSTAVUS H. WALD, Hamilton County.

For Commissioner of the Public Schools,
CHARLES C. MILLER, Erie County.

For Member Board of Public Works,
JOHN McNAMARA, Summit County.

For Food and Dairy Commissioner,
A. J. THUMBO, Lawrence County.

JUDICIAL TICKET.

For Common Pleas Judge,
GRAYSON MILLS, Erie County.

It looks as though the next revolution will be in Hayti, as though, indeed, it were already begun. Perhaps our lost Minister Egan has gone to tender his services to the barbarous Hippolyte.

If the sultan of Turkey has made submission to the czar of Russia there will follow some rapid and menacing changes of attitude on the part of other European nations. The ambition of Russia is understood as well as the resultant danger from it to other powers.

The Argentine Republic objects strenuously to the proposed settlement within its borders of a Jewish colony. For the moment Baron Hirsch's favorite plan for the relief of the Russian Jew is checked. It looks as though the United States will become the greatest refuge of these exiles.

The good Catholic priest who saw two young girls enter a Chinese opium den and promptly followed and rescued them, though he had to knock down a barred door and take a revolver away from the den keeper before he could do it, evidently believes in a church militant. There should be more Father Alywards.

President Harrison paid a very handsome tribute to the Vermont breed of horses, but he omitted to return thanks to the Vermont sheep, who are understood to have contributed handsomely to his election.—Boston Herald.

Great minds agree. Neither has Candidate McKinley anything to say to the Ohio sheep, who are understood to have contributed handsomely to the support of his bill.

The time for continuing the 4 1-2 per cent. bonds will be extended. There are still about $27,000,000 outstanding in these bonds. It would seem as though Secretary Foster might keep himself busy with the legitimate affairs of his office, and not go into electioneering schemes for 1892. Probably, though, he and Mr. Harrison know what he is there for.

Mr. Eiffel's plan for building a tower at the world's fair having been rejected, certain Chicago people offer to erect one 250 feet higher than the Eiffel tower at the Paris Exposition was, to cost $2,000,000. But why have a tower at all? Are the projectors of the world's fair attractions so deficient in originality as to need to follow the Paris exposition plans? Surely the twenty-story buildings in Chicago will make people sufficiently dizzy without erecting any for that specific purpose.

Foreign advices indicate that Austria is about to adopt a rigorous policy against the disaffected in Bohemia, and that the same measures may be deemed necessary in other states of that empire. If the iron heel of government presses too hard upon the empty stomachs of the people, in Austria or elsewhere in Europe this winter, the result may be bad for the government. When wheat is $1.50 a bushel and rye can not be obtained, conditions predicted for the coming season, those who do not reason but can feel should be treated most kindly by their rulers, as even a matter of policy.

Senator Washburn of Minnesota is authority for the statement that he discovered, while on a tour of Europe, that there was a deliberate attempt being made to convince the world that Secretary Blaine was broken in health and that "his brilliant mind had failed." This is going away from home to hear the news. In this country we had heard every ill the body is heir to assigned in turn to Mr. Blaine, but not that he was a mental wreck. Senator Washburn thinks those in whose interest these stories were circulated will be the sufferers therefrom, and that unless Mr. Blaine peremptorily refuses to run "his nomination will be by acclamation."

The Philadelphia Record regards "the attempt of the republican brethren in Ohio to unload one issue and load up with another" as being "as bold as it is difficult." The Record thinks Mr. McKinley will find it awkward work "to shake off his tariff skin," and cannot see how the party can shake McKinley. Referring then to the discovery of a Chicago man who changes his skin once a year, like a snake, the Record recommends:

This subject of desquamative erythema, so admirably constituted for political purposes, should not be lost sight of in this season of strategic transformation, when original greenbackers are shouting for hard money and high tariff doctors are prescribing reciprocity. If McKinley should not be a go in Ohio this year it would be prudent to put aside hide-bound candidates and give the desquamative person a trial.

The republican brethren of Ohio will do well to bear this good advice in mind, for doubtless they will be ready to try it next year, when they will have thoroughly assimilated the experiences this year will bring them.

PARTY LEADERS IN ENGLAND.

The latest advices from London indicate that there is opposition in the house of lords to the elevation of Mr. W. H. Smith to the peerage. At this distance it looks as though that body ought to be ready to welcome any man whose brains might help to check its fast waning prestige. There are few men in the upper house of ability such as has marked the public career of Mr. W. H. Smith. His honorable record is not now questioned, but the objection raised is that he is "too plebian." This is of course incomprehensible to the American mind, and too subtle—or too flimsy—for our analysis. It would be a pleasure to be able to record that Mr. Smith returned the contempt of the peers, and would rather stay the plain commoner he was when he won recognition than to bury that service under the title of Lord This-that-or-the-other. Such is not the case. He has bought a castle and a demesne and a tenantry and if the title he wants does not follow he will take nothing less.

Mr. Smith's impaired health will in any event disqualify him for the leadership of the house of commons next year, and it is generally conceded his successor will be Mr. Balfour. The rise of Mr. Balfour, who is still young to be a statesman, has been free from any grave mistakes and entanglements, and he is certainly the most popular member of the conservative party to-day. His conduct of Irish affairs, which it was predicted would be his political ruin, has greatly enhanced his reputation. Mr. Balfour's own choice of conservative leader for the house is Mr. Groschen, whom the rest of the party will not accept.

There is only one circumstance, may its day be long in coming, that will see any leader but Mr. Gladstone at the head of the liberal party, whether it is in or out of power. At the present time without Mr. Gladstone the liberals would be a party without a possible leader. Sir William Harcourt is the only man named for the leadership, and the Review of Reviews says of his selection:

The liberal party is a party of enthusiasm and of conviction. Sir W. Harcourt has neither the one nor the other. The men who alone can be depended upon to carry the constituences are men to whom politics are a religion. To Sir W. Harcourt they are a game. The other day one of Sir William's colleagues gravely reproved the expression of such an estimate. "I am quite sure," said he, "that there are some things about which Sir William is sincere." "Name, name," was cried. "Well, for instance," replied his apologist, "I am sure no one could possibly be more sincere than Sir William in disliking the colonies."

If the intimate supporters of Sir William Harcourt can find no better thing than this to say for him, then certainly the future of the liberal party is unsettled if it can find no leader but a man whose hatred for "Greater Britain" is a distinguishing mark.

As to the Irish party unless something unforeseen occurs its outlook is gloomy. It is pre-eminently a faction in parliament that needs skilled leadership, and at present has no leader. Mr. Parnell has committed political hari-kari. Justin McCarthy was only a temporary figurehead. O'Brien is too hot headed. John Dillon will probably be the man. He is of character unimpeachable, sincere and patriotic, and his romantic history endears him to all Irishmen. Yet if he has capabilities as a leader they are so far undeveloped and unsuspected.

THE TOLEDO BEE.

An Unprejudiced Opinion of its Excellence

From the Sandusky Register.

The Toledo Bee prints several extracts from its exchanges on the death of the Toledo Democrat which was started by the Dobsons to supplant the Bee and fill a long felt want.

The Bee is the ablest, most consistent and most sensibly edited democratic daily in Ohio. The Cincinnati Enquirer is all things to all men. The Cleveland Plain Dealer is given to too much lying. The Bee outranks the Plain Dealer and is a credit to its party and to Toledo. The Dobsons might have known, and if they had the genuine newspaper instincts would have known that there was no room in Toledo for another democratic paper. Practical, sensible newspaper men never enter a field already occupied. An effort to supplant a well established and ably managed newspaper always ends in failure, and the death of the Democrat was stamped on its first issue.

FARMERS HAVE NOT PROFITED.

The farmers know that they have not been prosperous under the republic n so called "protective" tariff. They can easily trace their failure to the tariff which enhances the price of everything they are compelled to purchase while it fails to increase the price of anything they have to sell. They will no longer vote to support the party which advocates the continuation of a policy which has proven so ruinous to them.—Findlay Courier.

NOT A WORD FROM PAT.

What has become of Mr. Blaine's diplomatic agent in Chili, Pat Egan? Amid all the recent exciting events in that country not a word has come from Pat. It is known, however, that he has compromised his dignity as American minister by arraying himself on the side of Balmaceda and an inquiry into his conduct is likely to be one of the incidents of the next session of congress.—Chicago Herald.

A COUPLE OF TARIFF POINTS.

Our republican friends are very slow in answering the question, Why, if the tariff is not a tax paid by the consumer, did the price of sugar drop the very day the tariff tax was removed?

Before Major McKinley can convince the workingmen of Ohio that his bill has been a good thing for them he will have to produce one of their number whose wages it has increased.—Mansfield Shield and Banner.

GETTING VERY COLD FOR THE MAJOR.

The republicans will read the invitation of the leading republican business men of the capitol city to Capt. Lee to discuss the tariff and then proceed to read nine more leading men out of the republican party. At this rate the "Little Napoleon" will scarcely have a corporal's guard to escort him to his St. Helena in the cold days of November.—Canton News-Democrat.

PLACES THE RESPONSIBILITY.

The election of Lewis Roemelin chairman of the Hamilton county democratic committee is the correct thing. It places the responsibility for the result in that county in November just where it belongs. The eyes of Ohio democrats will be on the chairman of the Hamilton county committee.—Mansfield Shield and Banner.

THE BENEFICIARIES WILL PAY.

If it is really true that Major McKinley has accepted an invitation to visit Massachusetts during the coming campaign and make a speech on the tariff, it would be only fair play on the part of the democratic managers to volunteer to pay all the incidental expenses.—Boston Herald.

HERE, TOO.

Although August has been a month of remarkable disasters, this latitude has enjoyed just the right sort of weather to insure a splendid yield of corn, and the stay-at-home residents of the city have had almost continuous summer resort temperature.—Dayton Herald.

DO YOU HEAR, SECRETARY BLAINE?

Clearly Mr. Egan's term of serviceability in Chili is at an end, and the sooner our state department revokes his appointment and recalls him, the better it will be for the diplomatic credit of our government.—Boston Herald.

THE CAPTAIN HAD NERVE.

How the City of Panama Sailed Away.

Her Commander Threatened to Throw the Salvadorian Officer Overboard if He Did Not Leave.

San Francisco, Sept. 1.—A Panama steamer brings a story which shows the true inwardness of the attempt by President Ezeta, of Salvador, to seize five Salvadorian refugees on the Pacific Mail steamer City of Panama, in La Union, and to confiscate the vessel when this scheme failed.

The cable brought an outline of the story, but it gave no reasons for the attempted seizure, which was precisely a similar case to the Barrundia affair, except that in this case Salvador was the aggressor and tried to capture exiles whom President Ezeta hated.

The leader of the five refugees on board the City of Panama was Gen. Tetona. He, with others, bought tickets at Corinto, Nicaragua, for San Jose de Guatemala. Gen. Tetona had spent five years in exile in Nicaragua. Ezeta's animosity against him is due to the fact that when commander-in-chief of the Salvador army Tetona ordered 100 lashes to be laid on the back of Ezeta, then a private in the army.

Hernandez, Ayala and Rivas, the other Salvadorian refugees, had all incurred the wrath of Ezeta, Ayala being the president legally elected whom Ezeta forced out by intrigues, and Rivas being the nephew of the general who last year headed the unsuccessful revolt against Ezeta. Brannan, the fifth refugee, is an American contractor who became mixed up in Salvador politics.

When the vessel reached La Union the commandant of the port came out with 13 heavily armed soldiers in a launch.

Capt. White only permitted the commandant to board the vessel. Then the officer made a formal demand for the surrender of Tetona. This the captain refused. Then the threat was made that the steamer would not be given clearance papers till Tetona was surrendered. Capt. White waited four hours for papers and then left.

At Libertad the commandant came aboard and declared that he had Ezeta's order to take charge of the ship. This roused the captain's anger and he ordered the commandant ashore, at the same time arming all his men and getting out the hot water hose ready to repel an attack.

Capt. White at once sailed. He heard Ezeta was on the way with a large body of troops to seize the steamer, so he did not touch at Acajutla, where a stop is usually made, but kept five miles out. With glasses it could be seen that a large body of men were at the wharf and when the steamer passed by they boarded a train and left for the interior. They were probably Ezeta's force.

A PIONEER GONE.

John A. Laufkotter Dead in Sacramento.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 1.—John A. Laufkotter, a pioneer citizen of Sacramento, died in the 80th year of his age yesterday. Mr. Laufkotter was born in Germany and came to the United States in 1834.

At that period St. Louis was the objective point for many of his countrymen, and he proceeded there, subsequently establishing a business in St. Charles. At this place he met and became intimate with John A. Sutter, and after several months of effort the two organized one of the first parties to go to the Pacific coast via Santa Fe. Just as they were about to start several accidents happened to the train. The finances became low and Sutter was obliged to withdraw, but Laufkotter started on his trip and reached Santa Fe in safety.

He had many memorable adventures in what is now New Mexico in 1837-8, and finally returned to the United States, where he resided until the breaking out of the gold excitement in 1849, when he again started in an ox team for California and reached Sacramento with his family on October 10.

As one of the few men who had a close acquaintance with John A. Sutter prior to the latter's migration to the Pacific coast, Mr. Laufkotter early became prominent in connection with the statement that the founder of New Helvetia was not educated for a military life, and he has left a large manuscript volume detailing many incidents which will be of great interest in connection with pioneer history. It was on Captain Sutter's ranch that gold was first discovered in California.

Mr. Laufkotter during his lifetime wrote many interesting articles for the local press in which he contended that John A. Sutter had not performed many acts for which he received credit.

SHOULD GO TELL PA.

Russell Harrison Angry at Secretary Foster.

He Would Not Allow the Young Man a Cutter to Bring His Wife Ashore.

New York, Sept. 1.—The Sun says Collector Fassett, backed by Secretary Foster, yesterday refused to let Russell Harrison have the United States revenue cutter Grant for the purpose of going down the bay to meet and take off Mrs. Russell Harrison and Mrs. McKee when they arrived on the Majestic. Mr. Harrison is said to have been very angry at the refusal.

The reason given for the refusal is that it is not customary to transfer women from steamers to small craft. Such transfers are difficult and dangerous even for men. In only two instances has the rule been broken; in the case of Nellie Grant Sartoris when her father was dying, and of Miss Folsom when she was on her way home to be married to President Cleveland.

IRENE LEVY STANDS TRIAL.

The case against Irene Levy for keeping a house of ill-fame came up in police court this morning after the regular docket had been disposed of. The morning was consumed in empanelling a jury and evidence in the case is being heard this afternoon.

The defendant is represented by Attorneys Ritchie and Bloch, and they are fighting every inch of the case.

Mayor Emmick has been subpoenaed in the case as a witness for the prosecution. He ordered these raids, and now it will be necessary for him to go on the stand and tell what he knows about these houses.

TENNESSEE'S LEGISLATURE IN SESSION.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 1.—The extra session of the Forty-seventh general assembly of Tennessee convened at noon yesterday, and after listening to the reading of the governor's message, adjourned until to-day.

In his message the governor incidentally suggests the purchase of undeveloped coal lands upon which the penitentiary shall be erected, with a view to working the miners with convict labor, the coal to be sold to the public.

POINTER FOR THE GOVERNOR.

And so there will be a joint debate between Governor Campbell and Major McKinley. Ask him something, governor, that is not in his regular speech, and he will get the stage fright.—The Massillonian.

RATHER SO.

It is amusing to hear Sherman talk to old soldiers about paying their pensions with an honest dollar, after having paid them for their services in the field with a paper dollar worth 40 cents in gold.—Springfield Democrat.

THE SUN'S OPPORTUNITY.

Mr. Dana having gone to Europe, there is an opportunity for the Sun to shine for democracy, unobscured by the editor's personal dislikes.—New Orleans Delta.

LABOR DAY.

The Line of March—Novelty To Be Provided by the Cigarmakers—Notes.

The line of march for the Labor day parade has been changed and will be as follows: Forming on Jefferson street; Jefferson to Michigan, to Monroe, to St. Clair, to Jefferson, to Superior, to Cherry, to Summit, to Broadway, to the grounds.

A meeting of the Central Labor union was held last evening and arrangments for the Labor day celebration were completed. The union band will be at the service of the unions on that day. President R. F. Booth of the Central Labor union will make the address of welcome at the grounds. William Zimmerman will greet the German brethren in their mother tongue. Vice President Wm. Fellows will also speak. The observation of the day promises to be most successfully carried out.

The lumber inspectors and tally men met last evening and perfected a permanent organization under the American Federation of Labor. Officers were elected and enough new members were admitted to bring the membership up to 50. The new union has not yet selected a regular place of meeting.

Lozier & Yost have made the metal polishers a proposition and the same was considered at a meeting of the union held last evening. It seems the firm desires to reserve the right to keep in its employ the men who took the strikers' places. This does not meet with the approval of the unionists, and they are of the opinion if the non-union men are retained that their fight will have been made in vain. So much time was taken up last evening discussing the matter that it was too late to submit a decision to the Central Labor union.

The cigarmakers will have a novel display in the Labor day parade. There will be four floats, representing the Chinese factory, the state's prison factory, a tenement house factory and the union factory. A meeting was held last evening. The purchase of flags, bunting, etc., was authorized and a committee was appointed to see that the floats were properly decorated.

A rule has gone into effect on the Consolidated street car line whereby a man who misses his car loses a whole week's work. This, the men think, is a little too hard on them. Before Superintendent Denman's time the men were only laid off a day which was not so bad. As it is at present the punishment don't seem to fit the crime.

A meeting of the Building Trades council was held last evening. Very little business was transacted.

The tailors met at Druid hall last evening. Nothing but routine business was transacted.

The blacksmiths will meet Friday evening and effect a permanent organization.

A meeting of the committee from the Central Labor union on arrangements for Labor day will meet Sunday to complete arrangements. A full attendance is desired.

GOV. CAMPBELL WORSE.

Unable to Leave His Room Yesterday.

It Is Probable That He Will Have to Go to the Seashore for Absolute Rest.

Columbus, O., Sept. 1.—Gov. Campbell's condition was not so favorable yesterday and he was unable to leave his room.

He has a severe pain in his limbs and head and the indications are that the malady has a strong hold upon him.

It is probable that within the next two or three days the governor will leave for some point in the east if his physician is able to make him see the importance of such a move.

THEY MAY BE LOST.

Three Men in a Sailboat Fail to Reach Their Destination.

Petoskey, Sept. 1.—Two brothers, Clarence and Charles Foss and Frank York left middle Village Saturday afternoon with a sailboat loaded with blackberries, bound for Petoskey. They were to return yesterday with provisions for the camp. Not returning, their companions came here in search of them, only to find that they had neither been seen or heard from. A searching party will go out in the morning on Connable's fish tug.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Gen. Campbell is slated to appear at a pioneer picnic at Melmore next Saturday.

Hon. Frank H. Hurd will speak on the tariff at Wauseon some time this month.

Shaw and Geyer will have the usual big majorities down in the Thirty-second district.

Senator Billy Sutton declares he is not in it this year, and will not be a candidate for re-election.

The democrats of Henry county will hold their convention at Napoleon next Saturday, September 5.

The Defiance Democrat under the present management is one of the best democratic weeklies in Ohio.

Harlan L. Stewart, the democratic candidate for senator, in the Thirtieth district, is an able stump speaker.

J. C. Bollmeyer's Wauseon Expositor appears in a new head and partially new dress. It is staunchly democratic.

Judge Grayson Mills, of Sandusky, is handsome, but not vain. He has not had a photograph taken for fifteen years.

The republican party in Wood county is badly demoralized, and a democratic victory all along the line is not improbable.

Major A. B. Holcomb, of Paulding, would like to be the republican candidate for congress in the Sixth district, next year.

Guilford L. Marble, formerly of this city, has been nominated by the republicans for prosecuting attorney of Van Wert county.

M. N. Utley, the democratic candidate for representative in Paulding county, is the proprietor of a store at Cecil, and very popular.

The people's party in Northwestern Ohio will not show much strength this year. In several counties it will have no ticket in the field.

Hon. E. B. Gilliland, representative from Van Wert county, will be re-elected. The republicans have nominated E. N. Runnion, a farmer, against him.

Hon. John W. Canary, of Bowling Green, will not be a candidate for the senate from this district unless the nomination comes to him unanimously.

Senator Somerant, from a business standpoint, will not be loth to retire from the senate. His business interests are large and require his constant attention.

Much of the opposition to Billy Gear, the democratic candidate down in the Thirty-first district, has disappeared. He will be elected by an enormous majority.

Ex-president Hayes, of Fremont, will not discuss politics with newspaper men. He desires, as he recently expressed it, "to live out his days in a non-partisan manner."

Dr. J. O. Allen, the democratic nominee for representative in Fulton county, lives at Fayette, and is very popular, and will give Eley, his republican opponent, a lively tussle.

The Hicksville Independent is making trouble for the republican organ of Defiance county, the Express. It demands that the public printing shall be let to the lowest bidder.

Judge Lackey, of Elmore, will not run for the senate, although his friends have endeavored to bring him out. He has been very successful in business, but his political path has not been strewn with flowers. He says he has had enough.

THE BONES OF COLUMBUS.

Claim That They are Still in San Domingo.

No Proof That They Were Removed to Havana in the Year 1795 as Was Supposed.

New York Sept. 1.—Senor Suarez, the diplomatic representative of San Domingo in this country, takes a warm interest in the controversy about the various places where the bones of Christopher Columbus are suppose to repose.

Some people assert that they are in Havana, but the Senor is of those who contend they are still in San Domingo. The controversy is so exciting that it appears there may be a falling out between Spain and San Domingo. The Senor talked freely on the subject today.

"We know," he said, "that Columbus died at Vallodolid in 1506; that between 1507 and 1513 his remains were taken to the Convent of Las Cuevas at Seville; that between 1537 and 1540 they were removed to the Cathedral of Santo Domingo; that in 1795 a box purporting to contain the remains of the illustrious Admiral was taken to the Cathedral of Havana, where it lies to-day.

And lastly, that in September, 1877, while workmen were making some repairs in the Cathedral of Santo Domingo two vaults were discovered, one of which contained the remains of the Admiral Don Luis Colon, duc of Veraguas, etc., and the other remains of the First Admiral Don Cristoval Colombo, the discoverer of America."

The official documents showing the authenticity of this discovery leaves no doubt whatsoever in regard to the existence of the remains in the vaults of the Cathedral Santo Domingo.

You are aware that Santo Domingo was the favorite land of Columbus and that he expressed in his last will the desire that his remains should be buried in a chapel to be built and properly kept by his heirs at a town called Concepcion de la Vega, in Hispaniola now Santo Domingo. But they rest to-day at the cathedral in the capital of the island, notwithstanding all that has been published to the contrary."

"But how do you explain the existence of the Chapel el Templete, erected in Havana with the special object of serving as a repository of the remains of Columbus?"

"Very easily," said the Senor. "The act of the exhumation of the pretended relics of the illustrious admiral, bearing the date of December 20, 1795, and signed by Don Jose T. Hidalgo, notary of the Chamber of the Royal Audience of Santo Domingo, does not set down in explicit terms that the relics exhumed from one of the tombs of the cathedral and transported to Cuba were those of Columbus.

"The act simply says that they found in said tomb certain lead plate, supposed to be parts of a coffin, and therein bones and dust supposed to be human remains.

"Now, if the remains said to be deposited at Havana are the genuine ones, nothing could be easier than to prove their authenticity by proceeding to a solemn exhumation before respectable and trustworthy witnesses, such as the foreign consuls residing at Havana.

"On the other hand, if the relics existing at Havana prove to be the real relics of the illustrious navigator who did so much for the glory and greatness of Spain, now is the time for the Spanish people to show their gratitude and veneration for the great discoverer of the new world by restoring his remains to the place where he wished them to rest in peace and by joining the Dominion people to raise a memorial to Columbus on the spot where he was put in irons like a vulgar criminal and sacrificed to the petty hatred of enemies.

"This vexatious misunderstanding has been the cause of bad feelings between the two countries and it is very probable that on this account Santo Domingo will abstain from taking part in the celebration that will take place in Madrid in 1892 to commemorate the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America."

YESTERDAY'S BIDS

Received for Paving and Sewers in the City.

The following is a summary of the bids received yesterday by Engineer Wickenden and Clerk Durian for the improvements named:

WAYNE STREET, FROM WESTERN AVENUE TO CITY LINE.

Leith Bros.	$3,401 50
T P Garrigan	2,731 40
C W Ryan	2,664 74
Wm McMahon	2,852 00
Jas Winans	3,371 75
W T Ryan	2,616 50

SEWER NO 381, WISCONSIN STREET, FROM JUNCTION AVENUE TO BROWN AVENUE.

Wm McMahon	$4,764 95
Frank Cole	4,417 25
Andrew Mauer	6,478 25

SEWER NO 382, ALLEY NEXT EAST OF VERMONT AVENUE FROM PT 10 FT S OF PAGE STEET TO PT 15 FT S OF FREDERICK STREET.

Leith Bros.	$1,191 88
Wm McMahon	1,287 94
John Deghan	1,333 90
Frank Cole	1,166 70
Andrew Maher	1,297 70

OBJECTED TO THE DOSE.

A Tar and Feather Case in the Courts.

A Widow Who Was Harshly Treated Will Bring a Suit for Damages.

Grand Rapids, Sept. 1.—Attorney W. D. Fuller, of this city, formerly of Newaygo, arrived home with papers to begin a suit for damages of a very novel nature.

It appears that the conduct of a widow who recently moved to Newaygo aroused the ire of two married women. Late at night on August 17, accompanied by male relatives, these two women repaired to the house in the suburbs of the village where the widow and her daughter lived, and demanded admission.

The widow refused, and they forced an entrance. The two wives sat upon the widow, and after pounding and beating her, stood her on her head and applied a coat of tar and feathers.

The widow has since been confined to her bed, and soon as she recovers, will bring suit for damages. The matter has been kept very quiet, but the full particulars will be aired soon in the courts.

A HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.

Newark, O., Sept. 1.—At Rain Rock, this county, to-day, James Gebhardt, while at work near a buzz saw slipped and fell. His head struck on the saw and was almost severed, the entire left jawbone being cut off. It is hardly possible for him to recover, although he is still alive.

B. F. NOYES DEAD.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 1.—Benj. F. Noyes, ex-president of the National Life & Trust Co., died last night.

FORCED HIM TO RESIGN.

Roosevelt Wants no More Hypocrisy.

He Sees the Rules of the Commission Ignored and He Steps Down and Out.

New York, Sept. 1.—It is reported at the custom house to-day that Theodore Roosevelt, chairman of the civil service commission has tendered his resignation.

Theodore Babcock, secretary of the custom house board, said he had heard the report of the resignation, but could not confirm it. Mr. Roosevelt is in Washington.

THE DEMOCRATIC CLUB.

Regular Weekly Meeting Last Night—Getting Into Shape.

The regular weekly meeting of the Lucas county Central Democratic club was held last night, and several members who were not present at former meetings signed the constitution.

President Ritchie occupied the chair, and Mr. Curtis Johnson was in his place as secretary.

Many matters of importance looking to organization was discussed and acted upon.

President Kirschner reported the formation of a strong club in the Seventh ward. Others will be started at once in each of the wards.

Hereafter the Central club will meet on Saturday nights instead of Monday, the next meeting occurring September 12.

Messrs. Slaybaugh and Garrett were enrolled as members from Adams township. Both gentlemen are attaches of the asylum.

Judge Harmon, O. A. Browning and A. E Wilson were appointed a committee to frame rules and by-laws for the club, to report at the next regular meeting.

The Central club is growing in strength, and will very materially aid in the work of the campaign when it opens.

HOPE FOR MRS. MAYBRICK.

The Celebrated Case to be Reopened.

Deserted by All Her Former Friends Her Attorney Fights Hard to Rescue Her.

London, Sept. 1.—Mrs. Maybrick is to be saved from a lifelong imprisonment unless the plans of her friends miscarry. It is likely that within a few days an application will be made for a writ of habeas corpus, upon which it is proposed to test one of the most extraordinary points ever raised in a British court of justice.

In her dim cell at Woking prison the frail little American awaits death or madness. Her mother, the Baroness Caroline de Roque, is at Rouen, France. Her cowardly paramour, Brierly, has abandoned the helpless prisoner and gone to live across the seas. Her children are in the eyes of the law too young to know anything or do anything. She has no civil rights, no means of communicating with those who might help her to freedom.

During the two years' silence that has followed the trial of Mrs. Maybrick one man has toiled steadily to unravel the mystery surrounding her terrible fate. This man is Alexander William Macdougal, a barrister of Lincoln's Inn, who presided at a public meeting held to protest against the miscarriage of justice that resulted in conviction. He has written large volumes on the case, which has just been published.

In this book Mr. Macdougal makes public new evidence—private letters that throw strong light upon this famous case; but it is upon a point of constitutional law that the new attempt to pluck the prisoner from her cell is to be made. It is not an appeal for pardon, but a demand for an unconditional discharge, based upon the law.

The test will be made upon the decision of Sir Matthews, the home secretary, in advising the queen "to respite the capital sentence on Florence Maybrick and to commute her punishment to penal servitude for life, inasmuch as, although the evidence leads clearly to the conclusion that the prisoner administered and attempted to administer arsenic to her husband with intent to murder, yet it does not wholly exclude a reasonable doubt whether his death was, in fact, caused by the administration of arsenic."

Counsel have examined the laws of England back to the time of Edward, and have found that, without any exception, the power of the sovereign to use the supreme prerogative is strictly confined to acts beneficial to the subject, and the sovereign cannot use the royal prerogative to the injury of the subject.

Mrs. Maybrick was indicted for murder. She was not called upon to answer to any other charge. The home secretary has declared that there is a reasonable doubt whether Mr. Maybrick died of arsenic poisoning. He has declared it officially in the most explicit terms. It is true, he thinks, that Mrs. Maybrick unquestionably attempted to poison her husband; but that is not the question. She was not tried for attempting; it was against the law to try her on such a charge.

If Mrs. Maybrick was not guilty of murder then the royal prerogative is being unlawfully exercised in keeping her in prison for an offence of which she was not accused, attempting to commit murder.

Still another gateway to freedom is provided in a suit brought by Mr. Cleaver, Mrs. Maybrick's solicitor, against the New York Mutual Life Insurance company for £2,300, the insurance on the life of Mr. Maybrick in favor of his imprisoned widow. The policy is for £2,500, but £200 was paid without protest. The insurance company claimed that it was not bound to pay in case murder had been committed by the beneficiary.

The courts have decided that if it was murder the company was not obliged to pay, and Mr. Cleaver challenges the insurance company to prove that it was murder. The verdict of the Liverpool jury will not do; it is not evidence in a civil action. To avoid paying the sum claimed on the policy the company will be forced to prove the crime by witnesses in court. That will give the defence a chance to introduce a mass of newly discovered evidence.

The trouble is that Mrs. Maybrick assigned her rights to the insurance policy to Mr. Cleaver, and should the company make an offer to compromise the case it would be in his power to deprive the helpless woman of her opportunity by settling the matter outside of court. It is a question whether either Mr. Cleaver on one side or the New York Mutual on the other could afford to have a compromise.

If the company declines to fight in court on the ground that it might lose £10,000 or £15,000 in costs a dangerous precedent will have been established.

The chances are, though, that the question of murder will be tried again and the whole Maybrick case reopened.

Arrangements are now being made by Messrs. Lumley & Lumley to have the strongest available legal minds of England brought to bear on the case. Already one of the most eminent men in the government has privately given a favorable opinion in the matter.

BRAVE GIRL AT BASCOM.

She Refused to Give Up Her Money to a Robber.

A Hand-to-Hand Tussle in Which the Thief Was Beaten Off.—Fostoria Notes.

Fostoria, O., Sept. 1.—A masked man entered the home of Miss Anna Slosser, a middle-aged spinster, Sunday night at Bascom, while she and her small nephew were at supper.

He produced a revolver and demanded her money.

Not intimidated, she jerked the mask from his face, and they had a hand to hand tussle.

The boy then took part with a penknife, and the would-be robber found it too interesting and left without any of Miss Slosser's money.

Prof. W. L. Mathers has gone to Elmore to assume his duties as superintendent of schools of that place.

Mrs. W. M Day and Miss Lockhart gave a "Catawba" party last evening.

Mrs. Chas. Foster and Mrs. R. C. Capler left yesterday for a few days at Detroit.

PENNY SAVED IS TWO PENCE EARNED.

A little SOZODONT, used right along every day, costs but little trouble and is pleasant always. It saves years of suffering from diseased gums and teeth in later days. Its use is economical of time and comfort. Use SOZODONT.

Experts Agree that

PERFECT and uniform success in making finest food is more certain with Royal Baking Powder than with any other.

Use it in every receipt calling for baking powder, or for cream of tartar and soda, and the lightest, purest, most wholesome and appetizing food is assured.

MARION HARLAND: "I regard the Royal Baking Powder as the best in the market. Since its introduction into my kitchen I have used no other."

MISS MARIA PARLOA: "It seems to me that Royal Baking Powder is as good as any can be. I have used it a great deal, and always with great satisfaction."

MRS. BAKER, Principal of Washington, D. C., School of Cookery: "I say to you, without hesitation, use the 'Royal.' I have tried all, but the Royal is the most satisfactory."

M. GORJU, *Chef*, Delmonico's, New-York: "In my use of Royal Baking Powder, I have found it superior to all others."

A. FORTIN, *Chef*, White House, for Presidents Arthur and Cleveland: "I have tested many baking powders, but for finest food can use none but 'Royal.'"

WAS A BAD SEASON.

Summer Resort Hotels Go Under.

Three of the Largest Hotels at Atlantic City Have Been Forced to the Wall.

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 1.—The failure is announced this morning of three of the largest hotels here: the United States, Congress Hall and Cambridge. Very few particulars can as yet be obtained, but the backward season is supposed to be the cause of the failures.

HARD SLEDDING

For an Ordinance Extending the Robison Street Railway Franchise.

The ordinance granting the Robison Electric Street Railway company the right to build an extension of its tracks on Mulberry street, Spring street and Stickney avenue, has had a hard time in the council, and last night was referred back to the committee for the third time. The first reference was for the reason that the property owners objected to having the tracks placed in the center of Stickney avenue, which has just been macadamized. It was decided to place the tracks on the side of the street, and so the ordinance was reported back.

This time it was referred for the reason that employes of the road wanted an amendment attached to it prohibiting the company from employing outside men on the line.

The committee considered the ordinance last Friday evening and none of the working men were present. Consequently the ordinance was approved without change.

The railway employes claim, however, that the committee acted in bad faith toward them, and state that Mr. Lee informed them that the committee was not to meet when it did. For this reason they were not present. They were on hand at the council room last night and their influence was felt when the ordinance was again referred back.

AERONAUTS' NARROW ESCAPES.

Peoria, Ills., Sept. 1.—George A. Sheber, an aeronaut, had a thrilling experience. Sheber made an ascension from Central Park and rose 4,000 feet before cutting his parachute loose. He aimed to land on the Tazewell county side, but fell in the lake instead.

He had a desperate time in keeping his head above water until a rescuing party rowed out. Julius Curle, who ascended from Selby Park fell into a network of wires and a live electric wire shocked him terribly. His screams attracted a big crowd and a telephone lineman went up and cut the wire.

NATURAL GAS SUPPLY.

Indianapolis, Sept. 1.—The Journal to-day prints a denial of the reports widely published a few days ago that an investigation into the condition of natural gas throughout the state revealed the fact that there was a material diminution in both the pressure and supply.

All the Journal's information is to the effect that the natural gas supply is practically inexhaustible.

Notice to Contractors.

Sewers.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 14th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1891,

for constructing a cylindrical brick sewer two feet inside diameter and four inch shell, along the center line of the alley between Nebraska avenue and Tecumseh street, from the sewer in Junction avenue to the west line of Hawley street.

Also, for constructing a cylindrical brick sewer two feet inside diameter and four inch shell, along the center line of the alley between Vance street and Forrer street, from the sewer in Ewing street to the east line of Hawley street.

Said work to be paid for in an assessment upon the lots and lands benefited thereby in proportion to the benefits, payable to the contractor or assigns one half in ten days after the confirmation of the assessment and the remainder in one year thereafter, except the cost of that part of the work in intersections, which will be paid in cash within ninety days after the acceptance of the work.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each

COSTIVENESS

If not relieved by judicious and timely treatment, is liable to result in chronic constipation. As an aperient that may be used with perfect safety and satisfaction, **Ayer's Pills** are unsurpassed. Unlike most cathartics, these pills, while they relax and cleanse, exert a tonic influence on the stomach, liver, and bowels, causing these organs to perform their functions with healthy regularity and comfort. Being purely vegetable and free from mineral **Cured by** drug of any kind, their use is not attended with injurious effects. Good for old and young of every climate, Ayer's Pills are everywhere the favorite. G. W. Bowman, 26 East Main street, Carlisle, Pa., says: "Having been subject, for years, to constipation, without being able to find much relief, I at last tried Ayer's Pills, and I deem it both a duty and a pleasure to testify that I have derived great benefit from their use. I would not willingly be without them." *

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

Every Dose Effective.

REAL ESTATE

GOLD IN IT } TIMBER AND COAL!

Ten thousand acres West Virginia timber and coal land for sale or exchange for Toledo city property. Abstracts furnished.
Address,
THE MINNIS REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE,
MONROE, MICH.

Robt. McCaskey Real Estate

Office, room 1, Anderson Block, Summit st., near Madison, where I will be able to furnish the best of bargains and most favorable terms to my old customers and as many new ones as wish to get homes or make investments before buying elsewhere. Call and see me. ROBT. McCASKEY

FOR SALE—
Double house and lot on Western ave, $2,500.
Cottage on South st, lot 40x215, $1,500.
Building lot on Hicks st, 50x140, $600.
House and lot on Ontario st, near Ash, $1,300.
House and lot on Orange st, near Erie, $4,000.
Handsome building lots on Souths st, $400.
DECLAN ALLEN'S SONS.
Real Estate and Fire Insurance, 630½ Adams Street.

MACOMBER, MOORE & McDONNELL.
108 Summit St., near Monroe.

FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, No 1027 West Woodruff ave, 9 rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, furnace, grates, natural gas; ready April 1st; $550 per annum.
FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, No 1507 Monroe st, Hicks' block, 10 rooms, all modern conveniences; $500 per annum; ready May 1st.
FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, ten rooms, all modern conveniences, on Monroe st; $600 per annum.
FOR RENT—Dwelling on Vermont ave, near Bancroft, eight rooms, good barn; $20 per month.
FOR RENT—Dwellings from $6.00 to $20.00 per month.
FOR SALE—Building lots in all parts of the city. Cottages built to order and sold on long time, and on monthly payments when desired.

Lots on Maplewood Avenue
30 Ft. Frontage, $175.

Lots on Glenwood Avenue
30 Ft. Frontage, $300.

CALL AT ONCE.

CUSHING'S
REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE
612 Madison St.

"THE SITTERLY"
Oyster and Chop House!
All kinds of Sea Food and Game in Season.
EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS AND ON TIME.
340 SUMMIT STREET,
Between Madison and Adams.
E. I. ROOT. J. E. KEARNS.

"DRESSY MEN"
Appreciate our efforts in presenting for inspection some of the
Newest Designs in Woolens!
Do you intend buying anything in our line? If so, kindly call and allow us to give you quotations.
LOUIS STONE,
422 Adams Street.

MICHIGAN LAKE ICE CO
PURE LAKE ICE
Best Service! Scales on Wagons!
Customers Get What They Pay For.
Last year's unused coupons redeemed. All contracts carried out. A trial will convince you.
Phone 468. 339 St. Clair St.

KWEER, BUT TRUE
THAT YOU CAN BUY YOUR
Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Etc.
Cheaper at JOHNSON BROS. than any other place in the city. All new goods and terms to suit the buyer. Call and be convinced.
JOHNSON BROS
ST. CLAIR, PERRY AND SUMMIT STS.
One block from Monroe St.

C. H. MOORE
Manufacturer of
EDGE TOOLS!
AXES, KNIVES, MOULDING BITS, &c.
Tools Made to Order! Tools Repaired! Tools Ground!
No. 6 ST. CLAIR ST

JEWELRY, BADGES, ETC. Roulet & Armstrong, 141 SUMMIT STREET. Over Strasburger's.

C. A. Kirchmaier, Ph. C.
Chemist and Assayer!
Laboratory, 1316 Adams St.
PHONE 938.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL
St. Clair St., end of Perry St.
Centrally located. Sample rooms on first floor. Special rates to parties and Theatrical people.
ALBERT E. HALL, - Proprietor

MIDSUMMER ELMS.

The trees upraise their giant boles
Like monuments of living souls.
Aiming to reach the arching skies
That veil fair Heaven's eternities.
The limbs outstretched, like arms of one
Who blesses a departing son.
Shake their green leaves in summer's air
And scatter elm scents faint and rare;
Their grateful shadows seem to pass
Like benedictions o'er the grass.
The tree stands, typical of grace
From Heaven to all the human race.
The essence of a thousand years
Of Sabbaths calms our human fears;
And we, who blindly seek the Way,
Have but to look, believe and pray.
—Boston Journal.

BEESWAX.

The so-called five-day ships consume per day from 60 to 80 tons of coal more than other great steamships.

The German patent law provides that inventions shall be considered new if they have been lost sight of for 100 years.

The most prominent of the surviving union generals are Schofield, Buell, Rosecrans, Butler, Pope, Banks, Howard and Sloeum.

Edward Everett Hale at 79 writes and edits, preaches, organizes charitable societies whose destinies he controls, and now and then finds time to take a hand in politics.

Two huge redwood trees, growing side by side, support the timbers and rails of a railroad in Sonoma county, Cal. The limbs have been sawed off 75 feet above the surface of a creek, and at this hight the railroad crosses a ravine.

Saxony's cavalry has a new sword, three inches shorter and considerably lighter than the old one. The blade is straight, and the handle is of hard rubber. The new weapon is more easily handled, but less dangerous than the one hitherto used.

The railroads of the country employ 700,000 men. Each year they lose 2,000 of their number in killed, and 20,000 of them are injured annually. It is estimated that 3,000,000 people depend on these employes for a living.

Adolph Sutro, the millionaire, of tunnel fame, says he is building the finest bath since Diocletian's. Acres of sea are to be inclosed with granite walls, paved and tiled and covered with glass, the tides being admitted through suitable channels in the living stone.

A handful of raw pig iron, weighing about five pounds, is worth 5 cents; it would make about 60 table knife blades, worth $15; converted into steel watch springs, there would be about 110,200 of these little coils, which, at the rate of $1.75 a dozen, would be valued at $16,070.83.

The French people of St. Louis are preparing to commemorate the visit of Lafayette to their city in 1825 by celebrating, on September 6, the one hundred and thirty-fourth anniversary of his birth. The visit of the French marquis was an event in the city's history and led to the bestowal of his name on every possible object, from parks and avenues down to hats and costumes.

An interesting geological phenomenon is noticed in the district of Izium, in Kharkov, Russia. In consequence of the heat this summer the ground broke open in many places and deep ditches formed, at the bottom of which subterranean water appeared. Geologists who examined the ground think that the subterranean water comes from the same source which supplies the Slavianskoye salt lakes of the neighborhood.

The town of Saratow, in the south-east of Russia, has lost a river—the Volga. The water of the river has for some time past been deserting the right arm of the stream, upon which Saratow is built, and flowing exclusively in the left arm, which is about a mile and a quarter distant from the town. The former bed of the stream is now quite dry, and is used as a road to convey passengers and goods, which arrive by steamer, to the town.

A collection of Eskimo works of art, made by Assistant Superintendent Elward, of the cryolite mines at Arsuk Fiord, Greenland, is described by John R. Spears in Nature. It includes candlesticks, cigar holders, ash receivers, anchors, paper weights, etc., made of green stone. The articles were all made to sell to the Danish rulers, for the Eskimo themselves have no use for ornamental art; but they show considerable skill in sculpture.

In the general report of the commission in Prussia in charge of mining matters, which has recently been published, the commissioners state that in their opinion electricity is perfectly safe for mine use, provided care be taken to see that conductors are properly insulated, lamps well protected and the current not too intense. A more extensive use of electricity in mines would be possible were a portable electric lamp devised combining simplicity, duration of power and cheapness.

The rate of travel of thunder storms has been studied by Herr Schronrock from the record of 197 such storms in Russia in 1888. The velocity is found to have varied from 13 to 50 miles an hour, with a means of 28.6 miles an hour in the hot season and increasing to 32 miles an hour in the cold season. It was least in the early morning, increasing to a maximum between 9 and 10 p. m. The storms traveled most quickly from southwest, west and northwest.

Twelve miles from Norwich, Conn., is one of the most wonderful lily ponds in America. It is a lake one mile in diameter, so closely grown with lillies than during the blossoming time it is hard to get a glimpse of the water. When the wind is strong and the lillies are open the perfume of them is perceptible a quarter of a mile from the brink of the pond. So thick are the lillies and in such tangled masses that it is almost impossible to propel a boat in the pond, and the lily gatherers have to wade for them in hip rubber boots.

The duties of the bridesmaid were in olden times more important than at the present day. She attended the bride-elect in her shopping expeditions and helped direct the invitations, if these were used. She also helped to dress the happy maiden, and made herself particularly entertaining to the guests in waiting upon them and putting them at ease. It is said the bridesmaid was often the one who had the best time at a wedding, and it frequently happened that she captured a husband for herself, as the English termed it, and if she did not do this much she was looked upon as unattractive indeed.

The woman knitters of the island of Shetland produce marvelously beautiful work. A very fine long shawl, weighing only two and three-quarter ounces, was sold at Lerwich last year for $75. A choice collection of knit goods, the finest ever produced in the islands, was presented to the Princess of Wales on the occasion of her marriage. One's enjoyment of the exquisitely fine work is considerably marred, however, by knowledge of the fact that the cruel custom of pulling out the fleece from the sheep by the root is still practiced in Shetland. The finest wool is obtained in this way, and the secretary of the long-named society should seek out the men who practice this savage custom, which is called "rueing."

Cut flowers are constantly sent through the mails, but seldom in such a fashion as to preserve their bloom and freshness. To effect this pack a light wooden box, not using card-board; line the box with wadding or cotton batting, laying over this a sheet of tissue paper; then lay the flowers, not on top of each other, but in rows side by side, the blossoms of each row on the stems of their neighbors; pack closely, otherwise the flowers will be displaced and injured in the journey. Before packing they should stand in water for several hours in order to absorb moisture enough to keep them from withering. It is not well to sprinkle them too heavily after they are in the box, for without air this is likely to produce mildew.

A wonderful example of patience in the Chinese is afforded by a consular report dealing with the manufacture of salt in Central China. Holes about six inches in diameter are bored in the rock by means of a primitive form of iron drill, and sometimes a period of 40 years elapses before the coveted brine is reached, so that the work is carried on from one generation to another. During this time the boring, as may be imagined, goes down to an immense depth. When brine is found it is drawn up in bamboo tubes by a rope working over a large drum turned by bullocks. The brine is evaporated in iron caldrons, the heat being supplied by natural gas, which is generally found in the vicinity of the salt wells.

Some novel instances of intelligence and human-like traits in animal have recently come under our notice. A terrier dog at Yverdon, Switzerland, pays regular visits at Lausanne, going over and returning by train, and always getting out at the right stations. A cat at Montreaux, which can open doors, heard another cat outside mewing to get in. No one answering the request, it rose from the chair on which it was sleeping, walked across the room to the door, opened it, and let his friend in. A horse, stabled with his mate and a third horse, stole hay from the stranger to give to his mate, while he was contented with the ration that had been allotted to him; and a horse in a team, nibbling some rich grass on his side, gave at intervals mouthfuls of it to his companion, which could not reach it.

A LITTLE CIRCUS.

A Strange Troop of Well Trained Animals

Owned by a Barber on Canton Avenue.

Chickens and a Dog That Perform Together, While Their Master Furnishes the Music.

One meets many strange things when least expecting them, and oftentimes the shows that are met with by accident are far ahead of the museum which exhibits under a canvas and takes a frisky dime from the pocket of the spectator. Canton avenue is especially rich in curious sights of every description.

An incident witnessed not long since by a Bee is deserving of special mention. The actors were a colored musician, a trained dog and a trio of performing chickens, and their little show was well worth seeing.

The reporter was called to that neighborhood by a fire, and afterwards, while on the way home his attention was attracted by a shaggy collie dog trotting along with a basket in his mouth containing three live chickens and the owner in a national guard uniform walking close behind.

As the man turned into Moxie's well-known place, he was followed by a curious group of the avenue's denizens, who immediately demanded a show.

THE OVERTURE.

The owner of the animals is named George Wellington Devine, living at 1903 Canton avenue where he is the proprietor of a barber shop. Devine is also a musician, and belongs to the Ford Post Drum corps.

He was just returning from an engagement with the drum corps and was dressed in the regulation uniform. Devine seemed proud to show off the accomplishments of his pets, and in obedience to his command the dog placed the basket on the floor and the chickens jumped out. Trained dogs are not uncommon, but it is curious to see chickens performing all sorts of tricks at the word of their master. These chickens were a game bantam rooster and two hens, and they exhibited a high degree of intelligence. The rooster is named Dick, and the hens are called Stub Toe and Betty respectively.

The show opened by Devine shaking hands with the dog and explaining his many good qualities. Then the dog jumped over chairs, chased the cat behind the bar, found pieces of paper hidden by spectators, watched the basket and many other tricks usually performed by such dogs.

The chickens were then brought into the ring and the second part opened. Carlo was given a seat in the orchestra, that is on a chair in front of his master, one of the hens was placed on its back on top of his head and lay there as if dead, another was laid out on the floor, and the apparently dead rooster was laid out on top of Devine's own head.

The man then produced a fife and played Annie Laurie, while the quartet of animals remained motionless in their uncomfortable positions. When the music finished they were all very much alive again.

Then Dick made a giant swing around the fife held in Devine's hand and dropped to the floor with a first-class backward somersault. Stub Toe and Betty shook hands with each other, mutely saying

DICK DOES THE GIANT SWING.

good day, and at the word dropped their heads while Devine gave them a brief lecture on good manners.

Dick carried Betty around on his back, and the miniature circus closed by Devine playing Home Sweet Home while the chickens were perched on faithful Carlo's back.

During the performance one of the hens became refractory and flew into another room, but the dog quickly brought her back and she behaved better.

Devine is quite a character on the avenue, and is even more interesting than his pets. He is a middle aged man with dark complexion and straight hair. He claims that his father was a Spanish officer and his mother was a Cherokee Indian. He was born in Toronto, afterwards coming to the United States, and during the rebellion he fought in the union army. He is quite a musician, playing with much skill about 40 different instruments, and his home looks like the headquarters of a brass band and orchestra.

GOULD'S OBJECT.

Denever, Col., Sept. 1.—The opinion is general in this city that the reason Jay Gould is spending so much time in Colorado and in care fully inspecting the Rio Grande, is that he hopes to join with the local contingent and purchase the road. Mr. Gould is still at Manitou.

PAGE AND PROCTOR

Washington, Sept. 1.—Secretary Proctor has returned to Washington and was at the war department this morning. With him was Gov. Page, of Vermont. The two made a call on Secretary Foster at the treasury department.

SQUADRON OF EVOLUTION.

Washington, Sept. 1.—The navy department is advised that the Portsmouth has left Plymouth, England, for Maderia-Spain; the squadron of evolution, Bar Harbor for Belfast, Me., and the Pensacola, Mare Island navy yard for San Francisco.

ORDERED HOME.

Washington, Sept. 1.—Commander M. T. Johnson has been detached from the command of the Monocacy, Asiatic station, and ordered home. Commander Barber will assume command of the Monocacy.

Sure to Regulate the Bowels.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty five cents a bottle.

A TOLEDO GIRL.

Miss Louise Galloway Appears at the People's Last Evening.

Miss Louise Galloway, a Toledo girl, opened a week's engagement at the People's last evening in Lost in New York. The theater was crowded, and the little lady was warmly welcomed on her first entrance, and later on in the evening fairly deluged with flowers. Miss Galloway is certainly very clever, and is by far the best one in the company. She is petite, pretty, graceful, and thoroughly at home in her work. Miss Galloway has worked hard and contended with many difficulties, and of her present success her many friends are proud.

The work of the rest of the company is fairly good. Gus Pixley as The Tramp does the best bit of character acting that has been seen here in many a day. The scenic effects are very good. In the third act a real steamboat puffs up to the dock on a big tank of water representing the East river, takes passengers on board, turns about and puffs away again. The fourth act is laid in Grammercy park, and is a correct representation of that locality. A large fountain plays in the center of the stage and adds to the realism. The performance was very good throughout.

WERE YOU SHOOK UP?

Board of Education Approves Several Changes

And Additions to the Teachers' Roll in the Public Schools—Holiday All Next Week — Last Night's Business.

The board of education met last night. The first matter disposed of was a proposition for the purchase of a set of Chambers' encyclopedia, which was referred to the committee on library books.

Superintendent Compton reported the receipt of $741.35 for fines and tuition fees from outside scholars.

The teachers' committee reported the following changes, which were approved: "Owing to the increase of the high school and senior grammar pupils and the removal of the laboratories to new rooms, your committee recommend that the two junior grammar schools, with Sadie Hayes and Della Ellinwood as teachers, be removed to the Jefferson school, and that Miss Wilcox, with her sixth grade school, be removed from the Jefferson school to the Monroe school. Also that the deaf mute school occupy the vacant room at the St. Clair school, with Mr. Wood as teacher, at a salary of $50 per month; that Belle Hoffman be transferred to the German primary at Stickney school; that Sarah Metzger be appointed to the Walbridge school at a salary of $25 per month; that Carrie Schunk be transferred to the third and fourth grades English and German alternate, and Irene Schuster be appointed to senior primary German, Broadway; Anna Radbone be transferred to the junior primary at the Stickney school; Agnes Wright be transferred to the senior primary of the Stickney school; that Emma Schuster be appointed in the junior secondary of the Southeast Toledo school, salary $25 per month; Emma Rooney be appointed in the Tremainesville school; Katie Sumner to the senior intermediate of the Erie school; Mrs. Hamilton to the Manhattan school; Carrie Ward to the A grammar class and to have charge of the junior high school pupils, occupying grammar rooms, salary same as before; Mr. G. F. Lok to visit the German ward schools on Fridays as needed, and to act as assistant upon the city board of examiners; Mr. Lock's salary to be increased $100; Leopold Fisher to be appointed to the place of German teacher in the A grammar and high school classes, in case the number of pupils studying German require his services."

Mr. Trost reported that the books now in use would be used again, with a few exceptions. The books will be sold by the regular dealers under the provision of the new law, which allows them 10 per cent.

Treasurer Opitz made his report which shown an available balance on hand of over $57,000.

The janitors' pay roll for the month of August, $522.75, was allowed.

The one session a day plan was brought up, and after considerable discussion defeated, Messrs. Trost and Major being the only members favoring its adoption.

It was decided to give the schools a holiday Friday of next week to attend the fair.

A new desk and desk-chair was ordered to be purchased for the use of the superintendent.

It was resolved that hereafter the board will furnish pencils and paper for drawing and the ordinary slate work of the schools, and will also furnish paper for the regular text lessons and examinations, also pens and penholders, the high school building to be an exception to the arrangement.

CONCERNING THE STRIP.

Washington, Sept. 1.—Secretary Noble sent the following telegram to-day to Gov. Steele of Oklahoma: "The president has ordered that no exception shall be made in locating or placing herds on the 'strip' after his order or in evasion of it. General Miles will be so instructed by the war department. The president has ordered cavalry troops to aid the agent in expelling trespassers from the Sac and Fox reservation in accordance with instructions written by the president in his order. Please keep me advised."

FOR THE KILLING OF WATTS.

Wheeling, W. Va., Sept. 1.—A true bill for murder has been found by the grand jury against Morris Davis, who is accused of killing Ross Watts on a shanty boat sometime ago. The murder was a particularly brutal one and has excited much interest. Curtis Willis has been under arrest charged with the crime, and he made a confession, in which he described the crime and said he did it, but the jury refused to accept his confession and he has been released. The action of the jury was taken after a thorough investigation of the crime.

AXTELL'S VALUE.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 1.—At a meeting of the state board of tax commissioners yesterday it was decided to summon the owners of the famous trotter Axtell to show cause why the assessment of $500 as the value of the horse should not be increased. The assessment of the value of this horse has created much indignation throughout the state as it is a notorious fact that the present owners of the animal paid $105,000 for him.

HAND TO HAND FIGHT.

Clearfield, Pa., Sept. 1.—A hand to hand fight occurred here yesterday among a large party of tramps. Clubs, knives and stones were used, and two men were fatally stabbed. Three others were badly hurt. The sheriff with a force of men finally reached the scene of conflict and stopped the row. two arrests were made.

THE END OF HIS CAREER.

Hippolyte's Days as a Ruler are Nearly Over.

Like Balmaceda He Will Probably be Driven Out of the Country by His Enemies.

Port au Prince, Sept. 1.—It looks now as if Hippolyte had lost all hope of being able to successfully resist the coming revolution. He has sent his family to Cape Haytien for safety. The commandant at Fort National has issued orders to turn the guns on the city if the exiles return and succeed in overpowering the guards of the palace. It is probable that in such a case Hippolyte will retreat to Cape Haytien and there make his last stand.

"Weak and weary," describes the condition of many people debilitated with the warm weather, by disease or overwork. Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine needed to build up and strengthen the body, purify and quicken the sluggish blood, and restore the lost appetite.

BICYCLES IN THE ARMY.

Wheelmen Prove to be of Good Service.

They Beat the Flag in Message and Advance Service and Their Consideration is Recommended.

Washington, Sept. 1.—Lieut. W. H. Bowen of the army, who inspected the Connecticut national guard during its recent encampment has sent to the war department a very complimentary report giving the result of his observations.

A novelty of the encampment was a special bicycle service by a corps of First regiment men, and this feature is specially commended.

"The men were armed," says Lieut. Bowen, "with the Colts repeating carbine and with the revolver. A man mounted on a bicycle can go many places where it would be impossible to take a horse and it can beat the "flag" in sending messages in nearly every case.

"As a fighting force it may not be favored, but as messages, patrols and advance guard, in my opinion it would be advisable.

"I would recommend to the serious consideration of the department the advisability of experimenting with the bicycle. The duties of the military cyclist are those of carrying dispatches skirmishing and reconnoitering. As applied to the signal service the wheels, in my opinion, would almost double its usefulness."

Of the colored troops, Lieut. Bowen says, "they were simply perfect and in getting through the brush, as demonstrated on guard duty, they exhibited the traits of Indians, and in scouting, exhibited an acuteness that was absolutely marvelous."

Lieut. Bowen writes in terms of praise of nearly every feature of the encampment. Of the 2,397 enlisted men in the national guard 2,328 were in camp.

Missouri Guards.

In a report to the war department on the encampment of the national guard of Missouri at Lake Contrary this month, Capt. C. M. O'Connor of the army, who inspected the encampment, says the camp was damp, insufficient for a number of men, with bad drainage and poor sanitary conditions. A few companies were good but there were many young and undeveloped men. While the men were generally fair in the school of the company, too little attention was given to preliminary instruction in the school of the soldier. In battalion school the First and Third regiments were satisfactory and the Second and Third very fair. The restricted ground forced undue familiarity between officers and men. Notwithstanding the heat, hard work was the spirit displayed by all. The improvement in promptness and accuracy of formation from day to day was in the highest degree commendable.

Capt. O'Connor says the men of the national guard are entitled to the highest praise. Receiving little financial assistance or moral support from the state or municipal authorities, the guard has been organized and held together by the individual exertions of officers and men.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head aches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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And all Morbid Conditions peculiar to Either Sex,
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Persons living at a distance can be treated at home. Electric appliances and medicines furnished. Write or call for Question Blanks and Health Journal.
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Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, has this day been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Emery E. Bacon, late of Lucas county, Ohio, deceased.
JOHN W. SYKES Admr.
Dated at Toledo, this 10th day of August, 1891.
1st pub. tues aug 11, 1891.

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Fill out this Blank and Mail to
The Chapman Hardware Co., Toledo, O.
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STREET AND NO. ..... TOLEDO, O.
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MY GUESS, on the number of Bicycles ridden in Toledo,
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WE WANT
A guess from every Rider, for from the guesses we must determine the Number of Riders. This offer is open to only Toledo Riders.
First Prize, $25 / Second " 10 } GOLD!
Prizes Awarded October 15.

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At No Time in the History of Toledo
Have there been such rare opportunities for the prudent investor to place his money in land as at present. Toledo property is away down at rock bottom figures. Don't fail to take advantage of these prices as they are sure to go up.
Fortunes Have Been Made
By judiciously investing a few dollars in real estate, and the secret of success in often buying in a growing locality at a low figure, and holding the property
Why Don't You Buy a Home?
You may try to get around it by saying that you cannot afford it. This is nonsense as every one of us spends more money needlessly every month than the small payment required to secure a lot.
Houses Built on Monthly Payments
With a small down payment. If you are worth $5 a month you are good for a lot in Fair Ground Addition. With the New Depot, Electric Street Ry, Water and City Gas this part of the city is bound to go ahead and prices will be from 50 to 100 per cent. higher a year later.
For further particulars apply to
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Canopy top basket phaeton	$ 35	1 Canopy top phaeton, Columbus make	$100
Full leather top Cooney phaeton	65	1 Light open spring buggy	65
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Jump seat and canopy top Bladon	80	1 Three spring Rockaway, new wheels and tires and all newly jointed good as new job. Eastern make	125
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All the above are in good repair, having been through our shops and put in order; they are bargains. Come and see them. JOHN BLADON & SON, Carriage M'nfrs

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Reception Flakes!
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Messrs. Dickman & Schmidt, 623 Cherry St., corner of Erie, have an entire new line of PICTURES and FRAMES at low prices and any finish known to man. Having secured one of the best workmen in the city, all work is done on the premises.
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If you want a Watch, or anything in the jewelry line, and want a little time on them, call at No. 13 Adams Block (up stairs), cor. Adams and St. Clair Sts., and see
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ON THE BEE BOOK TABLE.

What is Offered in the First Week of September.

Some New Books of Good Value.

The Forum's Twelfth Volume—The Arena—The Atlantic—The Cosmopolitan—Harper's Publications—Minor Mention.

D. Appleton & Company are the publishers of the authorized American edition of "Home Life on an Ostrich Farm." It was the early ambition of the writer, Annie Martin, to try colonial life in one of the far-off lands she delighted to read of. In the year 1881 she left England with her husband for South Africa, and life there, which in no way fell short of her expectations, is cleverly and delightfully portrayed in this book. Mrs. Martin's observation of animal life is microscopic and sympathetic, and besides the chapters concerning ostriches she devotes several to the meerkats, "Bobby," goats, "Toto," the secretary bird, and the beasts, birds and reptiles of that tropic land generally. Her descriptions of buffalo hunting, and of every phase of colonial life, have a charm the reader who knows a good book will instantly appreciate. One finishes the perusal of this book with the same regret the author felt when, in the happiest hour of her return to her comfortable English life she sighed to think "the dear, delightful, rough South African life is a thing of the past." The book is cloth bound and has 10 illustrations. The cover is decorated with an ostrich plume and an ostrich chick surveying the shell from which it has just emerged. For sale by Brown, Eager & Hull.

The same publishers offer "On the Lake of Lucerne, and Other Stories," by Beatrice Whitby. There are six of the stories, all gracefully written and healthful reading. Those who have made the acquaintance of this author through "The Awakening of Mary Fenwick" do not need to be told that she can do good work, but the sixth of these stories, "Poor Dear Mamma," is a work of art, and a suggestion of unexpected possibilities in Miss Whitby's future. "On the Lake of Lucerne" is published in half cloth, with a specially designed cover; 50 cents. For sale by Brown, Eager & Hull.

Health, pleasure and novelty are things to be studied and planned for in seeking a summer outing. One of the original ways of making this combination was discovered by a Girton girl and her friend, who went canaling from London to Coventry. "Two Girls on a Barge" is the story of their adventures, and the artist who went along contributes his share in 44 illustrations. The brother of one of the young ladies made up the quartette of young folks and the love story just hinted at does not detract from the charm of the book. D. Appleton & Company are publishers. For sale by Brown, Eager & Hull.

A biography of the late Dr. S. G. Howe, philanthropist, will be welcomed by many readers, especially when the biographer is Frank B. Sanborn, of Concord, Mass., who was the intimate friend of Dr. Howe, and had a deep sympathy with the reforms to which his life was devoted. Mr. Sanborn is an able writer, and in his present work had the assistance of the widow and daughters of his subject. The work is divided in four parts. The first is devoted to the "youthful daring" of Dr. Howe, including the episodes of his connection with the war in Greece and his imprisonment in Berlin. The second period, covering the years 1832-46, described Dr. Howe's universal philanthropy, his colonel for idiots, the first asylum, and of course gives the oft-told story of Laura Bridgman. The third part of the book is devoted to the agitation by the abolitionists, and Dr. Howe's conspicuous part therein. In the fourth and last part "The Councils of Active Age," are six chapters: The Civil War and Its Meaning for Dr. Howe; The Nestor and Achilles of Public Charities; Dr. Howe and the Cretans, 1867; The Franco-Prussian War and Its Sequelæ; Age, Infirmity and Death; Character and Results. The book is published by Funk & Wagnall, in their American Reformers series, cloth, 370 pp., with portrait and autograph; $1.50.

September Magazines.

With the September number The Forum enters upon volume xi., "enlarged to keep pace with its increase of patronage." It is a good sign, a sign of healthful taste and desire for sound literature when it can be written that a magazine of such high standard as The Forum has such patronage. The current number contains five articles on Present Problems in Education —"What an American Boys' School Should Be," by the Rev. Dr. Henry A. Coit, rector of St. Paul's school, Concord, N. H.; "Ideal of The New American University," by President David S. Jordan, of the Leland Standford Junior University, California; "The Growth of Technological Education in the United States," by Prof. H. W. Tyler, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology; "A Review of the Higher Education of Women—The College for Both Sexes, The College for Women, and the 'Annex,'" by Mrs. Alice Freeman Palmer, formerly president of Wellesley College; and "Physical Hindrances to Teaching Rich Girls," by Miss Charlotte W. Porter. Other articles of more than passing interest are: "The Farmer's Isolation and the Remedy," by John W. Bookwalter of this state; "The Benefits of Industrial Capitalization," giving one side of the result of the incorporation of American industries; "The Future of the Electric Railway;" "The Government's Account with the Tax Payers." Not the changed address of The Forum, now published at Jackson building, East Seventeenth street, New York; $5 a year, 50 cents a copy.

In the discussion of live topics in the liveliest manner no magazine excells The Arena. The September number of this ably edited magazine opens with a paper on "The Newer Heresies," by Rev. George C. Lorimer, D. D., whose portrait is the frontispiece of the magazine. It is likely a great many readers will be surprised at Dr. Lorimer's own liberal views, as here expressed, though his plea for tolerance of honest doubt will be anticipated. The editor's own article, a plea for dress reform, has been previously in these papers. A notable contribution is that of Kuma Oishi, on the "Extrinsic Significance of Constitutional Government in Japan," the writer a native of Japan, a student of the Imperial University of Tokio, and more recently of Rutger's College and the University of New York. "University Extension" is treated by Prof. Willis Boughton of the Ohio University; Rabbi Solomon Schindler writes on "Inter-migration," Sylvester Baxter on "The Austrian Postal Banking System," A sketch with a moral we shall all try to evade is Will Harben's "He Came and Went Again."

The Atlantic for September is made up of articles so evenly balanced in point of merit that the reviewer seems to feel it his duty to repeat the table of contents, with favorable mention of each writer's work, lest in speaking of some he be guilty of unintentional injustice to others. Special mention must be made of Rudyard Kipling's "A Disturber of Traffic," because he has shown to it that he can depart from his usual fiction field and write is vividly in another. John Burroughs, too, has left his field, the real out-of-doors fields and woods, to write "A Study of Analogy." In "Europe and Bathuy" John Fiske tells why the early Norsemen were not the real discoverers of America, Lafcadio Hearn, from his new home in Japan, writes of "The Market of the Dead." As aforesaid the other papers, which remain unmentioned, are good. "An Innocent Life" will increase the literary reputation of the author of "Poverty Grass."

"A magazine written by women" is the way the September Cosmopolitan is announced. The opening paper, on "France's Greatest Military Artist," Edouard Detaille, is by Lady Dilke. "A Forgotten City," by Eleanor Lewis, is a description of the Sicilian Pompeii, Soluntum. "Woman's Share in Russian Nihilism," by the Countess Ella Narraikow, is illustrated with many portraits of conspirators. The other contributors, each with worthy work, are: Amelia Rives, Mary Bacon Ford, Mrs. Roger A. Pryor, Daisy O'Brien, Anna Vernon Dorsey, Molly Elliott Seawell, Elizabeth Bisland, Julia Hayes Percy, Ellen B. Findley, Susan Hartley Swett, Kathrine Grosjean, Mrs. Charles B. Foote, the four last the poets of the number. As usual the number is profusely illustrated. Even ye editor man talks "women" this number, the "Review of Current Events" dealing with the ex-Empress Eugenie, Queen Victoria, the Empress of Russia, Princess of Wales, Queen of Spain; and Edward Everett Hale in his "Social Problems" talking about "The Work of Women." All for 25 cents.

Notes.

The Park place disaster in New York city is graphically illustrated in Harper's Weekly, with thrilling descriptions of the event as narrated by eye-witnesses.

The second instalment of Amelia Rives Chanler's "According to St. John" is "subtle" and "poignant," to quote from the adjectives of the writer. It will be concluded in the October Cosmopolitan.

The leading article in Outing for September, "On the Plains of Assiniboia," by "Nomad," gives a lively picture of antelope shooting, wolf coursing and other sports in the old buffalo ranges of the western Canadian province.

Gen. Lew Wallace is writing another story, but it is hardly likely to see the light for some time, because he works so slowly and carefully that "rushing copy" is out of the question. It is needless to say Gen. Wallace's slow work is good work.

Miss Betham-Edwards, the well-known author, has just received a signal honor at the hands of the French government. In recognition of her numerous works on rural France she has been named "officier de l'instruction publique," a distinction not often conferred upon foreigners, especially of her sex.

In the Atlantic for October will appear a paper on "General Thomas," by Col. Henry Stone. It is to be hoped that for once the services of this soldier and commander will be duly recognized. General Thomas' abilities and the work he performed appear to have been overlooked or undervalued by many writers on the late war.

Edgar Fawcett will have a paper in an early issue of The Arena on "The Woes of the New York Working Girls," and Henry Cabot Lodge will undertake to defend McKinleyed protection. The October Arena will have a paper on the poet Whittier, and a defence of Nationalism by one of its ablest defenders, Thaddeus B. Wakeman.

"The Church and Poverty," a lecture by John Brisben Walker, Ph. D., has been published in pamphlet form, and is for sale at Brown, Eager & Hull's; 10 cents. The lecture was delivered before the Catholic university, Washington, and the comment upon it was that "no such plain speaking has been heard upon a platform under similar circumstances."

The Engineering Magazine for September, which will be issued this week, has an interesting paper by Prof. Coleman Sellars of Philadelphia on "How Niagara's Power Will Be Utilized." A topic of the times discussed in this issue is "The Iniquity of Leasing Convict Labor," the contribution of Albert Edgar, many years editor of the Nashville American, and who is thoroughly acquainted with the workings of the convict lease system in Tennessee.

The current number of Harper's Bazar is accompanied by a pattern sheet supplement, and contains numerous illustrations of the latest style of girls' dresses, wedding gowns, mourning wraps, seaside costumes, etc. The latest fashions and the best of advice on fall dress are given. Thomas Wentworth Higginson writes of the influence upon James Russell Lowell's career of his wife, Maria White. "The House Comfortable" papers are continued. To the next number G ace L. Furniss, author of The Box of Monkeys, will contribute an entertaining story, entitled, "The Society for the Suppression of Scandal."

The number of Harper's Young People for August 25 is in a manner a seaside number. Mrs. Margarent Preston contributes the sea-shore ballad of "Only One Boy," and Mr. Edmund Collins tells of the sea birds that may be caught with hooks. "The Boy Lands and Little Siren" is also a sea story. Besides these there is a picture of the little polar bears that drifted down into the Gulf stream of a cake of ice, and the Moon Prince embarks with his companions in a fairy ship for a voyage to the stars. There is a capital story of "A Hypothetical Boy," by Tudor Jenks, a rainy-day poem, by Hetta Ward, and a variety of other interesting reading.

THE GAS TRUSTEES

Locate Several Additional Lines of Pipe.

Applications for Gas—Adams Street Line to be Changed to Alley—Other Business.

The gas trustees met last night, Messrs. Backus and Brown being absent.

The committee on claims reported a schedule of bills approved amounting to $270.71, also salaries for the month, $795.16.

The committee on city plant recommended that lines be laid in the following streets, on the cash plan, as soon as the money is deposited:

Maumee avenue, to a point near the railroad.

West Woodward avenue, from Lawrence avenue to a point near Forest avenue.

Bartlett street, 300 feet.

Scottwood avenue, from Bancroft to Monroe.

Hanmer, from South street to Western avenue.

State street from Canton avenue to Spellbusch avenue. Two 3-inch mains.

Maumee avenue, north of Segur avenue, to lot 412, No. 124, a decrease of 258 feet.

Collingwood avenue, 200 feet north of Bancroft street, consumers to pay for meters in advance.

Superintendent O'Harron recommended that 8-inch pipe be laid on Magnolia street from Champlain to Ostrich lane, a distance of 2,100 feet, to distribute from the regulator on the corner of Erie and Magnolia streets. Also, that an 8-inch and 6 inch main be laid in Lawrence avenue, district 8, as a distributing main for that portion of districts 7 and 8, with the regulator on the corner of Bartlett street and Lawrence avenue.

The superintendent also recommended that the line on the south side of Adams street, between Huron and Michigan streets, be abandoned, and a line substituted for it in the alley between Adams and Madison streets from Huron to Michigan streets. He advised this step for the reason that it would be cheaper to change the connections in places being supplied from Adams street, so that they could be made from the alley than to lay the line as first proposed. The report was received and filed.

Petitions were filed for gas on Wakeman, Baker, Champlain, Page, First, Hicks streets, and Woodruf avenue. Referred to the committee.

H. C. Ellis advanced the funds to build the line on Detroit avenue, and he filed a request that he be paid the amount recently received from the Collingwood Brick company, consumers on that line.

After some discussion the matter was laid on the table.

The bond of R. W. Smith, for the construction of the Leak street line was filed and approved.

Women with pale, colorless faces, who feel weak and discouraged, will receive both unctual and lasting vigor by using Carter's Iron Pills which are made for the blood, nerves and complexion.

The Lake of Gennesareth, called also the Sea of Galilee, etc., situated in Palestine, 63 miles north of the Dead sea, is pear-shaped. The greatest width is 6¼ miles; its extreme length is 13 miles. The Jordan enters it muddy at the north, and passes out clear at the south. The natural features of the lake are neither various nor especially attractive. The chief interest connected with it is that Christ passed much of His time on its shores. It abounds in the best kinds of fish, which made the southern part of it particularly noted as a fishing ground. The towns around it in former times are now mostly in ruins.

IN TRADING CIRCLES

Both at Our Home and Abroad.

Wheat Quotations for the Day—Prices Current for Produce and Other Articles.

The market quotations in the Bee are compiled from United Press special dispatches and from reports received by the Toledo Produce Exchange, and specially arranged by Mr. Denison B. Smith, secretary of the Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO BEE, TOLEDO, O., Sept. 1.

London wheat market at opening firm, held higher; corn slow. French country markets dull. Liverpool wheat steady at advance of 1 penny per 100 lbs. Corn firm and improving.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points to-day are 1,245,379 bu, compared with 278,099 bu on the same day last year.

The visible supply of wheat increased last week 1,267,000 bu. Corn increased 1,404,000 bu. Oats increased 1,005,000 bu. In the corresponding week in 1890 wheat decreased 651,000 bu. Corn decreased 292,000 bu. Oats increased 558,000 bu.

The imports into the United Kingdom for the week were 2,176,000 bu of wheat and 173,000 bbls of flour, equal to 2,950,000 bu of wheat, and 688,000 bu of corn.

The quantity of flour and wheat on ocean passage decreased last week 752,000 bu. Corn decreased 332,000 bu.

Our table herein o available wheat and corn shows an increase of 514,874 bu wheat and an increase of 1,181,789 bu corn.

Concerning London quotations of California and red winter wheat; say 46 shillings for California and 41 snillings and 6 pence for red winter. Mr. J. E. Beerbohm writes that the remote delivery is the basis of the difference in value. He says "that California for prompt shipment might not arrive here until January next, and that red winter for prompt shipment would reach here in September. The actual difference in spot value (say at Antwerp) on August 5 was only about 1s to 1s 6d per qr.

The receipts of grain at Toledo, July 1 to August 29, this year have been as follows:

	Wheat, bus	Corn, bus	Oats, bus	Rye, bus	Barley, bus
1891	10,858,835	364,760	144,442	1,018,720	16,000
1890	3,071,102	1,992,575	95,594	66,487	84,400

The Markets To-Day.

The receipts of wheat to-day at seven principal western points are 967,200 bu in excess of the corresponding Tuesday in 1890.

The export clearances yesterday at four Atlantic ports were 781,277 bu of wheat and flour and no aggregate of 825,000 bu. Exports of corn 76,929 bu.

English markets as reported herein are firm and higher for wheat and corn.

Notwithstanding the unprecedented movement of wheat since July 15, we have increased our visible supply only 2,357,000 bu in the month of August, and the flour and wheat on the ocean has only increased 388,000 bu.

Vienna Congress.

The report from the Vienna congress falls upon the congress in this side as a wet blanket. It is simply corroborative of previous statements and estimates, and not clear as to what tne figures are. We must wait awhile. However, the trading world has not commonly gained much from the Vienna congress. Its statements are foggy and nebulous compared with our American estimates.

We think there has been information sufficient to convince the most ardent bear that there has been a great loss of crops abroad which America must supply. Every week has added to this shortage of late by bad weather, and no further assurance is needed that the great increase in surplus on this side will be wanted at fair prices. It is well to remember, however, two large facts. One is that we must not expect high prices on the large movements of ours, supplemented with sales of some home grown wheat in the importing markets, and the other is, that Australia, Argentine and India begin new harvests from January to March, which, if fair, always affect markets.

By the table herein it will be seen that Liverpool stock of wheat was decreased in August 480,000 bu of wheat and 820,000 bu of corn, while flour increased 30,000 bu.

The vicissitudes of the wheat markets on this side the ocean are grievious to be borne, and the man who must buy or sell for his daily bread is verily between his majesty and the deep sea. The market at sunset of yesterday was rosy and gave promise of strength, and the "hope that brightens days to come," but like all other earthly things, it was an unsubstantial hope, and the market squatted all around. There is no new reasons for it, except the tremendous receipts which discourage investments for December which is now the leading deal. Liverpool closed steady for cash wheat, and Paris closed higher on spot and flour. One drawback to the rise in ocean freight today equal to 2c bu.

The decline in wheat in New York equals 2¼c on September and 2½c on December. In Chicago September closed at a loss of 3⅜c, and December at a loss of 2¼c.

Corn has been well maintained and is dearer. In New York September closed at a gain of 1⅜ to 1⅝c. In Chicago October closed at a gain of 1⅜c.

In Toledo—The trading in wheat futures has been greatly in contrast to yesterday. The market has been dull all day and the aggregate business quite light. It has been an uninteresting, dragging market, and prices have steadily declined and close weak. The decline on cash September is 2⅜c and on December 2c. On the call December wheat sold at $1 05 ½@1 05⅝. After the call September sold at $1 01 and closed at $1 00⅝; December sold at $1 04⅜ and closed at $1 04½.

Cash wheat was more active than futures, and a fair quantity was sold. No 2 soft sold at $1 01 and closed $1 00⅝; No 3 soft at 98c to 97½c; No 4 soft at 93c; rejected No 1 at 87 to 86½; No 2 white at 95; No 2 red and white at 98; wheat and rye at 85.

Corn—No 2 at 65⅛c to 65c; No 3 at 65c; No 2 yellow at 66c; No 2 white at 65c. On the call September sold at 64c.

Oats—No 2 at 31c; No 3 white at 31.

Rye was about ½c lower; No 2 cash and September at 89; No 3 at 87c.

Cloverseed—On the call September sold at $4 85 and December at $4 90; after the call September at $4 87½; October, $4 85; December at $4 90 to $4 85.

Liverpool Stocks.

	August 1, 1891.	September 1, 1891.
Wheat	15,710,000 qrs	16,220,000 qrs
Corn	80,000 qrs	130,000 qrs
Flour	1,140,000 bbl	1,170,000 bbl

Daily Movement of Grain.

RECEIPTS.	Wh't	Corn	Oats	SHIPMENTS. Wh't	Corn	Oats
N Y	402,000	787,0	8000	551,000	73877	50367
Balto	285,865	2324	15108	89,832	.....	.....
Phila	77,196	3754	29,098	108,000	3552	16810
Boston	31,573	14,735	21,355	31,859	.....	.....
Toledo	395,322	39,212	7,940	91,000	29,000	1,000
Chicago	335,42	560,884	319,771	7,340	211,052	229,611
Milwke	23,850	4,960	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. L	108,000	14,000	35,000	56,000	44,000	24,000
Detroit	62,232	.....	8,164	90,000	.....	.....
Duluth	53,774	.....	.....	8,000	.....	.....
Minne	184,763	.....	.....	178,574	.....	.....

Imports Into the United Kingdom.

The following table shows the amount of flour, wheat and corn imported into the United Kingdom for the periods named:

	Aug. 31, 1891.	Aug. 24, 1891.	Sept. 1, 1890.
Flour, bbls	172,000	165,000	150,000
Wheat, qrs	272,000	315,000	846,000
Corn, qrs	120,000	130,000	231,000

Grain on Passage.

The following table shows the wheat and corn on passage for United Kingdom for ports of call and for direct ports, on the dates named:

	Aug. 31, 1891.	Aug. 24, 1891.	Sept. 1, 1890.
Flour and wheat, qrs	1947000	1918000	2457000
Corn, qrs	225000	226000	629000

On Passage to the Continent.

Flour and wheat, qrs	2540000	2648000	4600000
Corn, qrs	1583000	1803000	1490000

Available Wheat and Corn.

The following table shows the wheat and corn in sight on the dates named:

	Aug. 31, 1891.	Wheat '90
Visible supply Aug. 29	19124842	17637744
On passage U K Aug. 31	13576000	197 6000
On passage to Cont. Aug. 31	2036000	3083000
Total	35506842	44397447
	Corn '91	Corn '90
Visible supply Aug. 29	5611353	9990647
On passage U K Aug. 31	1800000	5003000
On passage to Cont Aug. 31	1264000	1184000
Total	8675353	15000647

Markets by Telegraph.

London, Sept 1.—1 p. m.—Wheat cargoes off coast at opening firm; malze nothing offering. Wheat cargoes on passage and for shipment firmer, held higher, mixed corn firm, demand fair, 6s 3½. Red western spring wheat, No 2 to No 1, 9@9s 4½d; California wheat No 2 to No 1, 9s 2½d@9s 4½; Ka sas winter hard, 8s 8½@8s 9d. Wheat off coast, demand improving; corn fair.

New York, Sept. 1.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 8 7-16. Futures strong; September, $8 44; October, $8 05; November, $8 79.

United States Yards, Sept. 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 9,000; steady. Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; steady. Heavy, $4 50@4 65; mixed $4 77½@5 40; light, $4 80@5 05. Sheep—Receipts, 6,000; firm.

Detroit, Sept. 1.—Close: Wheat—No. 2 red cash, $1 00; September, $1 00; December, $1 04½ bid; May, $1 11 bid; No 1 white, cash, 97c. Corn—No 2 cash 66c. Oats—No 2 cash, 32½c.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—Close: Wheat—September, 99c; December, $1 01⅝c. Corn—September, 65¼c; October, 59¼c. Oats—September, 28½@28⅝c; October, 28⅞c. Pork—September, $10 25; October, $10 45. Lard—September, $6 07½; October, $6 75. Ribs—September, $6 85; October, $6 77½.

New York, Sept. 1.—Money at 4@5 per cent. Exchange quiet and weak; posted rates, $4 83@4 85½; actual rates, $4 82@4 82¾ for 60 days, and $4 84½@4 85¾ for demand.

Governments dull and heavy; currency 6s 109; coupon 4s 117¾@118¾; 4½s do 101.

The stock market opened from ¼ to ⅝c lower than yesterday's closing. In the early dealings the market was not quite so active as yesterday. Some stocks among the grangers were prominent, showing a tendency to rise, while others fell away still further. Wheeling & Lake Erie stocks were again conspicuous for strength, each rising 1 per cent. Chicago Gas rose a like amount, but later lost this improvement. Sugar also rose 1 per cent. The Vanderbilts were weak, all losing fractional amounts. The general list was largely traded in within narrow limits. At 11 o'clock the market was active and rather heavy. After 11 o'clock U. P. L & N and Rich and West Point were conspicuous for weakness, each declining 1 per cent from the opening. At noon the mardet was active and heavy with most stocks close to the opening figures, but generally at slight fractions lower.

New York, Sept. 1.—Flour firm and unchanged. Rye flour steady at $3 00@4 15. Corn meal steady at $3 30@3 40. City mill extra, $5 20@5 50 for West Indies. Wheat opened weak at 1⅛c decline and fell 1c more in the early trading, then rallied ⅛c and at noon was steady; No 2 red winter, cash, 1.17¼@1 08; September, $1 07⅛; May, $1 16⅛. Corn opened weak at 1c decline but rallied ⅝c, and at noon was firm: No 2 mixed, cash, 74@74c; September, 69¼c; October, 69⅝c; December, 58¾c. Oats dull; No 2 mixed, cash, 35@35¼c; September, 35¼c; October, 35¼c. Rye quiet but firm. Barley dull. Pork steady; new mess, $11 00@12 00. Lard stronger; October, $7 04; December, $7 24. Molasses nominal; good to fancy, 25@35c. Turpentine firmer; 36¼@37¼c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained to good, $1 35@1 40. Petroleum active; 64¾c. Freights quiet and unchanged. Butter quiet; Western extra, 22½@23c. Cheese quiet. Eggs unsettled but stronger; western fresh, 18¾@19c. Sugar, refined, steady; cutloaf and crushed, 5½c; mould A, 4 7-16c; confectioners A, 4 9-16c; yellow quiet and barely steady; prime city, 4¾@4 13-16c. Coffee steady; fair No cargoes, 19c.

Live Stock.

New York, Sept. 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,255 head, including 51 cars for sale. The market was active and 15c per cwt higher. Sales of natives at $4 50@5 90 per cwt, grass fed Texans at $3 30@4 20, corn fed at $4 50@5 75, bulls and cows at $2 50@4 00. Dressed beef was steady at 6½@8c per lb for native sides. Shipments to-day 396 beeves, to-morrow 1,143 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts 1,506 head. The market was firm. Sales of veals at $5 50@8 00 per cwt, grassers at $2 75@3 50, and buttermilk calves at $4 00@4 25.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 13,887 head. The market for sheep was steady; lambs a shade easier. Sheep sold at $3 75@5 40 per cwt, and lambs at $5 25@7 00. Dressed mutton was firm at 7½@9c per lb, and dressed lambs slow at 8½@10c.

Hogs—Receipts, 12,343 head, including 6 cars sale. The market was firm. Sales at ~4 90@6 00 per cwt.

Buffalo, Sept. 1.—Cattle—Receipts 146 loads through, 175 loads for sale. The market was 10@15c stronger for good butchers' and medium weights, other grades unchanged. Extra steers at $5 50@5 70 per cwt; choice at $5 25@5 40; good fairly fat at $5 00@5 25.

Hogs—Receipts 86 loads through, 60 loads for sale. The market was steady and firm for good corn fed stock, grassers and half fat slow and unchanged. Sales of heavy grades corn fed at $5 45@5 50 per cwt; medium weights corn fed at $5 45@5 60.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 35 loads through, 38 loads for sale. The market opened with a good demand but weakened. Sales of extra fancy sheep at $4 75@5 00 per cwt; good to choice at $4 25@4 65; fair to good at $3 90@4 15; good to choice lambs at $6 00@6 25; common to fair at $5 25@5 75.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—The Evening Journal reports: Cattle—Receipts 15,000 head; shipments none. The market was fairly active and steady. Sales of prime to extra native steers at $5 90@6 25 per cwt, good to choice at $5 00@5 80; others at $4 00@4 75; Texans at $2 40@3 40; rangers at $3 00@4 85; stockers at $2 25@3 30; cows at $2 75@3 25.

Hogs—Receipts 18,000 head; shipments 9,000 head. The market was active and strong. Sales of rough and common at $4 50@4 85; packers at $4 90@5 25; prime heavy and butchers' weights at $5 25@5 45; prime light at $5 05@5 60; grassers at $4 00@4 10.

Sheep—Receipts 7,000 head; shipments 3,500 head. The market was active and steady on natives; westerns higher. Sales of native ewes at $3 00@4 75 per cwt; westerns at $4 00@4 45; Texans at $3 95; lambs at $5 50@5 50.

Bradstreet's Live Stock Indicator reports: Cattle—Receipts 9,340 head, shipments 5,270 head. The market was dull and lower; sales of native steers at $3 00@5 65 per cwt; cows at $1 50@3 90; stockers and feeding steers at $2 50@3 45.

Hogs—Receipts 790 head, shipments 1,350 head. The market was steady. Sales of all grades at $3 30@5 17½ per cwt, the bulk at $5 00@5 15.

Sheep—Receipts 5,800 head; shipments none. The market was steady.

East Liberty, Sept. 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,272 head; shipments, 882 head. The market was a shade higher than last week's prices; supply mostly common and medium. No prime cattle on sale. Fifteen cars of cattle shipped to New York to-day.

Hogs—Receipts 4,900 head; shipments 3,800 head. The market was firm. Sales of choice selected Philadelphias at $5 05@5 75 per cwt; best mixed at $5 40@5 5½; corn fed Yorkers at $5 25@5 50; grassers at $4 75@5 10; pigs at $4 25@4 75. Nine cars of hogs shipped to New York to-day.

Sheep—Receipts 4,600 head; shipments, 3,200 head. The market was slow at last week's prices. Lambs dull and 25c off. Good to prime sheep at $4 40@5 00; fair do at $3 50@4 25; common at $2 00@3 25; lambs at $4 00@5 50; veal calves at $5 00@5 75.

TOLEDO PRICES CURRENT.

Poultry—Springers, 20@30c a piece; old 7c per lb; ducks, $2 00@3 50 per doz; geese, $3 00@4 00.

Provisions—Pork, better; mess, $11 50 per bbl; short, $13 00; clear, $13 00; short clear, $14 00 pounds. Hams, 18 lbs and over, 11c; 15 lbs, average 11½c; 12 lbs and under, 12c. Shoulders, 8c. Breakfast bacon, clear, 9½c; rib, 9c. Smoked beef, 12c. Lard—Kettle rendered, in tierces, 7½c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 8½c; refined, 7½c; 50 lb tins, 8c. Bacon sides, 8c. Bologna, 6c. Barrell meats dull and a little lower at times.

Butter—Gathered creams, 17@20c; fancy Ohio creamery, 26c; fancy northwestern cream, ery, 27@28c; fancy dairy, 18@20c; prime to choice, 14@16c; medium, 10@12c; common, 7@9d per pound. The market is dull for all grades, and lower prices on choice stock are looked for.

Calves—Choice, 6¼c; medium, 6c per pound.

Tallow—City, 5c per lb; country, 4c¾. Market strong.

Hides—Kip skins, 7c; calf skins, 6c; light hides, 4c; heavy steers, 5½c; No 1 green, 5c; No 2 do, 4c; No 1 wet salted, 6c; No 2 do, 4c; No 1 bulls, 3½c; No 2 do, 3c; dry-flint, 10c; No 2 do, 7c; dry-salted, 6@7c per bbl; sheep pelts, full wool, $1 00@1 50; glue stock, 2c. Market dull and quiet.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23 per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 22@24c; fine merino, 18@19c; burry and cots, 14@15c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@29c; combing and delaine, 30@31; fine merino, X and XX, 28@29c; burry and cots, 18@21c. Tub-washed—30@35c; pulled, 25@29c. Market firm and very quiet.

Grapes—4@6c per lb.

Peaches—$1 50@2 00 per bu.

Oranges—$4 00@4 50 per box.

Lemons—$4 00@5 00 per box.

Pears—Large 50@75c per bushel.

Watermelons—10@15c.

Plums—$2 00@2 50 per bushel.

Peppers—40c bushel.

Nutmeg Mellons—$1 50 per barrel.

Blueberries—$4 00@per bu.

Apples—30@50c per bu.

Celery—30c per dozen.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 35c per bu. Sweet potatoes $4 per bbl; Jersey $5 per bbl. Cabbage home grown, 50c per bbl. Onions, home grown, $1 00 per bushel. Cucumbers 15c per dozen. Squash, 5c per doz. Corn, 8@10c per doz. Peas, 75c per bu. Tomatoes, 25@40c per bu. String beans, green, 40c; wax, 40c. These are grower prices obtained at the market.

Eggs—Quiet but scarce and firm at 14@15c per dozen.

Hay—Choice timothy, $11 00@12 00; No 2 do $10 00@11 00; mixed $9 00@10 00. Straw, 55@57 00.

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian, and common millet, 85c@$1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 16@1 25 per bu on arrival.

Millfeed—Bran, $13 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $20 00, middlings $22 00 and $1 00 more in bags.

Flour—Spring patent, $6 00; spring family $5 75, winter patent, 10 50@7 00; fancy $5 75@6 25, winter family, $5 75@6 00; extra, $5 75@5 50; low grade, $4 00; northwestern rye, $6 00@6 25 per bbl.

Salt—80c per small bbl; large, 90c per bbl, Michigan, on track, 75c.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 50@2 60; navy and medium, $2 30@2 40 per bu.; western navy, $2 50@2 75.

Maple Sweets—Syrup, pure, $1 00@1 10 per gallon; manufactured, 75@90c.; sugar, 11@12½c. per lb.; Common, 8@10c. Market quiet.

Sorghum—Medium to choice, 34@36c per gallon. Market dull.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 9@10c per lb; evaporated, 12@13c; peaches, 7@8c. Market dull.

Cheese—New York full cream, 10½@11c; Michigan full cream, 9½@10c; Young America 10@10c; fancy Schweitzer, 14½@15c; twins, 11½@12c per pound. Stocks are light and the market is firm.

Fish—Mackerel, No. 1 large shore, per bbl, $18 00@20 00; No. 1 shore, $16 00@17 00; No. 1 medium, $20 00@21 00; No. 2 shore, $12 50@13 50. White fish, No. 1, per half bbl, $7 50; No. 2, $5 00 @5 25. Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. 1 Labrador herring, 25c per box. Very quiet.

Oils—Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana standard car lots, 6¼c; water white 15c headlight, 8½c; lard oil—No 1 linseed oil, 54@56c.

Turpentine—Dull at 36@40c per gal.

Feathers—Prime live white geese, 43c and scarce; old and mixed, 38@40c per pound on arrival. Market firm.

Hops—New York, 30@33c; Western, 28@33c; foreign, 60c per lb.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@3½c per lb; do screened, 3¼@3½c; recleaned and handpicked, 3¾@4c.

AGAIN REFERRED BACK

Is the Ordinance for a Robison Extension.

A Bad Night for Street Railways and Parks in the Council—Other Business Before the Board.

The board of councilmen met last evening with all members present except Messrs. Doner and Rutherford. The session was uneventful, and only a few minor discussions were indulged in.

Mr. Albrecht presented a petition asking that the council compel the Consolidated to run cars on its line from Bellevue park to the Manhattan road, according to franchise. This was referred to the railroad committee.

Mr. Gill introduced a resolution to compel property owners to build a plank walk on the east side of Willard street, Sixth ward, which had already been ordered. Referred to the committee on sidewalks.

The same member also presented resolutions to build 10-foot plank sidewalks on both sides of Bridge street approaching the bridge. Referred to the committee.

Mr. Taylor introduced a petition to provide for the cleaning of Collingwood avenue from Monroe street to Indiana avenue and appointing Fred Hofer and J. M. Cronenberg as commissioners for the same.

A resolution was introduced by Mr. Walker, requiring the street railway companies to place safety gates on cars other than horse cars. This was unanimously adopted.

A resolution from Mr. Caldwell directing the street commissioner to build a temporary plank walk on the south side of Bridge street approaching the bridge, was adopted.

When the ordinance was taken up granting to the Robison Electric Street Railway company the right to construct an extension on Mulberry street, Spring street and Stickney avenue, Mr. Neuendorf objected and stated that a majority of the property owners were opposed to the proposed extension.

Mr. Gill moved that the ordinance be referred back to the committee and this motion was seconded by Mr. Schmuhl.

Mr. Lee was opposed to this disposition of the ordinance, stating that it had been before the committee three times and there had been no objections, but on the other hand property owners had appeared in favor of the extension.

Mr. Pheatt claimed that the property owners did not know when the committee held its meetings and that this was the reason some of them had not appeared.

President Hassenzahl thought the ordinance should be passed, but when it came to a vote it was referred back again.

From the street committee ordinances were passed to pave Lawrence avenue from Monroe street to Bancroft street; to establish the grade of the alley northeast of Cherry street; and to change the name of Gardner street to Kelsey avenue.

A resolution was adopted to grade Oakland street.

Resolutions were adopted for new sidewalks on Hicks street, Mulberry street, Magnolia street, Oakwood avenue, Orchard street, Collingwood avenue, Huron street, Broadway and St. Clair street.

When the report of the sewer committee was read Mr. Schmuhl moved that the ordinance for a sewer in Hewey street be referred back to the committee. This was done, and then Mr. Schmuhl asked that all the ordinances approved by this committee be referred back for the reason that the committee had not been regularly called. He had been at the meetings Thursday evening, he stated, but knew nothing of the sewer committee being called.

Mr. Neuendorf remarked that Mr. Schmuhl was seldom present at committee meetings, anyhow.

Mr. Schmuhl's motion was not seconded, and ordinances were adopted for sewers in Daniels street, Indiana avenue and Peck street.

On motion of Mr. Neuendorf, the Henry street sewer ordin

THE STORY OF FAMINE.

Talmage Takes a Text from the Present Day.

Food - Hungry and Sin - Laden People the Subject of an Interesting Discourse.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Aug. 31.—The cabled reports of meager harvests in Europe, and the memory of the vast crops of ripening grain which Dr. Talmage saw during his recent tour in the west, have combined to turn his thoughts back to that patriarchal time when all the world sent to Egypt to buy corn and to suggest a gospel lesson. His text is Genesis xlii. 3, "Ye shall not see my face, except your brother be with you."

This summer, having crossed eighteen of the United States, north, south, east and west, I have to report the mightiest harvests that this country or any other country ever reaped.

If the grain gamblers do not somehow wreck these harvests, we are about to enter upon the grandest scene of prosperity that America has ever witnessed.

But while this is so in our country, on the other side of the Atlantic there are nations threatened with famine, and the most dismal cry that is ever heard will, I fear, be uttered, the cry for bread.

I pray God that the contrast between our prosperity and their want may not be as sharp as in the lands referred to by my text. There was nothing to eat. Plenty of corn in Egypt, but ghastly famine in Canaan. The cattle moaning in the stall. Men, women and children awfully white with hunger. Not the failing of one crop for the summer, but the failing of all the crops for seven years.

A nation dying for lack of that which is so common on your table, and so little appreciated; the product of harvest field, and grist mill, and oven; the price of sweat, and anxiety, and struggle—Bread! Jacob the father has the last report from the flour bin, and the finds that everything is out, and he says to his sons: "Boys, hook up the wagons and start for Egypt, and get us something to eat." The fact was, there was a great corn crib in Egypt. The people of Egypt have been largely taxed in all ages, at the present time paying 75 and 80 per cent. of their products to the government. No wonder in that time they had a large corn crib, and it was full.

To that crib they came from the regions round about—those who were famished—some paying for corn in money; when the money was exhausted, paying for the corn in sheep and cattle, and horses and camels; and when they were exhausted, then selling their own bodies and their families into slavery.

The morning for starting out on the crusade for bread had arrived. Jacob gets his family up very early. But before the elder sons start they say something that makes him tremble with emotion from head to foot, and bursts into tears.

The fact was that the elder sons had once before been in Egypt to get corn, and they had been treated somewhat roughly, the lord of the corn crib supplying them with corn, but saying at the close of the interview: "Now, you need not come back here for any more corn unless you bring something better than money—even your younger brother Benjamin." Ah! Benjamin—that very name was suggestive of all tenderness.

The mother had died at the birth of that son—a spirit coming and another spirit going—and the very thought of parting with Benjamin must have been a heart-break. The keeper of this corn crib, nevertheless, says to these older sons: "There is no need of your coming here any more for corn unless you bring Benjamin, your father's darling."

Now Jacob and his family very much needed bread; but what a struggle it would be to give up this son. The Orientals are very demonstrative in their grief, and I hear the outwailing of the father as these older sons keep reiterating in his ears the announcement of the Egyptian lord, "Ye shall not see my face unless your brother be with you." "Why did you tell them that you had a brother?" said the old man, complaining and chiding them. "Why, father," they said, "he asked us all about our family, and we had no idea he would make any such demand upon us as he has made." "No use of asking me," said the father, "I cannot, I will not, give up Benjamin." The fact was that the old man had lost children; and when there has been bereavement in the household, and a child taken, it makes the other children in the household more precious.

So the day for departure was adjourned, and adjourned, and adjourned. Still the horrors of the famine increased, and under mowed the cattle, and wider open cracked the earth, and more pallid became the cheeks, until Jacob, in despair, cried out to his sons: "Take Benjamin and be off." The older sons tried to cheer up their father. They said: "We have strong arms and a stout heart, and no harm will come to Benjamin. We'll see that he gets back again." Farewell!" said the young men to the father, in a tone of assumed good cheer.

"Fa-r-e-w-e-l-l!" said the old man; for that word has more quavers in it when pronounced by the aged than by the young.

Well, the bread party—the bread embassy—drives up in front of the corn crib of Egypt. These corn cribs are filled with wheat and barley, and corn in the husk, for those who have traveled in Canaan and Egypt know that there is corn there corresponding with our Indian maize. Huzza! the journey is ended. The lord of the corn crib, who is also the prime minister, comes down to these arrived travelers and says: "Dine with me to-day. How is your father? Is this Benjamin, the younger brother whose presence I demanded?"

The travelers are introduced into the palace. They are worn and bedusted of the way; and servants come in with a basin of water in one hand and a towel in the other, and kneel down before these newly-arrived travelers, washing off the dust of the way.

The butchers, and poulterers, and caterers of the Prime Minister prepare the repast. The guests are seated in small groups, two or three at a table, the food on a tray; all the luxuries from imperial gardens, and orchards and acquariums, and aviaries are brought there, and are filling chalice and platter.

Now is the time for this Prime Minister, if he has a grudge against Benjamin, to show it. Will he kill him, now that he has him in his hands? O, no! This lord of the corn-crib is seated at his own table, and he looks over to the table of his guests; and he sends a portion to each of them, but sends a larger portion to Benjamin, or, as the Bible quaintly puts it:

"Benjamin's mess was five times as much as any of theirs." Be quick and send word back with the swiftest camel to Canaan to old Jacob, that "Benjamin is well; all is well; he is faring sumptuously; the Egyptian lord did not mean murder and death; but he meant deliverance and life when he announced to us on that day: 'Ye shall not see my face unless your brother be with you.'"

Well, my friends, this world is famine-struck of sin. It does not yield a single crop of soul satisfaction. It is dying. It is hunger-bitten. The fact that it does not, cannot feed a man's heart, was well illustrated in the life of the English comedian. All the world honored him—did everything for him that the world could do. He was applauded in England and applauded in the United States. He roused up nations into laughter.

He had no equal. And yet, although many people supposed him entirely happy, and that this world was completely satisfying his soul, he sits down and writes: "I never in my life put on a coat but that it did not rain and ruin it. I never went out in a shabby coat because it was raining and thought all who had the chance would keep indoors, that the sun did not burst forth in its strength and bring out with it all the butterflies of fashion whom I knew and who knew me.

"I never consented to accept a part I hated, out of kindness to another, that I did not get hissed by the public and cut by the writer. I could not take a drive for a few minutes with Terry without being overturned and having my elbow-bone broken, though my friend got off unharmed. I could not make a covenant with Arnold, which I thought was to make my fortune without making his instead, than in an incredible space of time—I think 13 months—I earned him twenty thousand pounds, and for myself one.

I am persuaded that if I were to [illegible] of my text when it says, "You shall up as a beggar, everyone in my neighborhood would leave off eating bread." That was the lament of the world's comedian and joker. All unhappy. The world did everything for Lord Byron that it could do, and yet in his last moment he asks a friend to come and sit down by him and read, as most appropriate to his case, the story of "The Bleeding Heart." Torrigiano, the sculptor, executed after months of care and carving, "Madonna and the Child." The royal family came in and admired it. Everybody that looked at it was in ecstacy; but one day, after all that toil, and all that admiration because he did not get as much compensation for his work as he had expected, he took a mallet and dashed the exquisite sculpture into atoms.

The world is poor compensation, poor satisfaction, poor solace. Famine, famine in all the earth; not for seven years, but for six thousand. But blessed be God, there is a great corn-crib. The Lord built it. It is in another land. It is a large place. An angel once measured it, and as far as I can calculate it in our phrase, that corn-crib is fifteen hundred miles long and fifteen hundred broad, and fifteen hundred high; and it is full. Food for all nations.

"Oh!" say the people, "we will start right away and get this supply for our soul." But stop a moment; for from the keeper of that corn-crib there comes the word, saying: "You shall not see my face except your brother be with you." In other words there is no such thing as getting from heaven pardon, and comfort, and eternal life, unless we bring with us our Divine Brother, the Lord Jesus Christ.

Coming without him we shall fall before we reach the corn-crib, and our bodies shall be a portion for the jackals of the wilderness; but coming with the Divine Jesus, all the graneries of heaven will swing open before our soul, and abundance shall be given us. We shall be invited to sit in the palace of the King and at the table; and while the Lord of heaven is apportioning from his own table to other tables he will not forget us; and then and there it will be found that our Benjamin's mess is larger than all the others put together. It ought to be. "Worthy is the Lamb that was slain to receive blessing, and riches, and honor, and glory, and power."

I want to make three points. Every frank and common sense man will acknowledge himself to be a sinner. What are you going to do with your sins? Have them pardoned, you say. How? Through the mercy of God. What do you mean by the mercy of God? Is it the letting down of a bar for the admission of all, without respect to character? Be not deceived. I see a soul coming up to the gate of mercy and knocking at the corn-crib of heavenly supply; and a voice from within says: "Are you alone?"

The sinner replies: "All alone." The voice from within says: "You shall not see my pardoning face unless your Divine Brother, the Lord Jesus, be with you." O, that is the point at which so many are discomforted. There is no mercy from God except through Jesus Christ. Coming with him we are accepted. Coming without him, we are rejected.

Peter put it right in his great sermon before the high priests, when he thundered forth: "Neither is there salvation in any other. There is no other name given under heaven among men whereby we may be saved." O, anxious sinner! O, dying sinner! O, lost sinner! all you have got to do is to have this Divine Benjamin along with you. Side by side, comjamin to the gate, all the store-houses of heaven will swing open before your anxious soul. Am I right in calling Jesus Benjamin?

Oh, yes, Rachel lived only long enough to give a name to that child, and with a dying kiss she called him Benoni. Afterward Jacob changed his name, and he called him Benjamin. The meaning of the name she gave was "Son of My Pain."

The meaning of the name the father gave was "Son of my Right Hand." And was not Christ the son of pain? All the sorrows of Rachel in that hour, when she gave her child over into the hands of strangers, was nothing compared with the struggle of God when he gave up his only Son.

The omniopotent God in a birth throe! And was Christ appropriately called "Son of the Right Hand?" Did not Stephen look into heaven and see him standing at the right hand of God? And does not Paul speak of him as standing at the right hand of God making intercession for us? O, Benjamin—Jesus! Son of pang! Son of victory! The deepest emotions of our souls ought to be stirred at the sound of that nomenclature. In your prayers plead his tears, his suffering, his sorrows, and his death.

If you refuse to do it all the corn-cribs and palaces of heaven will be bolted and barred against your soul, and a voice from the throne shall stun you with the announcement: "You shall not see my face except your brother be with you."

My text also suggests the reason why so many people do not get any real comfort. You meet ten people; nine of them are in need of some kind of condolence. There is something in their health, or in their state, or in the domestic condition that demands sympathy, and yet the most of the world's sympathy amounts to absolutely nothing. People go to the wrong crib, or they go the wong way. When the plague was in Rome a great many years ago, there were eighty men who chanted themselves to death with the litanies of Gregory the Great—literally chanted themselves to death, and yet it did not stop the plague. And all the music of this world cannot halt the plague of the human heart.

I come to some one whose ailments are chronic, and I say: "In heaven you will never be sick." That does not give you much comfort. What you want is a soothing power for your present distress. Lost children, have you? I come to you and tell you that in ten years perhaps you will meet those loved ones before the throne of God.

But there is but little condolence in that. One day is a year without them, and ten years is a small eternity. What you want is sympathy now—present help. I come to those of you who have lost dear friends and say: "Try to forget them. Do not keep the departed always in your mind."

How can you forget them when every figure in the carpet, and every book, and every picture, and every room calls out their name. Suppose I come to you and say by way of condolence: "God is wise." "Oh!" you say, "that gives me no help." Suppose I come to you and say: "God, from all eternity, has arranged this trouble." "Oh!" you say, "that does me no good." Then I say: "With the swift feet of prayer go direct to the corn-crib for a heavenly supply." You go. You say: "Lord, help me; Lord, comfort me."

But no help yet. No comfort yet. It is all dark. What is the matter? I have found. You ought to go to God and say: "Here, O Lord, are the wounds of my soul and I bring with me the wounded Jesus. Let his wounds pay for my wounds, his bereavements for my bereavements, his loneliness for my loneliness, his heart-break for my heart-break. O, God! for the sake of the Lord Jesus Christ—the God, the man, the Benjamin, the brother—deliver my agonized soul. O, Jesus of the weary foot, ease my fatigue. O, Jesus of the aching head, heal my aching head. O, Jesus of the Bethany sisters, roll away the stone from the door of our grave." This is the kind of prayer that brings help; and yet how many of you are getting no help at all for the reason that there is in your soul, perhaps, a secret trouble. You may never have mentioned to a single human ear, or you may have mentioned it to some one who is now gone away, and that great sorrow is still in your soul.

After Washington Irving was dead they found a little tin box that contained a braid of her hair and a miniature, and the name of Matilda Hoffman, and a memorandum of her death, and a remark something like this: "The world after that was a blank to me. I went into the country, but found no peace in solitude. I tried to go into society, but found no peace in society. There has been a horror hanging over me by night and by day, and I am afraid to be alone."

How many unuttered troubles! No human ear has ever heard the sorrow. O, troubled soul, I want to tell you that there is one salve that can cure the wounds of the heart, and that is the salve made out of the tears of a sympathetic Jesus.

And yet some of you will not take this solace; and you try chloral, and you try morphine, and you try strong drink, and you try change of scene, and you try new business associations, and anything and everything rather than take the divine companionship and sympathy suggested by the words of my text when it says, "You shall not see my face again unless your brother be with you."

O, that you might understand something of the height, and depth, and length, and breadth, and immensity, and infinity of God's eternal consolations.

I go further, and find in my subject a hint as to the way heaven opens to the departing spirit. We are told that heaven has twelve gates, and some people infer from that fact that all people will go in without reference to their past life; but what is the use of having a gate that is not sometimes to be shut? The swinging of a gate implies that our entrance into heaven is conditional. It is not a monetary condition.

If we come to the door of an exquisite concert, we are not surprised that we must pay a fee, for we know that fine earthly music is expensive; but all the oratorios of heaven cost nothing. Heaven pays nothing for its music. It is all free. There is nothing to be paid at that door for entrance; but the condition of getting into heaven is our bringing our divine Benjamin along with us. Do you notice how often dying people call upon Jesus?

It is the usual prayer offered—the prayer offered more than all the other prayers put together—"Lord Jesus, receive my spirit." One of our congregation, when asked in the closing moments of his life: "Do you know us?" said: "O, yes, I know you. God bless you. Good-bye. Lord Jesus, receive my spirit;" and he was gone. O, yes, in the closing moments of our life we must have a Christ to call upon. If Jacob's sons had gone toward Egypt, and had gone with the very finest equipage, and had not taken Benjamin along with them, and to the question they would have been obliged to answer: "Sir, we didn't bring him, as father could not let him go; we didn't want to be bothered with him," a voice from within would have said: "Go away from us. You shall not see my face because your brother is not with you." And if we came up toward the door of heaven at last, though we come from all luxuriance and brilliancy of surroundings, and knock for admittance, and it is found that Christ is not with us, the police of heaven will beat us back from the bread-house, saying: "Depart, I never knew you." If Jacob's sons, coming toward Egypt, had lost everything on the way; if they had expended their last shekel; if they had come up utterly exhausted to the corn-cribs of Egypt, and it had been found that Benjamin was with them, all the storehouses would have swung open before them. And so, though by fatal casualty we may be ushered into the eternal world, though we may be weak and exhausted by protracted sickness—if, in that last moment, we can only just stagger, and faint, and fall into the gate of heaven—it seems that all the corn-cribs of heaven will open for our need and all the palaces will open for our reception; and the Lord of that place, seated at his table, and all the angels of God seated at their table, and all the martyrs seated at their table, and all our glorified kindred seated at our table, the King shall pass a portion from this table to ours, and then, while we think of the fact that it was Jesus who started us on the road, and Jesus who kept us on the way, and Jesus who at last gained admittance for our soul, we shall be glad if he has seen of the travail of his soul and been satisfied, and not be at all jealous if it be found that our divine Benjamin's mess is five times larger than all the rest. Hail! anointed of the Lord. Thou art worthy.

My friends, you see it is either Christ or famine. If there were two banquets spread, and to one of them only you might go, you might stand and think for a good while as to which invitation you had better accept; but here it is feasting or starvation. If it were a choice between oratorios, you might say: "I prefer the 'Messiah.'" But there it is a choice between eternal harmony and everlasting discord. O, will you live or die? Will you start for the Egyptian corn crib, or will you perish amid the empty barns of the Canaanitish famine? "Ye shall not see my face except your brother be with you."

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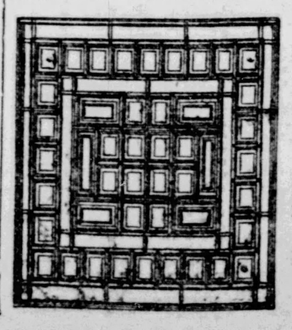

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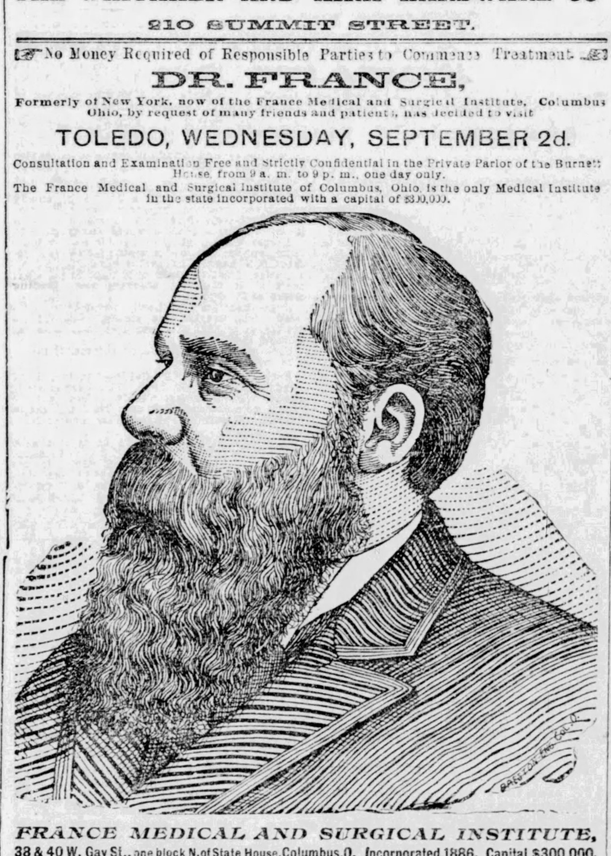

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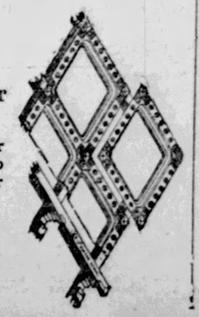

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Established for the cure of all Skin, Blood Nervous and Private Diseases. In the treatment of which it is unequaled.

SYPHILIS cured permanently by the most rapid, safe and effective remedy known. An absolute cure guaranteed.

GONORRHEA cured in the shortest possible time. Sure, safe and painless.

LOST MANHOOD and all weaknesses of the sexual organs positively and permanently cured.

STRICTURE or difficulty in relieving the bladder cured without pain or instruments.

CATARRH Blood, Heart, Liver and Kidneys treated with eminent success.

SPERMATORRHEA, quickly and PROSTRATORRHEA radically cured.

NIGHT EMISSIONS and SEXUAL WEAKNESS thoroughly and completely cured and a perfect restoration to health and manly vigor guaranteed.

RHEUMATISM, LAME BACK, SCIATICA, PARALYSIS, NEURALGIA, ASTHMA and all diseases of the LIBER, LIVER KIDNEYS, HEART and LUNGS quickly relieved and permanently cured.

THIS IS THE BEST equipped, the largest and most reliable Medical dispensary in the United States for the cure of the above named diseases as well as OLD SORES and ULCERS, FEVER SORES, ECZEMA, BARBER'S ITCH, etc., which are by the mode of treatment practiced at this institution rapidly and radically cured.

THE TREATMENT given at this Dispensary is peculiarly our own and is different from that given by any medical practitioner, the remedies used being the discoveries of our Dr. Samuel Charles Evans, who has given all of the best years of his life to their production and perfection. They are infallible. Their efficacy is amply attested by the thousands of cures that have been performed by our treatment. No one need suffer from the many ills above enumerated because we can guarantee a cure if the sufferer will but call at our Dispensary or write us.

OUR GUARANTEE IS NO CURE NO PAY. In proof of which we are willing and anxious to take the cases of RESPONSIBLE AFFLICTED PERSONS ON THAT BASIS. Those suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, the symptoms of which are a dull, distressed head, which unfits them for performing the business and social duties of life, making happy marriages an utter impossibility, causing depression of spirits, evil forebodings of the future, feeling as tired in the morning as when retiring; lost manhood, trembling, confusion of thoughts, watery and weak eyes, constipation, paleness, pain and weakness in the limbs, etc., should consult us at once and have immediately be restored to strong, vigorous MANHOOD.

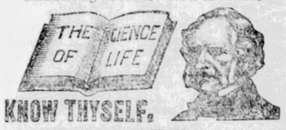
YOUNG MEN

Who are victims of SOLITARY VICE—that fearful and health destroying habit which in each year of its ravages sweeps thousands upon thousands of young men of brilliant mind, great talent, strong manhood and bright prospects for the future to an early grave. All who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary vice should call at our Dispensary at once or on their inability to conveniently do that write us for a copy of our question list and Book on Self Diseases, entitled "Common Sense Views and Facts Relative to Self Abuse and Kindred Diseases," which will be sent free of charge. Address as above.

MANHOOD!

How Lost! How Regained!

A Great Medical Work for Young and Middle-Aged Men. New Edition.



KNOW THYSELF.

Or SELF-PRESERVATION. A new and only Gold Medal PRIZE ESSAY on NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, ERRORS of YOUTH, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, PREMATURE DECLINE, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MAN. 300 pages, cloth, gilt, 125 invaluable prescriptions. Only $1.00 by mail, double sealed. Descriptive Prospectus with endorsements of the Press and voluntary testimonials of the cures performed. Consultation in person or by mail. Expert treatment. INVIOLABLE SECRECY and CERTAIN CURE. Address Dr. W. H. Parker, or The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. or Post Office Box 1895.

FREE! SEND NOW.

HEAL THYSELF

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators but never an equal.—*Herald.* (Copyrighted.)

DR CLARKE

Merrill Bl'k, { Corner Woodward and Jefferson Avenues, } Detroit, Mich.

THE REGULAR OLD ESTABLISHED

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Is still treating with the greatest

SKILL AND SUCCESS ALL

PRIVATE, NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Lost Manhood, Mental and Physical Weakness, Exhausting Drains, and all the evil effects caused by excess or abuse, treated scientifically by new methods, and a thorough and permanent cure guaranteed.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

as Syphilis, Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, Eruptions, etc., radically cured without mercury.

URINARY AND KIDNEY

complaints, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs speedily and safely cured.

DISEASES OF WOMEN, of whatever nature, skillfully and successfully treated.

New Experiments. Thousands Cured. Consult the Old Doctor. Forty years in practice. Consultation personally or by letter free and confidential. No matter who has failed to cure you, write Dr. Clarke a full history of your case. Medicines sent everywhere free from observation. Hours, 8 to 8; Sundays, 9 to 12. Call or address

Dr. F. D. CLARKE,
Merrill Block, Detroit, Mich.

Dr. Clark, the Botanic Specialist,

Eleven years at his Toledo Office Parlors.

I atronize no longer, advertising quacks, who infest our city for a few months and with their accumulated spoils depart.

Dr. Clark cures syphilis, gonorrhœa, loss of manhood and power, spermatorrhœa, night emissions, cancers, sores, ulcers, kidney and blood diseases.

Special diseases of both men and women positively cured. Dr. Clark is the only botanic specialist in the state. If you mean business and wish to be cured call and see us and have a friendly talk, and see what can be done for you. If not you probably will fall into the hands of an advertising charlatan or a home physician that is incompetent. Dr. Clark has no spare time to lose, but every case has a thorough examination so you can accept or reject. We are the friends of all sufferers. Dr. C. G. CLARK, Toledo, O., next to Hotel Hamilton.

DRUNKENNESS LIQUOR HABIT.

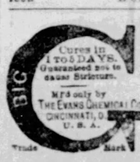
WALL THE WORLD THERE IS BUT ONE CURE

DR HAINES GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

It can be given in coffee, tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of patient if necessary; it is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. It operates so quietly and with such certainty that the patient undergoes no inconvenience, and soon his complete reformation is effected. 48 page book free.

To be had of I. N. REED Druggist, Summit and Madison Sts., Toledo, O.

G. A. MUHME, Home Chiropodist, office 117 Summit st over Mr. Egley's shoe store second floor. Removes Corns Bunions and Ingrowing Nails, without leaving the feet sore. Positive ly cures Sweating and Odorous Feet. Examination free. Treats Chilblains and frozen feet. EVMA McCARTHY, Secy.


BIG G
Cures in 1 to 5 DAYS.
Guaranteed not to cause

The Bee.

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of THE BEE, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes.

Advertisements of Wants, For Rent, For Sale, Lost, Found, etc., not exceeding four lines (28 words), will be inserted in these columns for 25 cents a week, two weeks $1; one month $2. For one insertion 20 cents, two times 25 cents, three times 30 cents, and four times 40 cents will be charged. Over four lines at proportionate rates, payable in advance. Parties desiring situations will be given three insertions free.

No credit is allowed for advertisements ordered in for a certain number of times and stopped before expiration.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head: Once, 10cts: Three times, 25cts: Six times 50cts.

WANTED—A first-class designer; one who can do detailing, stock billing and make perspective drawings on drug store, office, bank and saloon work; steady job to a good first-class man; none but a steady, sober man need apply; state salary wanted. Cassell & Son, Peoria, Ill 27aug6

WANTED—Bell boys at the Jefferson. 29aug-tf

WANTED—Ten good men at quarries of Toledo Glass Sand Co, near Sylvania; wages $1.35 per day; board $3 per week. 29aug-tf

1000 MEN Wanted—To be measured for a custom made pant at $3 or suit at $13.25 at the Plymouth Rock Pants Co, 603 Adams st. 19augtmp

WANTED—Man to run small steam engine for steam riding gallery; single man preferred. Apply to A E Holt, 121 Superior st. 29aug3p

WANTED—A collector. Address, with full name and references, M R, this office. 31aug3

WANTED—By a wholesale liquor house, three experienced salesmen to sell the fall trade in southern Michigan and northern Ohio and Indiana. Undoubted references required as to ability and character, as well as sobriety. Good salaries paid to the right men. Address J C Hess, Boody House, Toledo, O. 1sep2p

WANTED—A first-class barber at 1502 Cherry st; no other need apply 1sep2p

WANTED—A clothing salesman. Address, with full name and references, M R, this office. 31aug2

WANTED—Two young men. Apply at Union News & Penny depot. 31aug3

WANTED—Boy who has had some experience in barber business. Call 315 Monroe st John Stahl. 31aug2p

BARBER—Wanted, barber at 112 Bridge st, East Toledo. 31aug6p

WANTED—First-class stave cutter, wages $3.50 per day for cutting, and two pilers, wages $2.25. Must be all first-class men. Steady job to right parties. Address J H Parks, Williams, Mich. 18aug2w

WANTED—Grocery clerk. Apply at 635 East Lafayette st 29aug3p

COOK—Wanted, male, short order cook, immediately. Address C 94, Bee office. 28augtf

BOOKBINDERS—A good forwarder wants steady work. Call or address 717 Orchard st, city. 29aug3

WANTED—Good blacksmith helper, one who understands horseshoeing. Call at Peter Weiter's, 310 So Erie st. 26aug6p

WANTED—A night fireman to fire in a stave factory; must come well recommended. Apply Hector Stave Co, Hector, Ohio, on New York, Chicago & St Louis R R. 26aug6

WANTED—Salesmen, to carry the best selling article in the market as a side line. Address Economy Collar and Cuff Co, 4 Cleveland, O. 29aug1

WANTED—100 men to work on gas line; wages $1.50 to $2.00 per day. Apply at Room 2, Lenk block, cor Summit and Monroe sts. Kerlin Bros, contractors 29aug-tf

WIRE WORKERS—Wanted 3 experienced wire workers at the American Brass and Metal Works, Detroit, Mich. 21jly-tf

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. Apply 325 21st st 1sep2p

WANTED—Girl for kitchen and one for laundry at Hotel Union. 1sep2p

WANTED—You to try the Mexican cockroach destroyer; warranted to kill roaches and water beetles in every instance. For sale at Richmond & Strong's, druggists, 601 Monroe st, Toledo. 31aug6p

WANTED—A girl for kitchen work. Call at No 10 Market space. 31aug2p

WANTED—A lady bookkeeper. Address with name and reference, M R, this office. 31aug2

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Call on Mrs W M Bellman, 124 21st st. 31aug3p

WANTED—Girl to do housework in family of two; must be a good cook. Call at 294 Vermont ave. 31aug3p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, immediately, girl for general housework; small family. Mrs Ames, 809 West Woodruff ave. 31aug6p

WANTED—At once, Lady or gent for treasurer of dramatic company. Must furnish some money. Good situation. Address B, Bee office. 29augp

HOUSEWORK—Wanted a competent gir to do general housework at 1324 Huron street Mrs. F. C. Chapin. 22aug9

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, good girl for general housework, references required. Mrs A J Rummel, 127 Broadway. 29aug3p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, a good girl for general housework; references required. Mrs C E Rowland, 29 17th st 29aug3p

APPRENTICES—Waistand skirt hands; also good sewer, operators and others, for office work; side-door work, high wages. Call or write, Dressmaker, 203 Summit st. 29aug5

COOK—Wanted, at once, Portage house, Oak Harbor, O, must come well recommended, a good salary will be paid. Address the Portage, Oak Harbor, O 28aug6p

WANTED—25 sewing machine operators. E C Shaw & Co, S S St Clair st. 29aug6p

WANTED—Good German girl to do kitchen and laundry work; must be a good cook; good wages. Mrs Chas T Lewis, 103 Prescott st. 18aug-tf

WIVES—Wanted—To tell their husbands to get their clothes made at the Plymouth Rock Pants Co., 603 Adams st. Suits, $13.25; pants, $3. 19augtmp

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 332 Huron st corner Lagrange. 9june-tf

FOR RENT ROOMS.

ROOMS FOR RENT—Two suites of rooms with bath and closet; furnished rooms also. 235 Broadway. 1sep6p

ROOM—For rent nicely furnished front room suitable for gentlemen or man and wife, on bath room floor, at 712 Madison st. 1sep6p

ROOM—For rent, nicely furnished rooms; also rooms for light housekeeping, with use of bath. Apply at 28 Ontario st, between Monroe and Washington. 31aug6p

ROOMS—For rent, 3 furnished rooms, 25 per month. Inquire 25 South Ontario st. 31aug3p

ROOMS—For rent, suite of unfurnished or second floor, with board and all modern conveniences. 707 Madison st 29aug6

FOR RENT—Nice newly furnished front room, suitable for man and wife or two gentlemen, at 720 Michigan st. 29 aug6p

ROOMS—For rent, furnished or unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; also pleasant rooms for gentlemen, with or without board; rent cheap to right parties. Call Monday s or evenings at 516 Dorr st 28aug6p

FOR RENT—Upper and lower front rooms, furnished or unfurnished; finest location in city; 2307 Monroe st, cor Collingwood. 29aug2p

OFFICES—For rent, rooms 1 and 2 Worthington block, corner Adams and Superior sts. Inquire of Dr E M Cook. 10aug-tf

ROOMERS—Wanted, from all parts of the city to call and get a pair of our elegant custom made pants for $3 or suit for $13.25 upwards. Plymouth Rock Pants Co., 603 Adams st. 10augtmp

FURNISHED ROOMS—For rent nicely furnished rooms, single or ensuit, neat, clean, light, airy and both gases, very central. Apply at new Mission flats, 739 Adams st, terms reasonable. 5augtf

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY—To loan on real estate in large or small amounts at low rate of interest. I. N. Merrell, 512 Madison st. 17Augtyr

MONEY TO LOAN—On household goods pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, room 14 Worthington block, Adams and Superior sts. 16maytf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Sunday last, on either St Clair, Summit, Madison or Adams between Jefferson and Adams streets, a ladies' gold scarf pin with small diamond in the setting; the finder will please leave at Bee office and receive reward. 1sep2p

HOUSE—For rent whole or part of very desirable house 2103 Franklin ave; bath room, both kinds of gas, city, cistern and well water; rent moderate. Apply on premises. 1sep2p

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—To purchase stock of groceries in good location with established trade; down town preferred. Address C 101, Bee 31aug2p

WANTED—To buy for cash a small farm from 25 to 40 acres; must have a small house and different kinds of fruit. Address Mrs J W Johnson, 809 Dorr st, Toledo, O 26aug6p

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—Situation by a boy 16 years old to drive delivery wagon; knows the city well; good education and the best of references; Drop card to No 20 S Ontario st, city, to C G Wolcott. 1sep3

WANTED—A situation by a young girl or 16 years to assist in housework; object, a good home. Inquire 121 Kraus st 31aug3

FOR SALE.

MEAT MARKET—For sale, first class meat market, with all conveniences; good business locality. For full particulars call on Mrs Wm Schulze, 1417 Cherry st. 1sep12p

FOR SALE—On Oakwood ave, beautiful residence, 9 rooms, hardwood finish on lower floor, everything in first-class condition. Price, $3,000. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Eleventh st residence, 11 rooms, with water, gas, furnace, etc. will sell on reasonable terms. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—House on Bell ave near Dorr st, well located, 7 rooms, lot 3x120. Get our figures. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On Huron st, near Bush st, desirable residence of 10 rooms, hardwood finish, good cellar, lot 30 feet front. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—$900 will buy a desirable cottage on Delance st, East Toledo, entirely new, location good, street cars convenient, large lot. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—House on Wayne st, Air Line Junction, 7 rooms cellar, well and cistern, and natural gas, lot 40x117. Price $1,700. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On Utah st, East Toledo, good house at reasonable price, 8 rooms, natural gas, good well and cistern, fruit and shade trees, lot 60x115. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—For $2 400, new house on Hicks st, well built, very desirable 9 rooms, modern conveniences, lot 30x120. Let us show you the property. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—New house on Irving st for $3,200; all modern conveniences; 8 rooms; first-class neighborhood; everything in good condition. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Well built 6-room house on Walnut st, well and cistern, good fruit trees. Will sell for $1,900 on long time. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On West Washington st, house of 7 rooms, gas, well and cistern; street cars convenient; neighborhood good. Price $1,300. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Floyd st house, frame, of 9 rooms; water, sewer and gas connections complete; house new and in good condition; lot 35 feet front. Price $3,200. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—House on Indiana ave near Collingwood ave, 10 rooms; lot 25 feet front; street cars convenient. Get our figures. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—At reasonable price, a double brick on Erie st, corner property, well rented; 9 rooms each side; city water connections, etc Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On Michigan st facing Court House park, 9 rooms, two stories and basement, both range and furnace; everything in good condition. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Large Jefferson st residence with all modern conveniences, on lot 50x120 will sell at proper figures. If you are looking for first-class residence property let us show you this place. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—$2,000 will buy a very neat and desirable cottage on Knower st, 6 rooms; lot 40 feet front; house in good condition; street cars convenient. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Good property on Seventeenth st for $3,000; house 9 rooms in first-class location; lot 45 feet front. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—House with all modern conveniences on Locust st; everything in good repair. Will sell at reasonable figures Get our prices. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On Vermont ave near Woodruff ave, good residence of 8 rooms; natural gas, sewer and water connections complete; lot 50 feet front. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On Oliver st, corner property, for $3,000, good 2-story brick residence of 8 rooms, with barn; lot 50x150. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—House on Broadway, 9 rooms, all modern conveniences; in good location; lot 45x110. Will sell at very reasonable figure. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FARM—For sale, of 346 acres, nicely located in Ohio, with good house, two barns, three wells, two orchards, one living spring. This property has also another house good enough for family to live in, with two barns; has a sugar bush of 1,000 maple trees, and considerable beech, maple and elm timber. To a purchaser I can give a better deal than can be found anywhere in the country. Would not object to taking a moderate priced house and lot well located in this city as part payment. For particulars and price address George B St John, 1925 Warren st Toledo Ohio. 31augtmp

FOR SALE—One one-horse wagon, one family mare, one road cart, one heavy single harness, two vacant lots 40x150 each, on Indiana ave. E Davis, 930 Detroit ave. 29aug6p

FOR SALE—Lot on Robinwood ave; all improvements; terms reasonable. Inquire 2257 Robinwood ave. 29aug6p

FOR SALE—Fifty or sixty acres fine situated land 1½ miles Front or River st east between Grand st and Homestead addition, one-half mile south from the new round-house; for sale in lots or 1, 2 5, 10 or 20 acre pieces, or whole in one piece, on reasonable terms by Adolph Leitz E st Toledo, one mile west from the new brickyard. Address Adolph Lietz, Toledo, O. 29aug6p

FOR SALE—Saloon—Stock and fixtures of 322 Summit st, good location. 28aug6p

HORSE—For sale, a cheap horse at Young's grocery store 31aug3

FOR SALE—A good 2-story frame building, centrally located in a growing northwestern Ohio town; 18 rooms, and a splendid chance for hotel and restaurant; 6 miles from an oil and gas field and oil and gas wells within 2 miles; none but cash buyers need apply. Address C 83, Bee office. 27aug6p

FARM—For sale a farm of 100 acres, half mile south of Gibsonburg, O. This land is in the center of the natural gas and oil basin of this region. Unsurpassed location for stone quarries and sites for lime kilns, half a mile from railroad station; 80 acres of the tract the best quality of farming land. Also oil and timber lands in Jackson township, Seneca county, Ohio. Address Dr. S B Taylor, or Delia Taylor, Fremont, O. 6aug3m

FOR SALE—Grocery store doing a good business and located in one of the best parts of the city; not over $800 or $900 cash needed. Address C 36, Bee office. 24jyif

PROPERTY—For sale; house and lot on Walbridge ave, $3,500; house and lot on Washington st $2,500; 71 ft on Collingwood, near Delaware ave, at $40; 100 ft on Robinwood, near Bancroft at $30; house and lot on Lagrange st, 9th ward, $1,400; 3 new cottages now being built on East Broadway for $1,600 each; small down payments, balance monthly. Irving & Russell 16 Produce Exchange. 28augtf

LOT—For sale a beautiful lot 50x211. Call at 518 Adams street. 21mar-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

FIRE, accident, marine, plate glass and life insurance; real estate; houses for rent and for sale. Lots in Dawson's addition on easy terms. Phone 1088. C C & H H. ("Bert") Dawson, 2 Drummond block, opposite postoffice. 6aug3w

WANTED—Room or rooms for law office; Summit st preferred; price must be reasonable, write, stating terms and location, to C L Guernsey, 198 E North st, Fostoria, O. 28aug6

STAMPS, corporate seals and stencils, all kinds and sizes; a large style of letters to select from; prices low; work finished promptly. Wyman Boardman, 409 St Clair st, near Adams. 28aug1m

WANTED—To exchange my hotel at Lucky, Ohio, for a house and lot in Toledo. Hotel and furniture if desired, all in number one repair, will give or take boot, old age compels me to give up the hotel business only hotel in town. Address F Chamberlin, Lucky O. 15aug3sa

FOR EXCHANGE—Grist mill in Illinois, roller process, capac ty 35 barrels per day, write for description. Box 34, Tefft, Ind. 28aug6p

WANTED—Citizens of Toledo to know that Koella the artist has moved from Fourth ward to Hassenzahl's block, 324 Cherry st. Call if you want fine photography. 26aug6m

STOCK OF SHELF HARDWARE and plumbers supplies to exchange for improved Toledo property or good improved farm. Address 421 North Main st, Findlay. 19aug2sp

ANY ONE having money to loan on improved city or farm property at good rates will find it to their interest to call on T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison st. No charge for investment. 17augtyr

FOR THE BEST—Tomato catsup ever made, and for the finest delicacies in cheese, fish, etc, go to A. Rensch & Co., 607 Monroe street. Wholesale and retail. 17augtm

MANY headaches cured by the use of Brazilian Pebble Spectacles, adjusted by Goodwin the optician at his office, 230 Adams and St Clair. Eye examination free. 13augtm

WANTED—Advertising matter of every description to distribute at the Toledo Exposition at $1 per thousand. Geo Friend, Bill poster, Sylvania, O 1sep4p

FOR RENT—Turner hall club room. Inquir Louis John, 426 S Clair st. 7aug6m

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? If you do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7aprtyr

WANTED—The people to know that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry st. 31janly

GEORGE W. MERRILL, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 21 Law building, corner Superior and Madison sts. jan12tf

CISTERNS of all sizes in stock or made to order, delivered in any part of city; will set in position if desired. Phone 821. The Merrell Manufacturing Co., Curtis st. 8marly

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—A flat for $10 per month. Inquire at 1411 Adams st. 29aug3p

HOUSE—For rent a house of 12 rooms with all the modern improvements, including natural gas, at 1420 Superior st; splendid neighborhood, convenient to business. Apply to W. Granger, 305 Summit st. 4apr-tf

BUSINESS CHANCE.

BUSINESS CHANCE—An excellent opening is offered to engage in the hotel and restaurant business, either alone or as partner; best location in the city; old established and doing a good cash business; ill health the reason for making the change. Call at Wyek's hotel, Summit st near Perry. 27aug1f

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For real estate, a well-bred horse, 6 years old, sound and kind. Apply at 635 East Lafayette st. 29aug6p

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR SALE OR RENT—At a bargain, a beautiful modern home; 159 feet front, corner lot, barn, gas, water, etc, etc. Central ave near Collingwood. Sam T Fisk, 311 Madison st. 17augtm

WANTED AGENTS.

WANTED—A few good canvassing agents for standard Book publications. Address R L Underwood, 1214 Adams st, Toledo, O. 1 ep6

AGENTS—Wanted, lady made $24 last week selling Long's solid mucilage pencil. Why not you? Address C A Long, manufacturer, 234 Dearborn st, Chicago. 28aug4p

WANTED—Our agents make $100 to $300 a month selling our goods on their merits; want country and general agents, and will take back all goods unsold if a county agent fails to clear $200 and expenses after a 30 days' trial, or a general agent less than $250; we will send large illustrated circulars and letter with a special offer to suit territory applied for, on receipt of three 1 cent stamps. Apply at once and get in on the boom. Address Renner Manufacturing Company, Pittsburg, Pa. 1 v3m

CITY NEWS.

Smokette cigars 5 cents each.

The Crescent Livery Co Phone 899.

City officers are being paid off to-day.

Judiciary committee to-morrow night.

The free employment rooms are being nicely papered.

Seventh ward Democratic club meets to-morrow evening.

The new fire escapes are being put on the Hotel Union this week.

A. R. Siye, of Upper Sandusky, was received at the asylum to-day.

Work has been commenced on the new Armour building on Erie street.

Humane Agent France shot an infirm horse at 1906 Union street to-day.

Collars 2 cents, cuffs 4 cents, shirts 10 cents at Toledo Laundry Co. Phone 438.

Ask for Seyfang's New Process Bread.

Parks' city ambulance will do work for $2.50 to any part of the city. Phone 1217

Order a Carriage or Surrey for an evening drive from the Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

Everybody that uses Buckeye Paints and Varnishes, knows of their superior quality.

The Fifth Presbyterian church will give an excursion to Detroit on the Idlewild on Wednesday.

Annexation committee meets to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at the council chamber.

Large shipments of Taylor's Flour have recently been made to Glasgow, Bristol and Liverpool.

Erie county fair opens to-day at Sandusky, and next week the Huron county fair will be on.

Special prices in diamonds, watches, jewelry and silverware at B. H. Broer's 609 S. St. Clair street.

Ten children have been taken to the Children's home this week who have been deserted by their parents.

The live stock entries are being made almost as fast as they can be taken care of by the exposition company.

Toledo lodge of Masons will vote to-morrow night on the question of recommending the sale of the temple.

City Auditor Walker this morning sold $14,000 of Buckeye street and $8,000 of Washington street improvement bonds. The Northern National bank was the purchaser.

The republican judicial convention will be held at Fremont Wednesday, September 9. Lucas county is entitled to 89 votes.

Ezra Dusseau was bound over to the court of common pleas in police court yesterday afternoon on the charge of rape, and his bail fixed at $800.

A very small audience attended the performance at Wheeler's last evening, the Last Days of Pompeii. The company was not an over brilliant one.

Ask your grocer for Taylor's Flour.

Two large entries of fancy work and paintings, one from Waterloo, Ind., and one from Paris, Ill., were made at the exposition office this morning.

Bright eyes, healthy complexion and a vigorous system result from using Angostura Bitters. Sole manufacturers Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. At all druggists.

Elmer Clark and Elnora Sidell were arrested last night for being disorderly on the street, and will have a hearing in the police court this afternoon or to-morrow morning.

The English Lutheran Mission of the Redeemer, will give a social with ice cream and other refreshments, in the hall next the engine house on Bancroft street this evening.

Mrs. Bustka, Augusta Rutka and Maria Fintz were each fined $5 and costs in police court this morning for stealing wheat from the Clover Leaf road and feeding it to their poultry.

Yesterday afternoon some one stole a suit of clothes from in front of Broer & Schluter's store, 626 South St. Clair street. The theft was reported to the police, and they are looking for the thief.

The Central Chandelier Co. are having carpets laid in their salesrooms that were damaged by the recent fire.

G. A. Richards and M. Veator were arrested yesterday for assault and battery. In police court this morning Veator forfeited his bail, $15, and Richards asked for a continuance of his case until to-morrow.

Four of the boys tried in police court yesterday afternoon for stealing pictures from Bell's soap factory were sentenced to the reform farm this morning. The fifth one was too young and was taken home by his father.

The attention of the infirmary directors has been called to a case in Richfield township wherein a husband deserted his wife and five small children, leaving them in destitute circumstances. The case will be investigated.

An autumn excursion to Devil's Lake, Mich., will be given by the ladies of St. Stephen's Lutheran church on Thursday.

I wish to inform those who have the Britannica Encyclopedia, and not the extra volumes of the American supplement and index, that I can furnish it at reduced rates. I also handle a full line of all standard publications. For particulars call or address B. L. Underwood, 1214 Adams st., Toledo.

The usual list of drunks was disposed of in police court this morning as follows: James Doyle, Geo. H. Currier, Chas. Edwards, Chas. Dowds and James Flannigan, costs; John McMann, $10 and costs; L. B. De Shetler, costs; S. Nohl, costs.

Fred Neihouser, who was wanted at police headquarters for abusing his family, while attempting to get a girl away from Officer Hassenzahl last night, was shot in the heel. He surrendered himself and was taken to the police station in the patrol.

Capt. R. Mathias has tendered the use of his yacht Oberon to the Master House Painters' association, Thursday, September 3, for a day's fishing to Guard island. Notices have been sent out demanding each member's presence at 8 a. m. at Hepburn's, foot of Cherry street.

Shipherd, the Carriage Repository man on Cherry St., has unloaded one of the largest stocks of Horse Blankets, Carriages and Lap Robes ever brought into the city. Don't buy a thing in that line until you have examined his goods and learned his prices. Cherry street near Bancroft.

Degree lodge No. 4, I. O. O. F., meets this evening to confer the first degree on a number of candidates. The team has taken a two-months' vacation and is now in excellent shape and are prepared to confer the various degrees of Odd Fellowship in a first-class manner.

The Oberlin Students' Evangelist band, a party of six young men from Oberlin college, who have been holding meetings through Michigan this summer, who have a very fine quartet, will be at the Gospel tent, corner Huron and Madison, to-night, September 1, at 7:45 o'clock. A good time may be expected.

The Hotel Madison has come under the management of N. B. Henchman, jr., recently of the Churchill, Alpena, Mich., who intends to make the coming year of this elegant family hotel notable for the excellence of its service in all respects, and a marked improvement in its table. We would call attention to their ad. on third page.

John Rafferty, while full last evening, assaulted a man on South St. Clair street, striking him several times on the chest with his fists. Walter Sweetoloud was the name of the man assaulted, and he had Rafferty arrested. In police court this morning Rafferty was fined $20 and costs.

Those unhappy persons who suffer from nervousness and dyspepsia should use Carter's Little Nerve Pills, which are made expressly for sleepless, nervous, dyspeptic sufferers. Price 25 cents.

Curtains, Draperies—the latest at NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Steamer Pastime | Will make trips as follows this week: leave 2:30 p. m. for Presque Isle; will lay at Presque Isle two hours for picnic parties. Take your lunch basket; take the children; take the whole family and enjoy this week. Boat leaves island 5 p. m. The regular moonlight to the lake at 8:30.

THOSE

Black Dress Goods have arrived.

Of some numbers we have five and ten pieces, of others only one. The

PRICE

Will move them quickly.

LASALLE & KOCH.

HE WAS IN A HURRY.

An Old Story of How Two Greenhorns Fired Off a Cannon.

During the war two recently arrived Irishmen, who had made up their minds to enlist in the service of the Republic but were hesitating between the army and the navy, went on one of the gunboats at the Brooklyn Navy Yard in pursuit of information. The man-of-war had just been placed in commission and was ready for immediate service, but was delayed for lack of men to man the ship.

When the errand of the two greenhorns was made known to the officer on deck, he left them alone in order to fetch some one whose persuasive powers would be sufficient to attach the Irishmen to the crew. While he was gone they noticed one of the huge cannon, and one observed to the other, "Is that big gun loaded over there, I dunno."

"Me, nather, Michael," answered his friend, "but if wasn't for losin' the bullet, I'd foir it off and see."

"I'll save the bullet for yez," said Mike, as he saw a big iron kettle near by. So he put the pot over the muzzle of the gun, got astride of the barrel, took a firm grasp of the bail with both hands and gave the signal. His fellow countryman knocked the contents of his pipe into the vent, heard a terrific roar, and didn't recover consciousness after being stunned by the force of the recoil until the officer, surrounded by a body of sailors, shook him awake.

"That won't do, young man," said he angrily. "What has become of the fellow who was with you?"

"I dunno, sorr," responded Mike's friend, rubbing his head, "but if he comes back as quick as he wint, he won't be long gone."—Chicago Herald.

Sleeplessness, nervous prostration, nervous dyspepsia, dullness, blues, opium habit, cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Samples free at druggists; by mail 10c. Miles Med. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Look over our line of Carpets NEUHAUSEL BROS.

CLOCKS.

We can suit all and at prices that will astonish you, if you will call and see them at KAPP'S, 415 Summit street.

The magnitude of the figures concerning the operations of the railways of the United States in 1890, presented in Poor's Manual is indeed wonderful. When it is remembered that the total revenue of the United States for the year ending June 30, 1891, was $392,500,000, the vastness of the earnings of the railroads, $1,086,000,000, may perhaps be better appreciated. The net earnings of the roads, $341,000,000, almost equal the gross receipts of the United States. And then as to traffic, it is hard for the mind to grasp the figures. About 1,500,000 passengers a day, and every day in the year, almost 2,000,000 tons of freight per day, and an average of revenue train mileage of over 5,000,000 per day.

Two Grand Excursions

To the wonderful city of Middleboro, Ky., via Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R'y, Sept. 15 and 29, at a very low rate for the round trip. Don't fail to write or call on Geo. G. Clark, Land and excursion Agent.

How to Get to the North Pole.

We may seem fully entitled to draw the conclusion that a current is constantly running across the polar region somewhere north of Franz Josef Land from the sea north of the Siberian coast and Behring strait, and into the sea between Spitzbergen and Greenland. Since such a current exists, the most natural way of reaching the north pole, or a point quite near it, must be to enter the current on the side where it runs northward, that is, somewhere near the New Siberian islands, and let it carry one straight across those unknown regions which it has prevented so many from reaching.

I shall build a wooden ship as small and as strong as possible; it shall be just big enough to carry provisions for 12 men for five years, besides the necessary coal. A vessel of about two hundred tons will suffice.

The most important feature of the ship will be that she shall be built on such lines as will give her the greatest power of resistance to the pressure of the floe-ice.

Her sides must not be perpendicular, as those of ships generally are, but must slope from the bulwarks to the keel; or, to use a sailor's expression, her "dead rise" must be made great, so that the floes shall get no hold of her when they are pressed together, but will glide downward along her sides and under her, thus tending to lift her out of the water. . . . With this vessel, and a crew of 10 or 12 strong and well-picked men, besides an equipment for five years as good in all respects as modern appliances can afford, I think the enterprise has a good prospect of success.—Dr. Fuoltzof Nansen in August Forum.

Black Goods bargains that are bargains at NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Fall Millinery Opening

At Mrs. George Marquardt's, 610 Adams St., Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 2 & 3.

Lepers in India were treated with shocking inhumanity before Christianity entered that country. Many of them were buried alive. The English rulers have put a stop to this custom, and for 14 years there has been a special Christian mission to the 135,000 lepers in India.

Fall Jackets and Coats have started to go at NEUHAUSEL BROS.

SUPERSTITIOUS WOMEN.

Some of the Charms They Wear and the Reasons They Give.

Dorothy Maddox, writing from Bar Harbor, says that if you want to find out your dearest friends extravagances and superstitious fancies at one and the same time just catch her as the soft white combing jacket is slipping away from the snowy shoulders.

Corset hooks of silver and gold, with here and there a jewel, gleam beneath a perfect cascade of delicate laces, and if she is up to the latest thing in charms she is sure to have tucked away in one corner of the sweet bodice a tiny silk bag which holds a satchet made of the balms and flowers of China. This is suspended by a ribbon from the throat, and about the subtle perfume there is supposed to linger an influence which is said to ward off ill luck of all kinds.

And this pretty little fiction brings to mind an experience of mine as strange as it was startling. Not a week ago I met with a charming young woman, a friend of mutual friends, who in a moment of confidence gave me the history of a small trifle which she wore concealed beneath her bodice.

"This," she said, "I always carry in case of an emergency," and she handed me a tiny vial.

"In it," she continued, "is a poison—swift, sure and deadly. I wear it about my person in fear of an accident, and should I at any time be in a position when help is impossible and death by torture my fate, I shall be prepared to end my sufferings in a twinkling."

Well, thought I, here is something new under the sun, and in spite of its gruesomeness in its way decidedly sensible. How many poor victims to accident by land and sea would again and again have given a fortune for such a swift relief from a horrible death.—Chicago Tribune.

Novel effects in fall Dress Goods at NEUHAUSEL BROS.

An iron buoy belonging to the United States lighthouse establishment recently drifted across the Atlantic and was picked up on the west coast of Ireland. The lighthouse board, on being notified of the fact, presented the buoy to the Irish light service and it was thankfully accepted.

An elegant line of new Trimmings at NEUHAUSEL BROS.

The old German Lutheran church at Waldoboro', Me., has stood 130 years, "and there has never been a collection taken within its walls."

New Kid Gloves and Hosiery. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

The Michigan Central Railroad

Will sell excursion tickets to Detroit and return account International Fair and Exposition, August 25 to September 4. For particulars see Wm. Gates, Ticket Agent, Boody House, or agent at Union depot.

SPORTING.

Games Yesterday.

LEAGUE.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E	SB	BB
Cleveland	Gruber—	2	5	0	3	3
Brooklyn	Inks—	0	3	2	2	4
Chicago	Hutchinson—	0	5	1	3	4
New York	Rusie—	0	9	0	2	2
Cincinnati	Mullane-Rhines—	3	8	4	2	3
Boston	Nichols—	5	11	1	2	2
Pittsburg	King Maul—	3	8	4	2	
Philadelphia	Keefe—	7	8	8	2	

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E	SB	BB
Boston	Haddock—	2	3	1	2	2
Louisville	Stratton—	2	3	1	2	3
Baltimore	McMahon—	6	11	3	2	2
St. Louis	McGill—	3	7	4	2	5
Baltimore	Healy-Madden—	4	8	3	2	6
St. Louis	Rettger—	8	15	8	3	5
Philadelphia	Chamberlain—	3	6	2	2	1
Columbus	Gastright—	1	5	1	2	3
Philadelphia	Bowman—	2	6	2	3	1
Columbus	Knell—	5	5	0	4	5
Washington	Duke—	1	7	4	3	2
Milwaukee	Davies—	5	8	3	2	4

We, the Speranzas, challenge the Ironville Unions to a game of ball Sunday afternoon at 2 p. m., September 6, to be played on grounds for $2.25 a side. D. Burt, manager.

The Emersons defeated the Mascots Sunday in a hotly contested game. The score was as follows: Emersons 10, Mascots 9; batteries, Emersons, McGrath and Bolan; Mascots, Herman and Gorden.

We, the Foxes, challenge the following teams: Commercials, Sports, Buckeyes, Speranzas, Heroes, Ironville, Unions. The game to be played on our grounds September 6, answer in Thursday's BEE. Manager Foxes.

GUNS AT A PRIZE FIGHT.

What Might Have Been a Fatal Termination of a Mill.

Helena, Mont., Sept. 1.—"Cockney" McGuire, a local bantam, and Sid Huntingdon, of San Francisco, were matched to fight to a finish with four-ounce gloves at a road-house near hear Sunday night.

The fight started about 12 o'clock and McGuire had the best of it in the first three rounds, when one of his gloves split. While a new pair was being procured Huntingdon showed an indisposition to enter the ring and referee Hughes threatened to declare the fight off unless the men got together in 20 minutes.

On this, McGuire sprang at Hughes who drew a pistol and struck the fighter on the head, felling him to the floor. The force of the blow discharged the pistol, and McGuire, picking himself up, ran away. Nobody was hurt by the shot, but no further effort was made to continue the fight.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

THE time to get furniture below cost is now at Hager's closing out sale.

A CORRECTION.

We announced that last week would close our Special Half Price to School Children, thinking that school opened this week.

As our original offer was during the school vacation, several of our friends have reminded us of our error, and we beg leave to correct it and to say that until the opening of the public schools, Monday morning, September, 7, our special $3 rate on best Cabinets will hold good. Please make appointments. Remember this is our BEST WORK.

VAN LOO & TROST, Photographers.

HAGER'S Closing Out Sale is no humbug. „Everything goes" below cost.

BUCKEYE BREWING CO.
Brewers of Genuine
Pilsener, Export and
LAGER BEER!
TOLEDO, OHIO.
JOHN JACOBY, Supt.

L. BECKMANN
THE OPTICIAN!
319 Adams Street.

PEOPLE'S ALL THIS WEEK.
Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
Magnificent scenic production of the great realistic drama,
Lost In New York.
A vast river of flowing water, sustaining genuine row boats, yachts, ferries, and a steamboat running at full speed.
PRICES { Evenings—15, 25, 35, 50 and 75 cents. / Matinees—15, 25 and 35 cents.
Next week—Ivy Leaf.

There is nothing its equal for relieving the SORENESS, ITCHING or BURNING, reducing the INFLAMMATION, taking out REDNESS, and quickly bringing the skin to its natural color.
BEWARE of Imposition. Take POND'S EXTRACT only. See landscape trade-mark on buff wrapper. Sold only in our own bottles. All druggists.
POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N.Y.

DELICIOUS MINCE PIES EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.
NONE SUCH CONDENSED Mince Meat